To-Day's Weather
FAIR

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

LATEST NEWS EDITION

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NEWS SUMMARY

DOMESTIC.

Thirty hurt and engineer killed in bad wreck near Sycamore, Ill.—Page 1.

Abram S. Hewitt died at his home in New York.—Page 1.

Another rich gold strike was reported in Alaska and miners stampeded for new Eldorado.—Page 5.

FOREIGN.

Monument to Baron von Ketteler, who was murdered by Chinese boxers, was dedicated at Peking.—Page 5.

North German Lloyd liner Lahn went ashore in thick weather 10 miles east of Gibraltar in the Mediterranean.—Page 1.

German cruiser Panther engaged Venezuelan fort near Maracaibo and retreated after the fight.—Page 1.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Some Washington county farmers would like to escape agreement to hold out for $100 per acre for coal land.—Page 10.

Two coal companies had warm competition for acreage in Washington county.—Page 10.

Committee was appointed by residents of New Castle to circulate petition for annexation to city.—Page 10.

LOCAL.

One of the smaller furnaces of the Edgar Thomson group and of historic associations makes a production record which outstrips the more modern giants.—Page 10.

Pittsburgh may share in the generosity of Henry Phipps, Jr., and have its consumptives treated in a branch sanitarium at Cresson.—Page 4.

Chairman Clark's new Democratic city executive committee shows up badly, when compared in personnel to that named by George W. Guthrie, and indicates disgust of party leaders at Bigelow control of machinery.—Page 3.

Chairman Max G. Leslie says both Wabash and Pennsylvania railroad ordinances will be reported from select council corporations committee next Monday.—Page 1.

New frescoes in East End Franciscan church blessed in presence of Monsignor Falconio, apostolic delegate from Rome.—Page 4.

Jealous husband of Imperial burns down a house in an endeavor to cremate his wife and child.—Page 2.

New bunco game being worked on proprietors and employes of restaurants.—Page 10.

James G. Wyman pledged to oppose entrance of Wabash into Allegheny if elected recorder.—Page 2.

Select Councilman W. F. Sankey announces he will sign majority report to councils, protesting against proposed raising of Allegheny river bridges.—Page 9.

James McCrea denies that the Pennsylvania railroad interests are arranging to go into a gigantic railroad investor concern.—Page 3.

History of the Wabash and franchise tax ordinances shows that Thomas S. and E. M. Bigelow were responsible for delaying entrance of the new road, and councilmen controlled by them opposed tax in City Electric franchise.—Page 1.

SPORTING.

The racing entries for Oakland and New Orleans tracks today.—Page 10.

National league baseball magnates are gathering at Cincinnati to ratify or refuse peace compact.—Page 10.

Fielding averages of National league players, who took part in 15 or more games last season, announced by Secretary Young.—Page 10.

The Ft. Erie club made Jeffries and Corbett a $25,000 offer to fight.—Page 10.

STERNBERG COMING.

New German Ambassador Gives His Views on Monroe Doctrine.

BERLIN, Jan. 18.—(Special Cable.)—Baron Speck von Sternburg has received his official appointment as ambassador to the United States. He received parting instructions from the kaiser, and leaves on Tuesday for Washington on the steamer Augusta Victoria.

The new ambassador accorded an interview to a correspondent today. He discussed at length German-American relations, especially the Venezuela case. He said:

"The statement that the Monroe doctrine cut no figure in the pending Venezuela affair is not true. Apart from other considerations, recent German and English demonstrations have proved one important point, namely, that South American countries cannot expect to evade their just debts and obligations under the Munroe doctrine.

"The trouble with the German embassy in Washington has been heretofore that it is not sufficiently in touch with the American spirit, as the kaiser calls it, the 'Amerikanische gesichtszuege.'"

NO HEAVEN FOR THE RICH

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—(Special.)—Combating the expressed opinion of John D. Rockefeller, Jr., that a man in order to become Christian, need not turn over all his wealth to the Lord, but such part of it as may come between him and Christ, the Rev. Dr. P. S. Henson of Brooklyn declared in the pulpit that, according to the gospel, neither moralist nor plutocrat shall enter the kingdom of God, unless he dedicate his uttermost farthing to the Lord. He said there is not a ray of hope in the gospel for either moralists or plutocrats. Before a man can be saved he must give up the last vestige of his self-righteousness and of his earthly substance.

SOUSA'S BAND WITHOUT MUSIC

LONDON, Jan. 18.—(Special Cable.)—Mr. Sousa and his band have just had a very trying experience which has resulted in a great triumph, though mixed with suffering. On Saturday night they had been engaged to give a performance in Warwick castle before the earl and countess of Warwick and their guests. The roads were covered with ice and it was with difficulty that the cabs carrying the band reached the castle. Then it was discovered the music had been lost and the musicians had to play the entire program, lasting two hours, from memory, which they accomplished successfully.

Prof. Wisner Drops Dead.

NEW YORK, July 18.—Prof. Arthur Wisner dropped dead from heart disease here tonight. Prof. Wisner had been a lecturer on French literature in this country for about 10 years.

TODAY'S AMUSEMENTS.

ALVIN—Francis Wilson in "The Toreador," 8:15 p. m.

NEW GRAND—Stock company in "Lover's Lane," 2 and 8 p. m.

BIJOU—The 4 Cohans in "The Governor's Son," 2 and 8 p. m.

DUQUESNE—"Peck and His Mother-in-Law," 8 p. m.

EMPIRE—"The Chaperons," 8:15 p. m.

ACADEMY—The Ben-Ten Burlesquers in burlesque and extravaganza, 8 p. m.

AVENUE—Pauline Hall and 14 other big vaudeville acts; continuous performance, 1:30 to 10:30 p. m.

DUQUESNE GARDEN—Ice skating, afternoon and evening.

GERMAN GUNBOAT PANTHER REPULSED IN ENGAGEMENT WITH VENEZUELA FORTRESS

Opened Fire on San Carlos Without Warning but Met With Desperate and Effective Resistance.

TWO EXPLOSIONS OCCUR ON BOARD THE WARSHIP

She Steams Away in an Apparently Disabled Condition, Several of Her Crew Having Been Killed and Wounded.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]
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Caracas, Jan. 18.—Once more has the German navy begun open hostilities against the Venezuelans, and this time to its sorrow.

Apparently without provocation the German gunboat Panther opened fire on Fort San Carlos, which commands the entrance to the inner bay on which Maracaibo lies, 22 miles away. This was on Saturday. Much to the surprise of Capt. Eckerman and everybody aboard the German gunboat, the fort replied vigorously. Soon afterward two explosions were heard on the Panther, and these seemed to disable her, for slowly and seemingly with difficulty, she withdrew. That this action will have a disastrous influence on the negotiations for peace is admitted generally here, the more so as it is said that the attack on the fort was premeditated a week ago.

In proof of this a leading official of the government here showed to The Gazette correspondent a letter sent President Castro from Curacao under date of January 11, informing him that about a week later the German vessels would open fire on Fort San Carlos. Orders to do this, the letter said, had been received from Berlin with instructions to make the attack before the arrival of United States Minister Bowen.

The first news of the bombardment and the first battle in which the Venezuelans may be said to have been victorious was received here at noon today from the governor of Maracaibo.

From Fort San Carlos at noon on Saturday a gunboat flying the German flag was seen steaming along the coast. She turned into the channel which the fort guards and then, without any signal of warning, when within range of the fort, opened fire with all her batteries.

Gen. George Bello, in command of the fort, was in readiness for the Germans. He had at least two modern guns, and he at once returned the fire. For some time the guns of the Panther did not respond, and it was noticed with joy by those in the fort that although she was doing her best to force the entrance to the channel, it was so narrow and so shallow that she could not be handled to the best advantage. But she was soon in position where her guns could be used again, and again they spoke to the fort, whose four guns gave answer in kind. Then an explosion was heard on the Panther, and from the fort it could be seen that her men were in confusion for some time. But all was discipline after that and the bombardment was renewed.

For an hour the marksmanship of the Germans was so execrable that the fort suffered little damage. This cheered the Venezuelan soldiers in the fort, and again and again they shouted defiance at the crew of the kaiser's gunboat. Then another explosion on the Panther was heard and she seemed now to be crippled badly. She withdrew slowly, the guns of the fort firing on her until she was out of range. No response came from her, and once safely out of the entrance to the mined bay she steamed off along the coast.

All these official advices were confirmed here by private dispatches which were received by merchants here and which said that Fort San Carlos suffered little damage, while two men on the Panther were killed and several wounded.

When the news of the engagement with the defeat of the Germans was made known here there was the wildest rejoicing and the streets were thronged all day by crowds of cheering, singing Venezuelans.

All of the officials agree that this evidently premeditated bombardment of the fort, all without provocation or notification, will have an untoward effect on the negotiations for a peaceful ending of the troubles. While no one can understand why the Germans should adopt this course, that it was premeditated seems almost certain in view of the letter from Curacao received by President Castro.

It was this very warning, perhaps, which resulted in Gen. George Bello having the fort in readiness to reply to any fire directed against it. It is said he used only four guns, but the two modern pieces did the most damage.

LAHN IS AGROUND NEAR GIBRALTAR

Many American Passengers on the Unlucky Ocean Liner.

NO LIVES IN DANGER

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

Gibraltar, Jan. 18.—The North German Lloyd steamer Lahn, Capt. Malchow, from Mediterranean ports for New York, went ashore at 4 o'clock this morning at Tumara, 10 miles east of the rock of Gibraltar. There was a heavy fog and rain was falling at the time. On board are 100 saloon passengers, mostly Americans, and 700 emigrants. She is in no danger and is lying stern on to the sea.

All attempts to float the Lahn have been unsuccessful. The steamer probably will be compelled to tranship her passengers and cargo. The attempt to pull off the stranded steamer was made at high water by the British admiralty tug Energetic, the United States cruiser Hartford and the tugs, Newa, Heraclides and Hercules, but the Lahn remained fast on the sandbank.

The tugs continued their fruitless efforts all day. The Hercules returned here tonight to procure laborers and lighters to commence the work of discharging the Lahn's cargo.

The passengers are still on board the vessel and are quite safe provided the wind holds in the west. Another attempt to float the Lahn will be made with the morning tide. Should the wind shift to the east, the steamers position would be critical. The Gibraltar lifeboat service, to be prepared for an emergency, has two boats at the Lahn all day long.

The correspondent interviewed the agent of the salvage company here. He said: "The stranding of the Lahn is attributed to thick weather and the heavy rain. When off Tumara, east of the rock of Gibraltar, before daybreak, the Lahn stranded on a sandbank."

The heavy easterly weather which prevailed this morning shifted to the westward this afternoon and the sea is now calm.

ABRAM HEWITT'S CAREER IS ENDED

Born of Poor Parents in Log Cabin, Dies in Mansion.

TYPICAL AMERICAN

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Herald Building, Herald Square.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.

Death came to Abram S. Hewitt at 5 o'clock this morning after an illness of 10 days. His wife, three sons and three daughters were with him and sorrowfully watched his life slowly ebb away.

Mr. Hewitt, who had been in feeble health for some months, was attacked with obstructive jaundice on January 8, and from the first it was realized by his attending physicians that there was practically no hope for the aged patient's recovery. On the following Sunday it was thought that Mr. Hewitt could not survive the night, and the members of his family were summoned to his bedside, but his wonderful vitality kept him alive for a week longer.

On Thursday Mr. Hewitt rallied so strongly that some hope was entertained that he might recover, but on the following night a relapse occurred. A slight improvement was noted on Saturday morning, but late that night the physicians notified Mr. Hewitt's son, Peter Cooper Hewitt, that death was imminent, and the other children, Edward R. Hewitt, Erskine Hewitt, Mrs. J. O. Green, Miss Sarah Hewitt and Miss Eleanor G. Hewitt, were summoned, and with their mother remained by the bedside until the end.

The funeral services, which will be conducted by Bishop Potter, will be held in Calvary church, of which Mr. Hewitt was a member, on Wednesday.

Abram Stevens Hewitt, a typical American, leaves to his fellow citizens, young and old, a life history that is in almost every page an illustration of the advantages of that democracy of which he was at once an exponent and developer. Born to poverty, with a heritage of health, ambition and industry, he rose by study and application to prominence as a scholar, pushed his way to business success by the exercise of good judgment early developed, with experience and the humoring of natural good sense attracted attention for political wisdom, and became in turn a representative in congress, the leader of his party in a presidential campaign, and mayor of this city.

Mr. Hewitt was born at Haverstraw, Rockland county, New York, on July 31, 1822, in a one-story and extension log cabin.

He was educated in the public schools and in Columbia college, having won a scholarship in the university in a contest in all the public schools of New York. He graduated from Columbia in 1842.

Mr. Hewitt studied law, but his eyesight was so poor that he was compelled to give up thought of practicing and he became a member of the firm of Cooper & Hewitt, the first company to make iron girders. For more than half a century this firm was run without strikes or other trouble with its workmen.

Mr. Hewitt devoted much time to the firm establishment of Cooper Union, and only a short time ago announced that its endowment was sufficient to keep it above the necessity for private subscriptions.

Mr. Hewitt was always interested in politics and was chairman of the Democratic national committee in the Tilden campaign.

In 1874 Mr. Hewitt was elected to congress and served five terms. His last term was broken by his election as mayor of New York, when Henry George and Theodore Roosevelt were the opposing candidates.

Mr. Hewitt retired from active business in 1889 and made his home at Ringwod, N. J., but also kept a town house in New York, and kept a close watch of his affairs.

HE LEAVES BOOK.

Late Mayor Hewitt Wrote History of Presidential Campaign of 1876 to Be Published.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Jan. 18.—(Special.)—A well-known resident of Orange county relates a conversation which he had with Abram Hewitt, some time ago, while on an Erie train, on the exciting times of 1876 when Samuel J. Tilden was defeated in his efforts to gain the presidency.

"I have already put in writing, to be published after my death, the story of that crime as I saw it," declared Mr. Hewitt. "The criticisms that were directed against me then will be replied to and many important facts will be stated that have never yet been made public."

TRIED TO CREMATE WIFE AND CHILD

Succeeded in Burning Down House in Which They Were Sleeping.

HUSBAND'S JEALOUSY

Because he was jealous of his wife, John Cartridge of Imperial attempted to destroy her and his 2-year-old child early yesterday morning by setting fire to the house while both were asleep in bed. This was his second attempt in 12 hours. The neighbors rescued the mother and babe from the flames while Cartridge stood and looked on. The house was burned to the ground. He was arrested and committed to jail for a hearing today on a charge of arson made by John Kircher before Justice of the Peace J. D. Hamliten. It is alleged that Cartridge has threatened to kill his wife and child before.

Cartridge's jealousy is declared to be unwarranted. He is a miner. Several weeks ago he told some neighbors that his wife was receiving men at the house while he was at work. Later he entered suit against one for trespass before Alderman John Groetzinger. The defendant was discharged and the costs placed on Cartridge.

This enraged Cartridge more than ever. On Saturday afternoon he reached home early and went to his room. His wife and child were downstairs. Cartridge set fire to his bed. He told his wife that he was going to burn the house and kill her. The frightened woman opened the a window and screamed to the neighbors. Several men ran into the house and put out the fire. Mrs. Cartridge was too terrified to tell the men of her husband's real motive.

Early yesterday morning Mrs. Cartridge and her child were asleep. Cartridge was in an adjoining room. He got up and dressed. Later a fire broke out downstairs and the flames had made considerable headway before the mother and child awoke.

Mrs. Cartridge ran to the window and cried for help. The neighbors reached the house just in time to take the woman and baby out. The house was burned to the ground.

John Kircher owns the property and immediately placed Cartridge under arrest. He put his prisoner in a carriage and drove him to Coraopolis, 12 miles away, to Justice Hamilton's office, where he made information against Cartridge, who was committed to jail.

Cartridge is 35 years old and his wife 30. The mother and child were cared for by some neighbors.

MAKE THREE CHARGES.

Special Grand Jury in Chicago Expected to Return 39 Indictments Against Coal Men.

CHICAGO, Jan. 18.—When the grand jury, especially convened to investigate the coal famine in Chicago, makes its report tomorrow morning it is expected that there will be 39 true bills returned against coal dealers. The indictments, it is said, will charge the coal dealers with violations of the anti-trust laws and with blacklisting.

For several hours today stenographers were at work writing up the indictments which will be submitted when the grand jury convenes tomorrow morning.

The charges made against the coal dealers, it is said, are of three kinds, conspiracy to fix prices (this charge is made against retailers); combination to fix prices (against operators), and blacklisting (against retailers).

GERMAN INSPECTS MINING PROPERTIES

BOSTON, MASS., Jan. 18.—(Special.)—L. Goldenberg, a millionaire coal operator from Muehlein, Germany, has arrived on a trip around the world investigating various mining properties in the interest of German capitalists. After visiting the Pennsylvania coal mines he will travel through the western and southern coal fields, Lake Superior copper and iron region and visit the great copper properties of Utah, Montana and Arizona.

LONDON SURGEONS JEALOUS OF LORENZ

LONDON, Jan. 18.—Dr. Lorenz, the Austrian surgeon left here for Vienna today. He said before starting for Austria that he had been rather coldly received by many English surgeons, who viewed his methods with suspicion.

TRUE STAND OF BOSS BIGELOW UPON WABASH AND FRANCHISE TAX IS SHOWN BY HIS RECORD

With Brother Ed., He Was Responsible for Non-Passage of Ordinances When They Seemed Sure of Success.

HIS COUNCILMEN VOTED FOR THE KILLING AMENDMENTS

Inside History of Wabash Delay and Exemption of City Electric Company from Tax Put on Competitors.

Who was responsible for the introduction of the amendment to the Wabash ordinance, raising its Duquesne way crossing from 752 to 758 feet and rendering its entrance into Allegheny an engineering impossibility? E. M. Bigelow.

Who lined up the councilmen whom he controlled to aid in forcing this amendment? Boss Tommy Bigelow.

Who established headquarters in the Hotel Duquesne to lobby and induce councilmen to vote for this amendment and thus hold up the Wabash ordinances? E. M. Bigelow.

Who appeared at city hall and used their influence on councilmen to have this and other similar ordinances passed? W. B. Hays, now candidate for recorder; James W. Clark, secretary of the Citizens party organization, Bigelow's most faithful henchman, who has been promised the directorship of public safety if Hays is elected, and others generally known as Bigelow's men.

Who used their influence to have the Pennsylvania railroad given all it asked in the East End, without compensation to the city, under the specious plea that the Wabash would get fair play, then turned on it and changed its ordinances so that they were of no practical value? The brothers Bigelow.

Who voted to allow the City Electric Company its franchise free of tax, while ordinances of competing concerns, considered the same night, were taxed, and thus violated their campaign pledges? Councilmen controlled by Thomas S. Bigelow.

Boss Bigelow, the Janus-faced, has turned again. This time, according to his organs in Pittsburgh, he favors the Wabash and a tax on public corporations. The people of Pittsburgh will remember that he also turned this same welcoming countenance toward the Wabash and franchise taxes in February, when the Citizens councilmanic candidates made the untrammelled entrance of the Wabash into Pittsburgh and taxes on franchises issues of the campaign, and most of them pledged themselves to aid in every way possible ordinances for these purposes.

After thus gaining many thousand votes from business men and others, who realized the need of another great railroad and financial returns to the city for valuable franchises, their attitude changed.

There came a time when the prospects for the quick passage of the Wabash ordinance was most roseate. It was reported to common council, lacking only the South Side branch ordinance, in which the railroad had not specified its manner of crossing streets and under bridges of the city, and which was delayed temporarily only in order that these matters might be made more clear.

With all the Citizens party councilmen pledged to it, by promises to the people, it seemed sure to pass, but here E. M. Bigelow and Boss Tommy entered into the fray. With headquarters across the street from city hall, Brother Ed waited for his chance to kill the ordinance.

The Wabash engineer left the council chamber to consult with President Ramsey by telegraph. The ordinance then before councils specified that the crossing over Duquesne way to reach the Pittsburgh & Western tracks in Allegheny should be at 752 feet above tide-water.

The discussion was almost over when Dr. Sterrett appeared with an amendment raising the crossing height to 758 feet, which, it was openly stated, came from the hands of E. M. Bigelow himself, and introduced it. At the same time there were many mysterious disappearances of councilmen, who were acting under the orders of Thomas S. Bigelow, and they were seen to hurry into a hotel across the street, and after a few minutes emerge with determination to obey orders written on their countenances.

In the meantime, Engineer Patterson still being absent, the amendment was read, and the matter discussed, the only Wabash representative present being an attorney not familiar with the engineering details, who plead in vain for a delay until Engineer Patterson should return.

Finally, with a rush the ordinance was passed, every Bigelow councilman and every foe of the Wabash voting for it. An appreciative audience included the present Citizens candidate for recorder, who had been lobbying for the amendment, and many other leading lights of the Bigelow faction of the Citizens party.

As a fitting finale it might be mentioned that a considerable portion of the Bigelow councilmanic contingent then adjourned to the Hotel Duquesne, where they "had something," at the expense of a prominent Pennsylvania railroad official, who had been active in the lobby during the session.

In vain, after this, did the Wabash plead for reconsideration and a grade over Duquesne way that would allow it to build the big bridge over the Allegheny river and get down to the level of the connecting track at the other end. The Bigelow henchmen were firm, and aided by recognized friends of the Pennsylvania railroad, prevented any action of the kind, although the more honorable contingent of Citizens party councilmen made every effort to have justice done.

An outraged public then rose, and its sentiment compelled the submission of the matter to arbitration, where it was amicably settled, the Wabash forcing a concession of two precious feet, that will enable it to accomplish its purpose, although with difficulty.

This ordinance is now in the hands of the select council corporations committee, whence it will likely be reported at a special meeting on Tuesday night, although Wabash enemies held it up on Friday.

The City Electric ordinance story is equally instructive as to Bigelow double-dealing, and his real feeling toward taxes on public franchises. The company is backed by J. N. Pew and other capitalists. From the corporations committee of common council it was reported without a tax, although ordinances presented by its competitors were accompanied by a tax of 5 per cent on gross receipts. Of the five Citizens party councilmen who opposed taxing it like the others, all were controlled by Thomas S. Bigelow. Public sentiment, as expressed in the press, forced the committee to afterward rescind this action.

In order to save W. B. Hays, his recordership candidate, from certain defeat, Boss Tom now pretends to favor the Wabash and a tax on all public franchises, including the City Electric Company, but Janus-like, may present another face after this February election, just as he did after the last.

CARNEGIE WILL TAKE ABRAM HEWITT'S PLACE

Work of Cooper Union to Be Extended and Supported by Him.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Herald Building, Herald Square,
NEW YORK, Jan. 18.

Cooper union will not be permitted to suffer through the death of Mr. Hewitt. His place will be taken by Andrew Carnegie, according to the statement of a man who has enjoyed the confidence of both men. Not only will the work of the institute be continued along the lines laid down by Peter Cooper, its founder, but its scope will be broadened, it is said, and the establishment and plant will be greatly enlarged. The cost of the extensive work, if undertaken, will doubtless run into millions.

It has been suggested that an effort be made to procure the Bible house, which occupies the block bounded by Third and Fourth avenues, Astor place and Ninth street. This would leave the two buildings of the institute divided by a public square, for the bridging of which permission might be obtained, making the two structures practically one. The project has been on foot for some time, according to The Gazette's informant, although it has been kept a close secret. Mr. Hewitt was heartily interested in the plan and Mr. Carnegie had frequently conferred with him during the last year, having been warmly devoted to the institute. Publicly, Mr. Carnegie has declared that Peter Cooper's life was his inspiration. Mr. Carnegie is known to have given $250,000 to the project during the last year and he is authoritatively credited with having expressed a willingness to donate $600,000.

THREE COLLIERIES ARE RUN AT NIGHT

SCRANTON, PA., Jan. 18.—As an experiment, the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western company operated its Brisbin, Cayuga and Diamond collieries in this city last night until 10:30 o'clock and its Storrs colliery until 8 o'clock, making 15 and 12 hours, respectively, for the day. The output of the collieries for the day was 8,500 tons, or 2,200 more than their normal output. Only at the collieries mentioned would the men volunteer to work at night.

The Saturday and Sunday shipments of the company aggregate 64,000 tons.

CONGRESSMEN PLAN TRIP TO MEXICO

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 18.—(Special.)—Soon after the close of congress on March 4 a party of members of the house and their wives will take a trip of four weeks through Mexico. The congressmen will combine business and pleasure on the trip. The party will include the Hon. John Dalzell and Mrs. Dalzell, Col. and Mrs. George F. Huff, Sereno E. Payne and Mrs. Payne of New York and Maj. and Mrs. George W. Steele of Indiana. The party will travel in a private car.

CHARLES M. SCHWAB SOJOURNS AT PALERMO

PALERMO, SICILY, Jan. 18.—Charles M. Schwab, who arrived here yesterday on board the steam yacht Margarita, refuses to see visitors. He has not left the yacht, but he is reported to be well. The party accompanying Mr. Schwab has been ashore.

MITCHELL IS GIVEN MOST HEARTY WELCOME

Reception Committee Meets Miners' President on Train En Route to Indianapolis.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., Jan. 18.—The fourteenth annual convention of the United Mine Workers of America will begin here tomorrow morning. President Mitchell arrived shortly after 4 o'clock today. Vice President Lewis and many members of the executive board are already here, and the others will arrive tomorrow.

Among the delegations which arrived was one from Pittsburgh, headed by Pat Dolan and Uriah Bellingham, with 70 delegates.

President Mitchell was met at Greenfield by a reception committee, representing the Central Labor union of Indianapolis: John J. Appel, August Kuhn and Mortimer Levering, representing the citizens, and Eli Hirschburg and Gus W. Kevers of the Elks. President Mitchell was met at the depot here by carriages and with the committee was taken to his hotel, where he held an informal reception.

At 6 o'clock a formal dinner was served at the hotel for Mr. Mitchell and the reception committee. President Levering of the Columbia National bank made an address of welcome to President Mitchell, and Mr. Mitchell replied briefly.

Tomorrow will be the day of labor's celebration of Mitchell's return. Tomorrow night a parade of laboring men will be held. After the parade has reached Tomlinson hall numerous addresses will be made.

The miners' convention will be called to order by President Mitchell tomorrow morning, and the morning session will be devoted to addresses of welcome.

MAN LOST OVERBOARD.

Liners Arriving at New York Report Terrific Weather on the Atlantic.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—(Special.)—Three of the big liners made port today and all three brought tales of fierce gales and lashing seas, stinging blasts of sleet and blinding fog, winter Atlantic weather in short.

The biggest of the trio, the Lucania of the Cunard line, came in with a story of flooded cabins to tell and of a man swept overboard from her towering decks.

Even Atlantic "rollers" must be high to fling their weight over the promenade deck of such a ship as the Lucania. But one of these came roaring on board, swirled about the half open saloon door, and cascading down the companionway, flooded part of the saloon. It also gathered up one of the crew, William Harding, a deck steward, and swept him away off on the raging waters. A sum of $500 was subscribed for the benefit of his family.

STEAMSHIP LOST WITH ALL ON BOARD

LONDON, Jan. 18.—The steam packet Upupa, from Cardiff for Cork, has been missing since last Friday. Wreckage which has been washed on the coast near Cork leaves no doubt that the vessel foundered during a gale. She had a crew of 20 men and some steerage passengers aboard. She was owned in Cork.

SERIOUS TROUBLE EXPECTED AT ETNA

Report That Men are Being Brought from Cleveland to Work.

Clashes and small street riots which have taken place at Etna in the past month between union and non-union bridge and structural iron workers are expected to crystalize into serious trouble this morning. It is reported that about 50 non-union men will be brought from Cleveland to go on the work and the burgess lacks authority to give adequate police protection. The men are working on improvements which the Brown Hoisting and Conveying Machine Company of Cleveland is making at the Isabella furnaces.

Burgess Robert Austen has been asked to commission sufficient police officers to prevent trouble, but lacks authority till the borough council gives it to him, and there is no time for a special meeting for this purpose. The borough has only two policemen and they are on duty at night. The coal and iron police force at the furnaces has been increased from two to 20, but these men have no authority in the borough. Agents of the union have been doing their utmost to draw the non-union men from the work and this has brought several small street riots, in one of which last week one man was roughly handled and is reported to have been seriously injured.

It is said that numbers of the non-union men have been forced to leave.

EDITOR GONZALES SLIGHTLY BETTER

COLUMBIA, S. C., Jan. 18.—There have been more encouraging symptoms in the condition of Editor Gonzales today, yet it is impossible to give any promises as to the ultimate result of the case. The physicians say simply that he is holding his own and that he probably has passed the period of danger from peritonitis. The wounds have shown an improvement.

COMMITTEE IS TO REPORT IN A WEEK

Select Council Corporations Body Will Rush Franchise Ordinances.

The select council committee on corporations will this week finish consideration of the Wabash ordinance and that providing for the Pennsylvania line through the East End to Brilliant pumping station, and both will probably be reported to councils at the meeting next Monday night.

M. G. Leslie, chairman of the city committee, was seen last night and outlined the probable course of the councils committee. He was asked:

"What do you think the corporations committee will do with the railroad ordinances?"

"They will be acted on as speedily as possible. The committee will probably have two meetings this week. On Tuesday the committee will meet and make a trip over the proposed Pennsylvania route through the East End, and will thoroughly investigate the objections offered in the petition presented to the committee last Friday night. By this trip the committee will be enabled to get a clear idea of just what the railroad is going to do in that section of the city, and will be able to report to councils at its meeting next Monday.

"In the meantime the Wabash ordinance will be printed and placed in the hands of the members of the committee.

"This ordinance also we hope to be able to report at next Monday's council meeting. The formal call for Tuesday's meeting will probably be issued today, but the time of the meeting in the latter part of the week has not yet been determined definitely, as both ordinances will be considered then."

JEWELER IS TIED UP AND HIS STORE ROBBED

Robbers Blow Open Safe With Nitro-Glycerin, Secure $2,500 and Escape.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW CUMBERLAND, W. VA., Jan. 18.—The jewelry and drug store of W. A. Scott was entered early this morning and money and jewelry to the amount of $2,500 carried away. Last night, after closing the store and placing his money in the safe, Mr. Scott went to his room over the store and retired. At 1 o'clock he was awakened by a noise of some one entering his room, and, sitting up in bed, he saw three men in his room, all armed and masked.

The robbers demanded the combination to the safe. This Scott refused. Taking ropes from their pockets Scott was bound and gagged.

The little dog that shared the apartments with him, a pet poodle, was thrown down the elevator shaft, to be kept from barking, and the men went into the jewelry store, blew open the safe with nitro-glycerin and secured $2,000 in jewelry and money. They then made a complete search of the store and Mr. Scott's apartments and took everything of value they found.

After the robbers fled Scott lay helpless for hours. Early this morning he was discovered by Dr. Beaumont, who has an office in the building, and who came in from a night call.

WIRELESS SYSTEM TO REACH PEKING

PEKING, Jan. 18.—Italy has proposed to establish the Marconi system of wireless telegraphy between Peking and Taku.

GOVERNOR-ELECT PENNYPACKER DETERMINED TO FULFILL ALL REPUBLICAN PARTY PLEDGES

Interest Centers in Inaugural Address and Appointments.

PENROSE EXPECTS ALL VOTES BUT ONE

Some Doubt About Action of Allegheny County Citizens Members.

CLANS ARE GATHERING

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU, Public Ledger Building, PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 18.

Senator Boies Penrose, John M. Scott, president pro tem. of the senate; Henry F. Walton, speaker of the house; Representatives Anderson of Washington county and McConnell of Lawrence, members of the house state committee, and a dozen other prominent Republicans left this evening for Harrisburg.

There will be a meeting of both branches tomorrow night, principally for the purpose of ascertaining if all the stalwarts are present and the final act in the senatorial drama will be enacted at noon Tuesday. Then both branches will ballot separately for United States senator. At noon Wednesday in joint session the report of the tellers of each branch will be received and Boies Penrose declared elected senator from Pennsylvania for a term of six years, dating from March 4 next.

The most important event of the week is scheduled for Tuesday noon. At that hour Samuel W. Pennypacker will take the oath of office as the successor of Gov. William A. Stone. Justice Fell of the supreme court will administer the oath, and simultaneously with the taking of the vote in either branch of the general assembly for United States senator, Gov. Pennypacker will deliver his inaugural address.

Opposed to Display.

Brilliant and impressive are the inaugural arrangements. Had it not been for objections made by the governor-elect, who dislikes pomp and pageantry, the occasion would have been still more striking in its military and civic ensemble. But the defender of the commonwealth is averse to unnecessary display.

Gen. Miller, his subordinate officers of the national guard, and the men assigned for duty, will give color to the scene. Republican marching clubs from all parts of the state have arranged to be present, and those who go either as personal friends of the governor-elect, or through the controlling curiosity which attaches to such occasions, will swell the attendance to large numbers.

Much interest is felt in the governor's address. All who know Judge Pennypacker realize that the program he maps out, the promises he makes, after taking the oath of office, will be law as immovable as that of the Medes and Persians during the four years he remains at the helm of state. Nothing can swerve this.

It was the same when he was on the stump during the campaign. Then he insisted, against much advice from friends in politics versed, upon meeting all issues presented. He refused to confine himself to the flexible issues of national affairs and insisted upon discussing state issues.

Friends of Senator Penrose expect him to receive 197 out of 198 of the Republican votes in the assembly. Those votes are pledged. Representative Hitchcock of Tioga promises to be the one exception. In the Joint senatorial caucus Penrose received 186 votes. Many were unavoidably absent. Allegheny county was not fully represented. Some were home and five Citizens members, although in Harrisburg, did not attend the caucus. Their absence, they asserted then, was due to a misunderstanding, which, when explained, was generally accepted. Some people think they received orders from Thomas S. Bigelow, and there is speculation now as to whether Mr. Bigelow will feel an interest in their absence Tuesday.

This contingency is one of others which called Senator Penrose to Harrisburg tonight. He wants to be on the ground in the morning and canvass the situation. The unanimity of Republicans in his support up to this time has been very pleasing to Penrose and his friends. His caucus vote is almost without precedent and he is anxious that the final rollcall shall fail to record more than one Republican voting against his re-election. This most satisfactory conclusion is certain of realization unless Thomas S. Bigelow pulls the string.

Many Official Changes.

Gov.-elect Pennypacker and his family go to Harrisburg tomorrow noon. From sources other than the governor-elect, his principal cabinet selections have become known. That every place has been canvassed and decided upon is believed by those in a position to judge. It is possible, but hardly probable, that no further appointments will be announced for some days, but the general impression is that the holdover list, excepting those who are slated to remain, will be exceedingly short.

Friends of Attorney General Elkin express strongly their regret over the failure of Judge Pennypacker to retain Secretary Griest. The same also applies to T. Larry Eyre. The selection of Frank M. Fuller as Mr. Griest's successor has provoked surprise. The Gazette in these dispatches has maintained from the outset that Griest's reappointment was extremely doubtful, predicating the prediction upon the pledge given Mr. Fuller by Senator Quay. The senator promised at the last Republican state convention to use his influence in Mr. Fuller's behalf and Judge Pennypacker was willing to accept Quay's advice. The governor-elect has not attributed to Secretary Griest credit for the big Republican majority he received in Lancaster county. The large percentage of Mennonites and Dunkards in the county gave him a substantial nucleus which no political leader could take from him.

CHESTER D. POTTER.

SIX MILES OF NEW CARPETS

They Were Dumped at Campbell's Doors Saturday.

Counted as rolls—225.
Measured in yards—11,250.
Increased in feet—33,750.
Converted into miles—more than six.

This is the first shipment of the new spring tapestry and velvet carpets to get to Campbell's.

Bought in November, before carpet wools advanced—bought from samples and woven in December—they are the newest patterns and could have been sold by Campbell at a handsome profit on the mill floor. But "The People's Store" never lets a good thing get away from Pittsburgh.

A large part of them show the favorite two-toned effect. The patterns are small, dainty, neat, geometric for the most part, and the acme of carpet designing art.

These new carpets will be made, laid and lined free of charge, if bought this week.

Wyman Emissaries Working Against Greater Pittsburgh.

CHIEF NEEDS TIME TO BUILD MACHINE

Does Not Wish Proposed Law to Become Operative Until 1906.

CAPITAL IN GAY ATTIRE

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU, HARRISBURG, Jan. 18.

The Wyman end of the Bigelow machine has representatives here to look after its interests in the Greater Pittsburgh legislation. The ex-mayor is especially anxious to prevent the act becoming operative before April 1, 1906. By this extension of time, if elected recorder of Allegheny, he would be able to draw $22,500 in salary and build up an organization that would be a valuable asset in the future.

Charles W. Simon and Dr. R. G. Burns of Allegheny are here as the representatives of Wyman. It is their understanding that Senator J. M. Goehring is to introduce the Greater Pittsburgh bill this week. The Wyman crowd does not appear to know just what provisions will be in the measure. Simon wants to make sure that the people of Allegheny will be given an opportunity to vote on annexation. He is more interested, however, in making sure that the new law will not become operative until 1906. He is laboring under the delusion that Wyman will be elected recorder of Allegheny. In such an event the Bigelow machine does not want to surrender a good thing. It wants Wyman to have pasturage for three years and allow him to build a machine that would be useful in helping to secure control of the greater city.

Simon Makes Threats.

Simon says that unless the Wymanites get what they want they will oppose the Greater Pittsburgh legislation. This means that Bigelow will endeavor to turn in all the Citizens members against the bill unless his machine can have it framed to suit its interests.

The Sunday night preceding the inauguration of Gov. Pennypacker finds the capital a very quiet place. The hotels are swathed in the American colors and their proprietors are hoping that many will come to town and bring their pocketbooks with them. Few of the actors in the history-making exercises of Tuesday have arrived. Senator Penrose came tonight and was accompanied by Speaker Walton. They found a couple of senators and about as many representatives in town.

The handful of Democrats will vote for Col. J. M Guffey of Pittsburgh. The election is so one-sided that it cannot be termed a contest. Senator Penrose jokingly remarked that Guffey had not taken any votes from him during the recess, but thought that he could have a couple of the colonel's supporters if he wanted them.

Congressman Olmstead, chief marshal of the inaugural parade, conferred with Senator Penrose tonight about the arrangements for Tuesday. Gov. Pennypacker, Mrs. Pennypacker, their three daughters and son will arrive tomorrow afternoon. They will be taken to the executive mansion. After luncheon Gov. and Mrs. Stone will leave the mansion for good. Mrs. Stone and her daughter will go to Pittsburgh. The governor will remain here until after the inauguration and then go to Atlantic City for a few days. He says that the business of his administration is complete.

Col. Quay May Attend.

If the weather is good Senator Quay will come up from Washington to the inauguration. Mrs. Quay and her daughters, Mrs. Davidson and Miss Sue Quay, will assist the Pennypackers in receiving at the public reception to be given at the mansion Tuesday night.

At noon Tuesday the inaugural committee will escort Gov. Pennypacker to the capitol, where the oath of office will be administered by Judge Fell of Philadelphia. After the inaugural address is delivered, Gov. Pennypacker will review the parade. Chief Marshal Olmstead expects that there will be several thousand people in line. The Eighteenth regiment of Pittsburgh will be the one Western Pennsylvania military organization in the line.

Senator Penrose says that he knows nothing about the formation of Pennypacker's cabinet, as he has not seen the governor for some time. He inquired about the recordership fight in Pittsburgh, but says that he has no interest in it, except as a citizen of Pennsylvania. He says that he will remain neutral.

Auditor General Hardenbergh says that he has tendered Select Councilman R. H. Douglas of Pittsburgh one of the attorneyships in connection with the Allegheny county register's office. The job pays $5,000 a year, and is intended as a bait to secure the services of Douglas for the Bigelow machine. So far there has been no indication that Douglas intends to accept. Register Stengel has taken the position that Handenbergh has no power to appoint. WALTER J. CHRISTY.

COUNTERFEITER TAKEN.

Officers Arrest Man With Record as Suspect in Local Case.

Capt. Walsh of the United States secret service and Detective Barry arrested De Lucca Vito, a brother of Contone Vito, who was shot by Detective Richard Kelly on Staurday afternoon while being arrested, yesterday afternoon as a suspicious person. The Italian was found in a sleeping car in the Glenwood yards of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad. He had served time for counterfeiting and the officers believe that he is the man who gave his brother and Antonio Vittie the counterfeit $5 bills to pass in Carrie Bruno's place at No. 641 Second avenue.

De Lucca Vito was caught through his brother. Contone Vito asked the officers yesterday afternoon at the hospital if he could send a note to a friend. The officers agreed to this request. A messenger was secured and when Capt. Walsh handed the boy the note he noticed that it was directed to De Lucca Vito, a man whom he had arrested two years ago.

The officers followed the messenger to the sleeping car, and when De Lucca Vito was handed the note Capt. Walsh and Detective Barry placed him under arrest. The officers searched the car, but did not find any more counterfeit money.

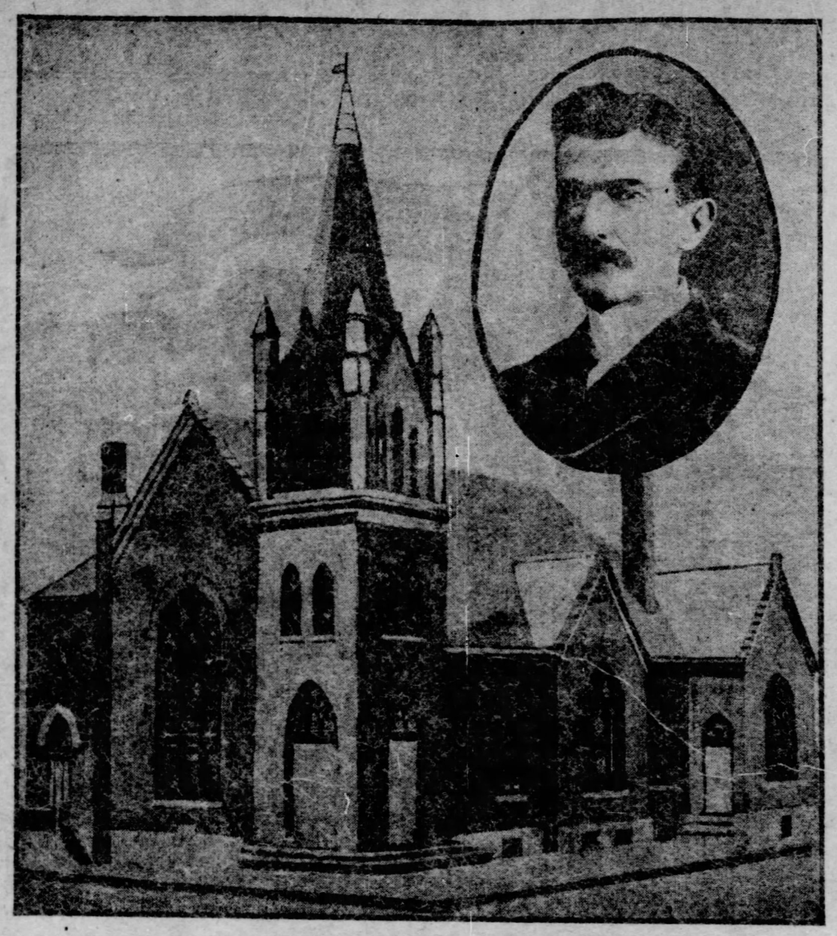
If the Baby Is Cutting Teeth

Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Music for Piano

And voice. Our stock more than doubled this season. KLEBER, 221-223 Fifth ave.

NEW CHURCH AT JUNIATA, PA., AND ITS PASTOR.



REV. E. E. HARTER AND M. E. HOUSE OF WORSHIP.

ALTOONA, PA., Jan. 18.—The new Methodist Episcopal church at Juniata, a suburb of Altoona, was formally dedicated today. The Rev. E. E. Harter, who has now succeeded in having erected four church edifices since he was ordained, was in charge of the ceremonies, assisted by the presiding elder, R. Ellis Bell of this city. The new church cost $13,000.

CHAMBERLAIN GRATEFUL FOR FAVORS RECEIVED

England Will Levy No Tribute on Orange Free State for Some Time.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

JOHANNESBURG, Jan. 18.—In the course of his remarks at the banquet given here yesterday evening, Colonial Secretary Chamberlain explained at length the details of the financial settlements with the new colonies. The colonial secretary, after expressing his hope that the colonies would deal with the matter in a manner looking to the interest of the whole of South Africa and the empire, said that all his information led him to believe that the Boers were settling down to recover their positions and repair the damages of the war with the resolution of their race. He painted in glowing colors the promising prospects of the colonies when development shall have reduced the cost of living and when race prejudice shall have died out.

Referring to the position of the people of Johannesburg, Mr. Chamberlain said they should no longer be reproached with being cosmopolitan money seekers, who did not aspire to settle in the country. He explained that it had been his idea to ask for a much larger sum from the Transvaal than anything yet mentioned, but on a plan of yearly contributions from surpluses and new sources of revenue. He said it had been represented to him, however, that this plan might become a burden on the new generation, who might regard it under the odious name of "tribute to the mother country."

There was no doubt in his own mind that the revenues of the Transvaal would be ample to provide a service debt. The action of a number of South African financiers in subscribing the first $50,000,000 without commission or any preferential security for the remainder of the loan had rendered the success of the loan on the London market quite certain.

Mr. Chamberlain then explained that no war contribution had been asked from the Orange River colony, whose revenue was only sufficient for ordinary expenses, but that in the probable development of the country he thought it would not be unfair, a few years hence, to ask for a moderate contribution if the resources justified it.

TWO LOST BOYS.

One Used Christmas as a Pretext to Save Money to Go Away—The Other Cannot Find Parents.

Conrad Rinehart of 18 Mitchell street, Allegheny, notified the police that his son Wilhelm, aged 14 years, has been missing since last Friday. The boy worked for a Pittsburgh firm and until the week before Christmas took home his wages regularly. He kept his wages after that to buy his parents a present, he said, but did not do so. He left Friday morning, ostensibly to go to work.

Michael Gardner, aged 14 years, who says he does not know where his parents have moved, is at Allegheny Central station. He was picked up on Bear or avenue late Saturday night. He says his folks lived until two weeks ago on Grant street, Pittsburgh. He will be turned over to the Humane society.

C. M. B. A. ELECTION.

One Thousand Dollars on Hand to Entertain the Supreme Council.

The annual meeting of the advisory council of the Catholic Mutual Beneficial association was held last night at Sons of Veterans hall, 416 Wood street. Delegates were present from all over Western Pennsylvania. The election resulted as follows: President, B. J. Devlin, branch 53; first vice president, J. B. Limpert, branch 45; second vice president, Joseph Snyder, branch 76; secretary, John M. Tighe, branch 65; assistant secretary, P. P. Jacobs, branch 105; treasurer, D. F. Crawford, branch 123; Marshal Hugh Savage, branch 25; guard, C. A. Opperman, branch 183.

The ways and means committee reported that it had over $1,000 for entertaining the supreme council next September.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. This signature on every box. 25c. E. W. Grove

Music for Piano

And voice. Our stock more than doubled this season. KLEBER, 221-223 Fifth ave.

DIED.

GUNNELL—On Monday, January 19, 1903, at 12:20 a. m., GEORGE TREVOY, son of the Rev. George and Caroline H. Gunnell, aged 4 months, 25 days.

Funeral services at the Church of Epiphany, Lincoln avenue, Bellevue, on Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment private.

TUBE CITY PRIMARIES WERE FULL OF FIGHT

Republicans Name Candidates for the Municipal Elections Next Month.

Close contests in several instances delayed the official announcement of the results of Saturday's Republican primaries in McKeesport until yesterday morning. There were 4,457 votes polled, or 400 less than at the county election in November.

George J. Falkenstein, who was unopposed for mayor, received 2,806 votes. Samuel Milliken for treasurer received 2,706 votes, defeating his opponent, F. M. Everett, by 253 votes. Everett has been treasurer for several years. C. E. Soles defeated Otto C. Nill on the nomination for city controller, receiving 2,595 votes as against 1,531 for Nill.

Eight candidates had entered the arena in the fight for the three city assessorships under the new charter for third-class cities. One, two and three year terms are apportioned according to the number of votes received. August Anderson won the three-year term, John Giles the two-year and Thomas Daft the one-year. Anderson and Daft are now city assessors.

The winners of the councilmanic fight are: Second ward, select, D. P. McCune; common, C. L. Noble and John D. Evans. Fourth ward, select, Archie Duncan; common, J. P. Rocke and P. J. Murphy. Sixth ward, select, George R. Stone; common, J. J. Hill and Peter Romelfanger. Eighth ward, select, Lewis E. Rotzeh; common, R. W. Gordon, Sr., and S. H. Kistler. Tenth ward, common, John C. Shaw and Charles Demmons.

The winners in the aldermanic contests are: First ward, L. N. Morgan; Second ward, George P. Herring; Third ward, B. L. Cousins.

The complete Citizens ticket will be made up this week. A number of the Republican ward candidates and probably two of the nominees for city assessor will be indorsed. Thus far only three Citizens candidates have been put forth: A. A. Hitchens for mayor, A. A. Nimmo for city controller and D. G. Donovan for city treasurer. Recorder J. D. O'Neil is leading the Citizens fight with the assistance of County Commissioner James Evans.

WARM SCHOOL POLITICS.

W. & J. Students Pulling Wires on Election of President of Senior Class—Coveted Honor.

WASHINGTON, PA., Jan. 18.—(Special.)—There is a big fight on in the senior class at Washington and Jefferson college for the class presidency. The contest has assumed big political proportions and every member is involved. The president will have charge of affairs during the commencement season, and it is a coveted position with considerable prestige attached.

The candidates this year are Earle G. Braden of Wheeling, W. Va., and Rufus S. Marriner of Belmont, N. Y. Braden is being boosted for the position by Joseph A. Robb, son of former district attorney of Allegheny county, John S. Robb, and John Thompson of Wilkinsburg, who are after the hop committees. Marriner has been put forth by Howard A. Malcolm of Washington and H. H. Hellman of Kittanning.

Since the first of the year both candidates have been pledging votes for the office and each side is claiming victory. The various college fraternities have taken a hand in the matter.

WIRELESS CHESS GAME.

Lucania and Philadelphia Passengers Play in Mid Ocean and Former Are Victories.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—A chess match by wireless telegraphy served to enliven the voyage of the American liner Philadelphia and the Cunarder Lucania, which arrived here today.

The two vessels got into wireless communication on Friday, when a suggestion for a chess match was flashed from the Lucania and eagerly accepted by the Philadelphia.

On the latter vessel a team was selected consisting of W. B. Wheelan of Philadelphia, Frank Cauldwell of Chicago and Waldemar Weiss of New York. The Lucania's champions were E. Marshall Fox and E. Horace Mundy of London. R. W. Milbank of Liverpool and Capt. H. R. Campbell and William Evans.

The Philadelphia team was victorious, their opponents resigning after 12 moves.

NEW MILL WORK STOPS.

Follansbee Bros. Reported to Have Sold Unfinished Plant to Steel Corporation.

The Follansbee Bros. Company has ordered stopped the work of construction on its new tin plate and sheet mills which were being put up at Mahen station, W. Va., and it is reported that the enterprise has been abandoned through purchase of the property by the United States Steel Corporation.

The initial plant, building on modern and costly lines, was to have had four tin plate and four sheet mills. The Fort Pitt Bridge Company was erecting the buildings and a report from Wellsburg, W. Va., last night announced that the work had been stopped.

STRONG FLOW OF GAS NEARLY KILLED MAN

Oil Well Pipe Falls Upon T. Roland Higgins in O'Hara Township.

T. Roland Higgins had a narrow escape from death, but got off with a compound fracture of the leg and a few minor bruises in an accident while attempting to flow an oil well in O'Hara township, about a mile from the West Penn railroad and Fifteenth street Sharpsburg, yesterday morning. The well flows about five barrels of oil a day. The gas in the well is allowed to accumulate daily by plugging, and at a stated time the plugs are drawn and the gas thus released sends the oil out.

Higgins was engaged in this work yesterday, but the flow of gas was stronger than usual, being so fierce as to send out of place with a bang the pipe that carries the oil from the well to the tank. The pipe struck Higgins on the shoulder, knocked him down and pinioned him to the ground, the heavy piece of iron badly fracturing his right leg a little above the ankle. Two children of Mr. Higgins were the only persons near when the accident occurred, and it was with difficulty that they rolled the pipe off the injured man, using a board for a lever.

They then ran for help, but it was nearly two hours before a physician and a horse and buggy arrived and took the injured man out of the cold to his home on the Kittanning road in O'Hara township. The doctors found the injury to be serious and may cripple him for life. Had the pipe hit him fairly instead of a glancing blow on the shoulder he would surely have been killed.

Mr. Higgins, who is employed on the Chronicle-Telegraph, is the manager of a company that is operating in oil ahead of developments in O'Hara township. They have 400 acres leased, and, besides the completed well, have another that is almost ready to drill in. The well at which the accident took place is on the Greenwood cemetery property.

DRIVERS WILL STRIKE.

Cleveland Coal Handlers Demand Advance and City Faces Serious Situation.

CLEVELAND, O., Jan. 18.—(Special.)—At 6 o'clock tomorrow morning the coal drivers of the city will go on a strike and the city will face a most difficult feature of the fuel famine. The union drivers decided this afternoon that in the morning they would quit work unless their renewed demand for an increase of $3 a week was not granted. They asked Saturday for the raise and were refused. If the move is made it will close up many of the big office buildings of the city, as many of them have not enough coal in their bins to last till noon, having been dependent from day to day on what the coal dealers could let them have.

Only one big coal dealer in the city is prepared to meet the movement of the strikers. He heard of the proposed demand and laid off all the union men, getting others to take their places. The Central labor union will support the strike.

STABBED A CONDUCTOR.

Soldiers from Philippines Said to Have Fatally Wounded Trolley Employe.

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y., Jan. 18.—(Special.)—Because Louis Ettinger, a conductor on the Fifth avenue line of the Union Railway Company in Mt. Vernon, attempted to quell a riot on his car, which had started because of a woman at 1 o'clock this morning, he was stabbed in the lungs by soldiers and will die.

Three infantrymen of the Sixteenth regiment, U. S. A., who have just returned from the Philippines, and are stationed at Fort Slocum, were locked up in the police station on suspicion of being responsible for the injured man's condition. Those under arrest are William J. Clark, Harry Stackhouse and Frank O'Brien.

C. T. A. S. Elects Officers.

The Cathedral Total Abstinence society held its annual election last night as follows: President, P. McSteen; vice president, James Paul; secretary and treasurer, John Finn; steward, John McCarthy. Within the last month over 50 new members were initiated. The society is making an effort to capture the banner for the greatest increase in membership for the year of 1903.

School Directors Renominated.

ALTOONA, Jan. 18.—(Special.)—Later unofficial complete returns of last evening's Republican municipal primaries show that Dr. S. L. McCarthy and H. C. Tussey, two prominent incumbents on the school board, have been renominated. The city committee meets next Saturday to elect a new chairman.

THIRTY INJURED, ENGINEER KILLED

Broken Rail Causes a Bad Wreck Near Sycamore, Illinois.

WHOLE TRAIN PILED UP

Only Five Passengers Are Unhurt — Unfortunate Trainman Lives Hours and Suffers Terrible Agony.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

SYCAMORE, ILL., Jan. 18.—Thirty passengers on the Des Moines & Minneapolis special on the Great Western railroad were seriously injured and the engineer was crushed to death in a wreck which occurred a few miles from this city today.

The Dead.

J. D. HEALY of Minneapolis, engineer.

The Seriously Injured.

JOHN BASHORE, Ida Grove, Iowa, mail clerk.
MRS. E. H. RIGGS, wife of the conductor.
MRS. I. L. STEWART, back injured, severe scalp wound.
MR. I. L. STEWART, badly bruised, Hampton, Iowa.
MR. STEWART, editor Franklin County Record.
THOMAS D. HEALY, state senator from Iowa.
ATTORNEY JAMES FINNEGAN, Syracuse, Ill.
MISS NARINA SANFORD, Syracuse, Ill.

The train was running at a high rate of speed when a broken rail was struck just before the train passed upon a bridge. The momentum of the long train carried it across the bridge on the ties, but in another second it had left the roadbed and plunged down a 20-foot embankment.

The passenger and mail coaches were jammed up in hopeless confusion and the entire train reduced to a mass of rubbish. The engine was overturned also, and the escaping steam severely scalded the fireman and the unfortunate engineer, who was horribly crushed and lived for hair an hour imprisoned under the wreck of his engine.

Only five passengers escaped uninjured. They, by heroic exertions, managed to drag all the imprisoned and injured from the debris. They then carried them to neighboring farmhouses, where they were cared for in a way until a relief train from Sycamore arrived on the scene. In order to get this train one of the uninjured passengers ran five miles across the rough country roads to telegraph for the needed assistance. All the injured were brought to the Sycamore hospital.

TWO MEN KILLED.

B. & O. Freight Engine Explodes Near Monrovia—Two Railroaders Fatally Hurt.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 18.—Two men are dead and two perhaps fatally injured as the result of the explosion today of a freight locomotive on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad near Monrovia. The dead: LEWIS HAHN, fireman, Baltimore.
JAMES GRAHAM, fireman, Baltimore.

Conductor Charles Cutsail and Brakeman Newman are thought to be fatally injured from cuts and bruises and the inhalation of escaping steam. They were brought to Baltimore hospitals.

WILL DECIDE TOMORROW.

Disposition of Second Presbyterian Church Property Will Be Determined at Meeting.

The disposition of the property of the Second Presbyterian church, at Penn avenue and Seventh street, will be decided at a congregational meeting to be held tomorrow night. At 3 o'clock this afternoon a meeting will be held for the purpose of receiving suggestions relative to the proper steps for the congregation to take.

A number of members have written the trustees of the church that they have ideas which they desire to place before the members, and at this afternoon's meeting all persons will be given an opportunity to air their plans.

The Rev. S. Edward Young, pastor of the Second church, returned on Saturday night from New York, where he had gone to negotiate with a large mercantile firm for the erection of a large store or office building to be built in connection with the proposed church edifice. Mr. Young said last night:

"The congregation has determined to remain downtown. A larger auditorium is a pressing need, and what we shall do in order to carry out our improvement has not been decided. We can dispose of our Penn avenue property at a good figure and secure another downtown site for the church. However, we shall not go on with the erection of a big office building or mercantile house without being first assured that we shall not incur a heavy debt which would jeopardize our finances in case of a panic."

ICY PLUNGE FOR SIX MEN.

Five Rescuers Broke Through Into the Monongahela's Waters While Saving Harry Fergus.

Harry Fergus of Port Vue, near McKeesport, broke through while attempting to cross the Monongahela river on the ice yesterday, and five men who went to his rescue also went into the water, the six having a narrow escape from drowning. Fergus' cries first attracted the attention of John Calhoun, an employe of the McKeesport Ice Company. Calhoun is an expert with the lasso and deftly threw the noose of a rope over the struggling man in the water. But he was unable to pull out Fergus.

Four other men came to his help and the party stretched boards on the ice and attempted to reach Fergus. While they were tugging the ice gave away and all went into the water. The rope that had been stretched to Fergus was a great aid to them in getting to shore. Fergus was almost unconscious from the cold after his rescue, but his rescuers suffered only from the shock caused by their icy and involuntary plunge.

Many Charter Members Dead.

The thirtieth anniversary of St. Brigid's Total Abstinence society was celebrated last night at St. Brigid's church, Enoch street. The hall was packed when Chairman James F. Pender called the meeting to order. At the roll call of the charter members the majority of the 31 members with which the society started were reported as dead. Addresses were made by the Rev. Martin Ryan, Stephen Madden, P. W. Joyce, C. A. Yinger, Charles D. McShane and the Rev. John G. Beane. Over 500 persons took the pledge.

Carpenters' Union for Sharpsburg.

A charter was received yesterday from Indianapolis for local union No. 1382 of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners. The union will be instituted on Wednesday evening at Forsythe's hall, No. 197 Main street, Sharpsburg. It will have 75 members, drawn from Aspinwall, Etna, Sharpsburg and the surrounding neighborhood, to start with. The brotherhood now has 29 unions in the Pittsburgh district, with 6,000 members, a gain of 2,300 in the past year.

General Debility

Day in and out there is that feeling of weakness that makes a burden of itself.

Food does not strengthen.

Sleep does not refresh.

It is hard to do, hard to bear, what should be easy,—vitality is on the ebb, and the whole system suffers.

For this condition take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

It vitalizes the blood, gives vigor and tone to all the organs and functions, and is positively unequalled for all run-down or debilitated conditions.

HOOD'S PILLS cure constipation. 25 cents.

WYMAN PLEDGED AGAINST WABASH

Opposing Railroads Instruct Their Council Candidates to Fight Woodburn.

MONEY IS ALSO GIVEN

The Employes of Corporations Against Wabash Are All Running on Wyman Ticket—Entrance to Be Blocked.

If James G. Wyman is elected recorder of Allegheny the Wabash will experience as much difficulty in entering the North Side as it has had in Pittsburgh, if not more. It is a significant fact that a number of Allegheny councilmen, connected directly and indirectly with the Pennsylvania railroad system and constituent companies, are candidates for re-election on the Wyman ticket.

Samuel McElroy, who is a candidate for re-election to common council from the Second ward, is said to have told Dr. S. S. Woodburn, the Republican and Independent candidate for recorder, that he was obliged to support Wyman, although he personally favored Woodburn. McElroy is employed by the Pittsburgh & Western railroad.

John W. Robinson, special agent for the Pittsburgh & Western road, is a candidate for select council in the Fourth ward on the Wyman ticket. Peter Born, select councilman from the Seventh ward and employed in the Fort Wayne railroad shops, is also for Wyman. W. E. Kimberlain, common councilman from the Second ward, is another Wyman candidate. Kimberlain is employed by the Pittsburgh Provision Company of Herrs Island. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company is interested in the Herrs Island stock yards. The parties interested in the Herrs Island stock yards are also interested in the Pittsburgh Provision Company.

A councilman from the Sixth ward, who is said to be a contractor for the Fort Wayne Railroad Company, is openly advocating Wyman's election, although he has a relative holding a lucrative position in the Allegheny City Hall.

It is claimed by the Woodburn people that Wyman is pledged to prevent the entrance of the Wabash into Allegheny if he is elected recorder in return for the support of the opposing railroad companies, and that these railroads are also contributing liberally in finances to aid Wyman's election.

Included in the franchise which the Wabash is asking from the Pittsburgh councils is the right of way for a branch line to Allegheny from the Point. As soon as the franchise is obtained from Pittsburgh the Wabash Company will ask for a franchise for extensive terminal and yard facilities on the North Side.

It is expected that the grant for the franchise in Allegheny will be asked from the new councils and recorder, and the companies fighting the entrance of the Wabash are anxious that councilmen and a recorder shall be elected who will refuse any grants that the Wabash may ask.

APOPLEXY KILLS NOTED CORRESPONDENT

PARIS, Jan. 18.—Henri Georges Stephane Adolphe Opper de Blowitz, for many years correspondent of the London Times in Paris, died here this evening. M. de Blowitz experienced an attack of apoplexy a few days ago. He was born in 1832.

Deal Exists Only in Rumor.

There have been several reports printed in Pittsburgh papers recently that the Pittsburgh Coal Company has a deal on to take over the Mansfield Coal and Coke Company. President William Stewart of the Mansfield company said last night that there is no truth in these reports.

Warned to Boil Water.

Wilkinsburgers have been warned by the Pennsylvania Water Company, supplying the town, to boil or filter the water for drinking. Some accident has probably occurred, the officials say, at the intake pipe at Wildwood station along the Allegheny river. High water and ice in the river prevents an immediate investigation. Typhoid fever has been especially prevalent in the borough, but until this notice was issued the disease had not been traced to that source. In the past few days the water has been muddy.

Ward Ticket Selected.

Fusion committees, representing the Democratic and Citizens parties in the Seventh ward, met in Alderman James R. Connor's office Saturday night and agreed on the following ward ticket: School director, George P. Letsche; assessor, Samuel H. Sheniken, Sr.; assistant assessors, Abe Levinson and James Gallagher. A resolution indorsing William B. Hays for recorder was unanimously adopted.

T. Ashton McClain, the famous baritone, had four encores with "Ashamed of the Old Folks," at Denver last week. This song with next Sunday's Gazette.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try

Jell-O,

a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day. 10 cts.

Orphans' Court Sale

SMITH & MACFARLANE, Attorneys-at-Law, 1222 Frick Building.

EXECUTOR'S SALE

of desirable residence property,

No. 342 Atlantic Ave., 20th Ward,

Pittsburgh, Pa.

In re estate of Thomas Archibald, deceased. No. 225 October term, 1902. Orphans' court. In pursuance of an order of said court, the following described premises will be offered at public sale on

Tuesday, January 20th, At 3 O'Clock P. M.

in front corridor of the Allegheny county court house, viz: All that lot of ground beginning at a point on the westerly side of Atlantic avenue at the dividing line between lots Nos. 37 and 38 in the Fensenhyl farm plan of lots, recorded in Allegheny county, in Plan Book 6, page 246; thence along said avenue in a northerly direction fifty (50) feet; and thence extending in a westerly direction at right angles to Atlantic avenue, preserving the uniform width of fifty (50) feet a distance of one hundred and sixty (160) feet to Asterisk alley; being lot No. 38 and the southerly 50 (50) feet of lot No. 39 in the above mentioned plan. On which is erected a three-story brick and stone dwelling house and small frame stable.

TERMS—$500 cash at time of sale, and the remainder upon confirmation of sale and delivery of deed; subject to lien of mortgage for $6,500 with accrued interest.

IDA M. ARCHIBALD, Executrix.

FIREMEN REFUSE TO DESERT THEIR COMRADE

Carry Corpse from Burning Building and Then Fall Unconscious.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU, Herald Building, Herald Square, NEW YORK, Jan. 18.

In as stubborn a fire as the fire department has had to contend with for many years, one fireman was killed today, six persons were injured and more than $500,000 damage was done.

For more than 20 hours the force of the department called out by four alarms fought against a blaze in the business building at No. 394 Bowery, hidden in tons of closely packed excelsior, jute, shoddy and cotton batting, from which time after time flames shot up in air shafts through seven stories, filled with other inflammable materials.

What is characterized as perhaps the most dramatic tragedy in the history of the department surrounds the death of the fireman. With failing breath, while a heavy bale of excelsior was slowly crushing out the life of James Corbett, fireman of hook and ladder No. 9, and streams of water and clouds of smoke were suffocating him, he besought his comrades to think no more of him, but save themselves. How dear was the cost of their refusal is shown by the fact that when his body was finally brought to the light two men plunged forward in the street unconscious, and a dozen others sank down gasping and choking.

THREATEN TO STRIKE.

Employes of C., H. & D. Demand That General Manager Waldo Meet Their Joint Committee.

TOLEDO, O., Jan. 18.—The employes of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton threaten a tieup of the entire system because General Manager Waldo refused to deal with the federated board, representing the various branches of labor on the road.

This refusal was made last week when the board wished to present a demand for an advance in wages.

Mr. Waldo wished to meet the committee of each organization separately. The matter is still in the hands of the federated board.

DO YOU COUGH DON'T DELAY TAKE KEMP'S BALSAM THE BEST COUGH CURE

It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 25 cents and 50 cents.

Have you saved anything? If not, begin. A dollar starts a saving account. We pay four per cent.

Write for booklet, "Banking by Mail."

Capital - - $1,500,000
Surplus - - 1,000,000
Undivided Profits - 100,000

COMMONWEALTH
REAL ESTATE & TRUST CO.,
327-329-331 FOURTH AVE.

PITTSBURG SOAP CO. GET THE BEST ASK YOUR GROCER DUQUESNE SOAP A HOME PRODUCTION SUPERIOR QUALITY The Soap for the Home

Ever strike you how *seriously* you needed a BELL RESIDENCE PHONE?

—for a sudden call for the doctor—the police—the fire department?—

Think it over.

THE C. D. & P. TEL. CO.
Tel. Grant 1795 or 1796.
Tel. Bldg., Seventh Ave.

Money Loaned Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Musical Instruments, Firearms and good clothing. Lowest rates. Gallinger's, Twelfth and Penn. Unredeemed pledges for sale cheap.

It's Worth While

Looking into the propositions the Provident Life and Trust Company makes in the way of Life Insurance. Our premium rate is lower than any other first-class participating company.

The Provident Life & Trust Company,
GRAHAM C. WELLS, Gen'l Agt.
310 Lewis Bldg. Sixth and Smithfield.

BAKER'S IS THE BEST **COD LIVER OIL**

You'll believe this after you've tried a few of the "just as good" kinds.

JNO. C. BAKER CO.

The best is really cheapest.
10th & Cherry, Philadelphia.

MR. M'CREA SAYS IT IS ALL ROT

Denies That Pennsylvania Is to Be in a Big Blanket Concern.

OTHER DEALS IMAGINARY

Pennsylvania Interests Have No Plan to Control Vanderbilt Properties—Also Says That Traffic Congestion Is Cleared.

"It's all rot."

This was the declaration yesterday of James McCrea, first vice president of the Pennsylvania lines west and a director of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, in reference to a report that the Pennsylvania railroad executives are heading a project to form a gigantic new investor concern to hold the securities of the Cassatt-Vanderbilt-Hill-Morgan and other railroad interests in the east.

Speaking further of this report, which was printed yesterday by a Pittsburgh paper, Mr. McCrea said:

"I noticed the publication. It is the production of some vivid imagination and there is no ground for it, to the best of my knowledge."

Asked regarding the report that the Pennsylvania railroad interests are to take from the Vanderbilt interest the control in their railroad properties, Mr. McCrea said;

"That, too, is the vivid imagining of some one. I know absolutely nothing of such a purpose; have heard nothing of such a thing."

These statements from Mr. McCrea should effectually dispose of these reports. He is the one Pittsburgher who could know of such matters and speak with authority of them. If such plans were developing he would probably not discuss them, while it is quite certain that he would know about them. His statements are therefore important to the vast commercial interests connected with the affairs of the interests reported to be arranging deals.

It is said in other quarters that the purpose of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company at its next annual meeting to arrange for the doubling of its stock and other securities is in the main to provide for betterments and extensions of the properties, which in cost will reach upward of $100,000,000. There may be a purpose to acquire important ownership in other eastern railroad properties, but those who know are not discussing this.

Speaking of the congested condition of traffic on the Pittsburgh sysem, Mr. McCrea said that in the past few days, through the comparatively open weather, it has been much relieved and that the road is cleared of congestion.

TOOK TOO MANY TABLETS.

Coroner Will Investigate Death of Bellevue Colored Man.

The sudden and mysterious death of Willis A. White, colored, of Bellevue will be investigated at a coroner's inquest tomorrow. The dead man was the pastor of the Mt. Zion Baptist church of Bellevue and also did odd jobs around the borough. While at work on January 13 at Avalon he suddenly became very ill and died a few hours later, a doctor not reaching him until a few minutes before he expired. Dr. William Snyder, who attended him, said the man showed all the symptoms of having died from pneumonia, and he reported so to the coroner.

White had been complaining for over a week of a bad cold and hoarseness. He had been taking some patent medicine called "bronchial tablets" and attributed a soreness in his mouth and on his tongue to the tablets. The doctor attributed the soreness to the fact that he took more tablets than the directions called for, there being ammonia and other strong chemicals in the medicine that produced soreness when taken in large quantities. The fact that White also walked from his home in Bellevue to Avalon, over a mile, on the day of his death was enough to cause serious results to one afflicted with an incipient case of pneumonia.

Harrison, the well-known song illustrator, says that "Ashamed of the Old Folks" is the prettiest story-song in many years. Free with next Sunday's Gazette.

THE WEATHER.

Fair weather is predicted for Pittsburgh today by the Washington weather bureau and the local bureau adds that it will be considerably warmer this afternoon than yesterday. The good weather is not expected to last long, however, as the prediction for tomorrow is warmer with rain or snow. The mean temperature yesterday dropped 20 degrees below that registered for the preceding 24 hours. The cause of this was a cold wave from the Lake Superior region which produced in parts of Canada temperatures as far as 20 degrees below zero. In no part of the United States, however, did the government reports show zero temperature yesterday. With the local thermometer record of a minimum of 17 degrees at 8:30 a. m., accentuated by a strong wind, it was more pleasant indoors than out, and the smaliness of the street throngs reflected this opinion. The maximum yesterday was 23 degrees above zero and the average 20.

Fair

The Gazette weather service thermometers at Kaufmann's corner at the following hours registered:

12 noon..... 20 deg.	8 p. m..... 18 deg.
4 p. m..... 22 deg.	12 midnight.. 12 deg.

Time of sunrise today..... 7:21 a. m.
Time of sunset today..... 4:57 p. m.

Daily report for yesterday furnished by the United States weather bureau:

Time.	Bar.	Tem.	Hum.	Wind.	Weather.
8 a. m....	30.12	18	49	N. W.	Clear
8 p. m....	30.38	18	53	N. W.	Cloudy

Comparative temperature and precipitation for January 18:

	1902	1901	1900	1899	1898	1897	1896
Maximum	50	23	48	33	41	38	48
Minimum	30	16	40	21	28	23	32
Mean	40	20	44	27	34	30	40
Precipitation	T.	08	.14	T.	0	.10	0

Maximum temperature (2 p. m.)..... 23
Minimum temperature (8:30 a. m.)..... 17
Mean temperature 20
Normal temperature (for 31 years)..... 31
Deficiency in the temperature for the day 11
Deficiency in the temperature since Jan. 1 54
Normal precipitation (for 31 years)..... .11
Precipitation for the day 0
Deficiency in precipitation for the day .. .11
Deficiency in precipitation since Jan. 1.. .72

Government Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 18.—Forecast:

Western Pennsylvania—Fair Monday; Tuesday warmer with snow or rain; light north winds, becoming south.

Ohio—Fair Monday, warmer in northwestern portion; Tuesday increasing cloudiness and warmer; light to fresh north winds, becoming southeast.

West Virginia—Fair Monday; Tuesday fair, warmer.

Observations taken from the various bureau stations at 8 p. m.:

Wash'gton	32	Clear	Marquette	8	Clear
New York	24	Clear	St. Paul	8	Cloudy
Phil'delphia	28	Clear	Duluth	6	Clear
Buffalo	14	Clear	Huron	20	Cloudy
Cleveland	18	Sn'w'g	Cheyenne	30	Clear
Cincinnati	28	Clear	Omaha	30	Clear
Columbus	24	Clear	Chicago	16	Sn'w'g
Indiana'lis	24	Clear	Dubuque	18	Clear
Park'sburg	28	Clear	Denver	38	Clear
St. Louis	32	Clear	Salt Lake	50	Clear
Chipo	34	Clear	New Orleans	54	Cloudy
Kans. City	34	Clear	Atlanta	50	PtCldy

PARTY LEADERS AMONG MISSING

Membership of New Democratic City Committee Shows Dissension.

OLD WAR HORSES GONE

Such Men as Col. Guffey, George W. Guthrie, Dr. McNeil and Others Did Not Care to Serve Boss Bigelow.

Chairman James A. Clark of the Democratic city committee yesterday announced the membership of the executive committee that will have direct supervision of the February campaign. Chairman Clark has had much difficulty in finding reputable Democrats to serve on the committee. Practically all of the better element of the local Democracy, with the exception of those who are bound to Thomas S. Bigelow by pledges, are so disgusted with the nomination of W. B. Hays that an invitation to serve on the executive committee would be regarded as a direct insult.

As a consequence of the widespread dissatisfaction the personnel of the committee, when compared with that which had the last local Democratic campaign in charge, is lacking in strength and representation of the better element of the party.

The new committee is as follows: Chairman, J. A. Clark (ex-officio); W. J. Brennen, George S. Fleming, C. A. Fagan, D. J. Boyle, John Whitney, J. B. Larkin, Thomas B. Alcorn, E. J. Frauenheim, J. Colwell, Joseph Dieterle, T. C. McMahon, Gebhardt Sahner, Harry B. Todd, John F. O'Toole and S. J. Graham.

The old committee named by George W. Guthrie was composed of the following other men:

J. J. Miller, chairman; G. H. Stengel, secretary; Col. J. M. Guffey, W. J. Brennen, Charles A. Fagan, Dr. George W. McNeil, John C. O'Donnell, Augustus Seaforth, Joseph McClure, Thomas B. Alcorn, George Heard, John M. Welsh, Charles Fisher, Louis Kimmel, George W. Guthrie (ex officio), T. D. Casey and Dr. Gardner.

Of these Chairman Clark has persuaded the following to serve the Democratic end of the Bigelow machine: W. J. Brenner, C. A. Fagan, Thomas B. Alcorn, Guthrie, Judge J. J. Miller, G. H. Stengel, Col. J. M. Guffey, Dr. George W. McNeil, John C. O'Donnell, Augustus Seaforth, Joseph McClure, George Heard, Charles Fisher, Louis Kimmel, T. D. Casey and Dr. Gardner are notable absentees.

There are various reasons for this deficiency in personnel. Mr. Casey died some three months ago. Several of the others have declared against the Bigelow control of the local Democracy, and several more but for the fact that they are under personal obligations to keep the original compact between Bigelow and the Democracy, would come out in open denunciation of Hays, as a candidate.

The radical change in the committee is but an indication of the feeling among local Democrats. The capture of the convention by the Bigelow henchmen will compel many old line Democrats, who have always voted the straight party ticket to remain away from the polls or vote for Haymaker, unless the Jacksonian party should decide that it can do better work against Hays by putting an independent ticket in the field.

BURIED JUST A YEAR FROM WEDDING DAY

Services Held in the Same Room Where Marriage Was Performed.

Two o'clock yesterday afternoon marked a sad anniversary of the wedding of Carl Carlson, a young millman of Rankin borough. In the little parlor, where 12 months ago a happy bridal parlor was assembled, the bride sat beside the shrouded casket of her husband.

On January 18, 1902, in the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Lunborg at No. 31 Miller street, Rankin, Mr. Carlson and Miss Lunborg were married by the Rev. J. P. O. Cornell, pastor of the Bethel Swedish Lutheran church, Braddock. They stood under a bell of flowers in the presence of a group of friends. The bride and bridegroom were young and the guests in offering them good wishes bestowed the usual tokens for a long and happy wedded life.

Yesterday in the same room in the same house and at the same hour the same minister who had conducted the nuptial ceremony a year ago pronounced the few melancholy words consigning the spirit to eternity. The hand that had presented the burial bouquet grasped a fragrant lily and the bride, who but a short year before had concealed her blushes beneath a veil of white, wore instead the black crepe of the widow. Where happiness had reigned there now was grief; blushes had given way to tears.

Mr. Carlson was 28 years of age. He died on Thursday after an illness of three weeks from typhoid fever. Several months ago he went to Monessen with a party of fellow-workmen to accept a position in the plant of the United Steel Company. His fatal illness seized him there, and he was brought to Mr. Lunborg's residence for burial. Mr. Cornell himself rose from his sickbed to officiate at the funeral services. The interment was made in the Monongahela cemetery, Braddock.

Rev. Dr. Boyd Very Low.

The Rev. Dr. J. C. Boyd, who has been pastor of the Mt. Lebanon United Presbyterian church during the last 45 years, is still lying seriously ill at his home in the Mt. Lebanon parsonage. No improvement was observed in the aged divine's condition yesterday and he was remembered in the prayers of the congregation at the morning and evening services. On account of Dr. Boyd's advanced age, little hope is expressed for his recovery.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

What would you do the next time you have a hard cold if you couldn't get Ayer's Cherry Pectoral? Better think this over.

25c., 50c., $1. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

STARTED MUCH COAL FOR WEST

Pittsburgh Railroads Utilized Sunday to Rush Fuel to Freezing Cities.

MANY EMPTIES ARRIVING

Weather Dry and Not Too Cold, Gives Chance for Motive Power to Do Best Work. Many Pleas for Coal.

Sunday was utilized to the full extent by the Pittsburgh railroads to rush loaded coal cars to the fuel-famished west. At the same time a great supply of empties began to arrive from all parts of the systems reaching here, called by the pressing need which has arisen throughout the west for the bituminous coal and the coke of this region. A full 100 per cent of the demand for empty cars will likely be provided for today.

Ever since the task of removing from the sidings all the cars loaded at Pittsburgh's mills and mines first became too gigantic for the local lines, Sunday has been a day of big train movement. Practically no freight is loaded on Sunday, and the day of rest is devoted to removing the surplus accumulations of the week.

At no time has there been greater need of such extra efforts than now. From manufacturers, from municipalities which need the fuel for light and power plants and from all kinds of interests the demands for coal have been pouring into the Pittsburgh companies, which in turn must go to the railroads to secure the transportation for the fuel.

Since the recent cold weather, the motive power, which has been for two years far short of demands, has been doing excellent work. Most of last week showed good results.

On the Pennsylvania it was reported yesterday that no complaint could be made about the locomotives. If the good weather continues the prospects for catching up with the demand for fuel are excellent.

On the Baltimore & Ohio a similar report was made. The engines are doing well and both trainmen and enginemen are working as hard as men can to get the trains over the road. The superintendents are going over their divisions almost continually and personally rushing the freight along.

This afternoon a conference will be held at Connellsville by General Superintendent I. G. Rawn of the Baltimore & Ohio with the officials of that road in charge of the movement of the coal and coke from that region. The meeting's purpose is to see what measures can be taken to secure still better service.

On the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie it was said that yesterday would prove another big Sunday. The reports are expected to show fully 12,000 cars moved from Saturday to Monday morning.

THE BIJOU SERVICES.

The Rev. S. Edward Young Holds Usual Meeting.

The Rev. S. Edward Young addressed a large meeting in the Bijou theater yesterday afternoon. His topic was "Be a Hero," and was illustrated by stereopticon views. Benjamin Franklin Butts and a large chorus rendered an elaborate musical program at the conclusion of the services.

Mr. Young read the report of the Audit Company of Pittsburgh, which audited the books, containing the receipts and expenditures of the park and theater services since Mr. Young first began to hold them. The expenditures of the first year, 1899, were borne by the Rev. Mr. Young. In 1900 Senator C. L. Magee paid the expenses. The meetings have since been conducted with funds given as private subscriptions. There is at present a balance of $182 69 in the treasury over and above all expenses.

BOUGHT ENTIRE STOCK.

Large Cash Purchase Made by the Pittsburgh Dry Goods Company.

F. H. Lloyd, president of the Pittsburgh Drygoods Company, made an official announcement of the purchase of the stock of Joseph Rauh & Co. of No. 807 Liberty avenue. As published in The Gazette last week the sale was made on a cash basis and included the entire stock of imported goods carried by the Rauh firm, which will now retire from the business.

Mr. Lloyd stated that the stock would be disposed of as soon as it could be transferred to the Penn avenue house of his company.

DR. FENNER'S KIDNEY and Backache CURE

All diseases of Kidneys, Bladder, Urinary Organs. Also Rheumatism, Backache, Heart Disease, Gravel, Dropsy, Female Troubles.

Don't become discouraged. There is a cure for you. If necessary write Dr. Fenner. He has spent a life time curing just such cases as yours. All consultations Free.

"For years I had backache, severe pains across kidneys and scalding urine. I could not get out of bed without help. The use of Dr. Fenner's Kidney and Backache Cure restored me. G WAGONER, Knobsville, Pa." Druggists, 50c., $1. Ask for Cook Book—Free.

ST. VITUS' DANCE Sure Cure. Circular, Dr Fenner, Fredonia, N.Y.

MANUFACTURERS.

ESTABLISHED 1863.

OLIVER Iron & Steel Company,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Soft Welding Steel and Iron, Bolts for Railways, Wagons and Agricultural Implements,

Telegraph and Telephone Pole Supplies.

General Offices at

SOUTH TENTH STREET WORKS, PITTSBURGH.

PERUNA CURES CATARRH OF STOMACH, BOWELS, KIDNEYS AND FEMALE ORGANS.

There's Merit in THE PITTSBURGH BREWING CO'S BEER—ALE—PORTER.

TONSILINE

Is a perfect family remedy for throat diseases—Sore Throat, Sore Mouth and Quinsy quickly yield to its virtue. It is not slow and tedious in its

CURES

but gives almost instant relief. Tonsiline is entirely harmless. It stands alone as a remarkable and modern cure for

SORE THROAT

and all similar troubles.

25 AND 50C AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

THE TONSILINE CO. CANTON, O.

For 1903

Why not one of the durable, sweet toned

STIEFF PIANOS

the only pianos sold in Pittsburgh by the manufacturer, or

The Cecilian THE PERFECT PIANO PLAYER

undoubtedly the best piano player yet produced.

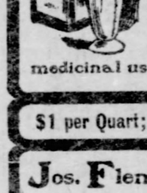
You certainly cannot afford to miss seeing these instruments, if you have a thought for your own interests in the matter. Our position in the piano industry, owning two factories and operating ten retail stores, enables us to offer the best inducements possible on pianos. Various makes of pianos, ranging in price from $200 upward—Easy terms of payment if desired. We do tuning, repairing and piano moving.

CHAS. M. STIEFF

Piano Manufacturer,

618 Penn Ave. E. S. Wallover, Mgr.

Factory, Baltimore. Estab. 1842.



DOCTORS prescribe Fleming's "Old Export" because they know it is a Pure Rye Whiskey, and therefore the best for all medicinal uses—8 years old.

$1 per Quart; 6 Quarts for $5.

Jos. Fleming & Son

410-412 Market Street, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Write for New Catalogue.

THE CLEANSING AND HEALING CURE FOR CATARRH is Ely's Cream Balm

Easy and pleasant to use. Contains no injurious drug.

It is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at once. It Opens and Cleanses the Nasal Passages. Allays Inflammation. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Large Size, 50c, at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents, by mail.

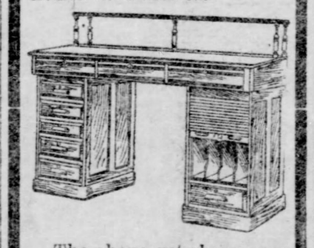
ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.

CATARRH

COLD IN HEAD

MOVED

We are now settled in our new store and have on exhibition the largest and finest line of office furniture shown in any one house in America.



The above cut shows one of our most popular standing or bookkeeper's desks, although we have many other styles and sizes both in oak and mahogany.

Baker Office Furniture Co., 815-817 Liberty Avenue.

Formerly at 308 Wood St.

OVER 7 MILLION

8 hundred thousand—the wonderfully increasing assets of the Germania is the best evidence as to how this strong bank is held by "savers" everywhere—Will pay 4 per cent interest on your savings account or 2 per cent on daily balances.

GERMAN SAVINGS BANK, Wood and Diamond Streets.

BINDLEY HARDWARE CO. SEVENTH AVE. & GRANT ST. PITTSBURGH EVERY THING IN HARDWARE

W. H. KEECH CO.

If all buyers fully realized the marvelous bargains we are giving, there wouldn't be enough stock to last the week out. . . . . .

The evidence of your eyes is all the argument necessary to prove the splendid values in this Riddance Sale.

Everything in the store is not reduced; just the odd lots or lots that are too large in every line. This sale offers Furniture to be proud of—because better cannot be bought at regular prices. It's a chance to make your Furniture money go a fourth to a half farther than you expected. It'll pay you to anticipate your spring wants and you needn't pay us all cash unless you want to.

THIS $85 BEDROOM SUIT IS ONE OF THE GOOD VALUES.

How solid and elegant it is! How simple, dignified and chaste in design—nothing gaudy or showy, and the quality is perfect. The wood is selected quartered oak. Panels, drawer fronts and tops are in the finest quarter-sawed veneer, showing the richest grain of the wood. The finish is a rich golden, rubbed and polished by hand. Carvings are medium weight and very decorative. Drawers are lined with birdseye maple and varnished. Top drawers have roll fronts; full swell fronts on lower drawers. Cast drawer pulls. 40-inch by 30-inch French bevel pattern mirror. This suit has been selling for $115, you can buy it now for $85. Cash or Credit, as suits you best.

W. H. KEECH CO., 923 to 931 Penn Ave.

PITTSBURGH CARPET CO.

Don't You Miss It

There is Only a Few Weeks More of the

FINAL CLOSING OUT SALE

STORE MUST BE VACATED

If you have a house—a room, or an office that you will need a Carpet or a Rug for this spring—this sale means dollars (not dollar—but DOLLARS) in your pocket—

1000 yds.	Oil Cloth, Forced Sale Price.....	19c
2500 "	Ingrain Carpet, Made, Laid and Lined	45c
1500 "	Brussels " " " " "	48c
1200 "	Wilton Velvet " " " " "	95c
1900 "	Bigelow-Lowell Axminster	$1.25
1000 "	China Matting.....	15c
150 pairs	Portieres ($7.50 and $10.00 Quality).....	$5.00
500 ½ pairs	Portieres.....	$1.75
Hundreds of Carpet samples suitable for Rugs, ...		75c
A large lot of 36x72 Rugs, $4 and $5 quality,.....		$2.75

250 large carpet size Rugs suitable for office or home.

Offers will be received for store fixtures, showcases, horses, wagons and charter.

Stock fixtures will be sold as a whole or in part.

PITTSBURGH CARPET CO., 227--FIFTH AVENUE--227

Stinson, Kennedy & CO.

Successors to Halpin, Kennedy & Co.

SANITARY PLUMBING

FINE GAS AND ELECTRIC FIXTURES, INSTANTANEOUS WATER HEATERS.

No. 213 Wood St., Pittsburgh

L. D. 'Phone, Court 741.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

JAPAN-CHINA—PHILIPPINE ISLANDS VIA HONOLULU. Pacific Mail S. S. Co., Occidental and Orient S. S. Co. and Oriental S. S. Co. From San Francisco: Gaelic, Jan. 28, 1903; Hongkong Maru, Feb. 5, 1903; China, Feb. 13, 1903. For passage and freight rates, reservation, passage, orders and information, apply to P. E. Choate, Agent, 315 Park building, Pittsburgh.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

ANCHOR LINE

United States Mail Steamship from New York Every Saturday for

GLASGOW VIA LONDONDERRY

First Saloon Passage, $50 & upwards
Second Saloon, $35 and upwards.
Third Class, $26 and upwards.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

DIRECT TO NAPLES

S. S. CALABRIA.....Saturday, Jan. 24.

HENDERSON BROTHERS, Agents, 17 and 19 Broadway, N. Y., or J. J. McCORMICK, 340 Smithfield st., Pittsburgh.

FRENCH LINE.

Compagnie Generale Transatlantique.

Direct Line to Havre—Paris (France)

Sailing every Thursday, 10 A. M. from Pier 42, North River, foot Morton St.

*La Savoie.....Jan. 22 La Bretagne....Feb. 12
La Champagne..Jan. 29 *La Touraine...Feb. 19
*La Lorraine...Feb. 5 La Champagne..Feb. 26
*Twin Screw Steamers.

General Agency, 32 Broadway, New York.

Nothing too good for The Gazette. That's why this paper has such fine music to give away Sundays.

RIVER PACKETS.

Pittsburgh & Cincinnati Packet Line

Str. for Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Gallipolis, Huntington, Ironton, Portsmouth, Cincinnati, Louisville, Memphis, St. Louis, New Orleans and way landings. Leave wharfboat foot Wood st. as follows: Str. Keystone State, Monday; Queen City, Wednesday; Virginia, Saturday, at 4 p. m. Fare—Pgr., to Cin., $7; round trip, $12 and $14, meals, berths included; down by boat, return by rail $14. For freight or passage apply to Jas. A. Henderson, Mgr. Tel. 1762 Court.

KANAWHA RIVER PACKET.

STEAMER KANAWHA, W. R. Roe, master; J. H. Wolfe, clerk; leaves Patterson's wharfboat every Tuesday, 4 p. m., for Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Gallipolis, Charleston and way points. Fines, passenger and freight accommodations. S. R. Patterson & Co., O. H. Ghriest, agents, No. 507 Water st. Tel. 423.

W. B. LOVELESS CO. SHOES 6TH ST. & PENN AVENUE

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

In effect January 18, 1903.

From Union Station, Pittsburgh.

(Eastern Standard Time)

FOR PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON.

Atlantic Express, daily	3:00 a. m.
Pennsylvania Limited, daily	7:15 a. m.
Day Express, daily	7:30 a. m.
Main Line Express, daily	8:00 a. m.
Harrisburg Mail, daily	12:45 p. m.
Harrisburg Express, daily	4:40 p. m.
Philadelphia Express, daily	4:50 p. m.
Eastern Express, daily	7:10 p. m.
Fast Line, daily	9:00 p. m.
Fast Line (second section) daily. Sleeping cars to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. No coaches	10:00 p. m.
"Pittsburgh Limited," daily, for New York only	10:00 p. m.
The Pennsylvania Special, daily, for Philadelphia and New York	11:25 p. m.
Philadelphia Mail, Sundays only	8:40 a. m.
For Buffalo and Niagara Falls, 9:00 a. m. and 10:45 p. m. daily.	
For Oil City, 6:15, 9:00 a. m., 1:30, 5:05, and 10:45 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m., 5:05 and 10:45 p. m.	
For Titusville and Corry, 6:15, 9:00 a. m., and 10:45 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m. and 10:45 p. m. For Titusville only, 1:30 p. m. week-days.	
For Du Bois, 6:15, 9:00 a. m., 1:30 and 5:05 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m., 5:05 p. m.	
For Atlantic City (via Delaware River Bridge, all-rail route), 8:00 a. m. and 9:00 p. m. daily.	
For Connellsville and Uniontown, 5:10, 8:25 a. m., 12:45 and 4:25 p. m. week-days.	
For West Brownsville and Uniontown, 10:35 a. m. and 4:20 p. m. week-days. For Dravosburg, East Elizabeth, Monongahela City, Belle Vernon and West Brownsville, 6:05, 8:20, 10:35 a. m., 1:05, 3:35, 4:20 (5:25 to Monongahela City), 6:40 and 11:29 p. m. week-days, Sundays, 7:00, 9:35 a. m., 1:05, 5:00 and 9:40 p. m.	

FROM ALLEGHENY CITY:—

For Butler, 6:25, 8:50, 10:15 a. m., 3:03 and 6:30 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 7:05 a. m., 9:35 p. m.

The Excelsior Baggage Express Company will call for and check Baggage from Hotels and Residences. Time Cards and full information can be obtained at the Ticket Offices, No. 360 Fifth avenue, corner Fourth Avenue and Try street, and Union Station.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Pass'r Agent.

PITTSBURGH & LAKE ERIE R. R.

CLEVELAND SHORT LINE.

Schedule in effect November 25, 1902.

Central Time.	Depart.	Arrive.
Chi. & Cleveland "Flyer"	* 7:00 am	*11:15 am
Youngst'n & Cleve'd Mail	* 8:25 am	* 5:10 pm
Buffalo & Erie Express	† 8:25 am	† 5:05 pm
Lake Chautauqua Fast Line	12:50 pm	* 6:05 pm
Buffalo & Erie Express	† 4:20 pm	* 6:05 am
Cleveland & Chicago Ex.	* 2:30 pm	* 1:00 pm
Boston Special	† 4:20 pm	* 6:05 am
Chi. & Cleveland "Flyer"	*10:00 pm	*11:15 am
Buffalo & Cleveland Ex.	*10:30 pm	* 6:05 am
Cleve'd & Youngs'n Accom.	† 5:25 am	* 5:00 pm
Beaver Falls Accom.	† 6:30 am	† 8:35 am
Beaver Falls Accom.	9:00 am	† 6:45 am
Beaver Falls Accom.	*12:10 pm	† 6:30 am
Beaver Falls Accom.	† 3:30 pm	*12:30 pm
New Castle Express	† 4:20 pm	† 7:20 am
Beaver Valley Express	† 5:25 pm	† 4:15 pm
Fayette City Accom.	† 6:10 am	† 7:20 am
Fayette C. & N. Haven Ex	* 8:00 am	* 8:05 am
McKeesp't & Fayette City	*11:50 am	*12:40 pm
Fayette City & N. Haven	† 3:20 pm	† 4:30 pm
Fayette City Express	* 6:20 pm	* 5:40 pm

†On Sunday from Cleveland only.

P. C. & Y. trains for Carnegie, Beadling and Beechmont, 12:25 a. m., 11:10 a. m.

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

‡Note—6:00 p. m. train on Sundays to Youngstown only.

City ticket office, 257 Fifth ave., Park Bldg.

J. B. YOHE, Gen. Supt. L. A. ROBISON, Gen. Pass. Agent.

Pittsburgh, Pa.

BESSEMER & LAKE ERIE R. R.

Schedule in effect Nov. 23, 1902. Trains leave B. & O. depot, Allegheny (Eastern Standard time): For Erie, Girard, Conneaut, O., and Meadville, 7:30 a. m. and 1:15 p. m.; Greenville, Mercer, Grove City and Keister, 7:35 a. m., 1:15 p. m. and 3:15 p. m. All trains daily except Sunday.

E. D. COMSTOCK, G. P. A., Pittsburgh, Pa.

It's easy to haul a big load up a big hill if you grease the wagon wheels with MICA Axle Grease

Get a box and learn why it's the best grease ever put on an axle. Sold everywhere. Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

NEW FRESCOES WERE BLESSED

Impressive Ceremonies at the East End Franciscan Church.

D. FALCONIO PRESIDED

Eminent Men Among the Clergy and Holy Orders Participated in Solemn Procession—Faithful Granted 100 Days' Indulgence.

Pittsburgh has seldom witnessed a more solemn religious service than that which yesterday characterized the blessing of the new frescoes in the Church of Our Lady, Help of Christians, in Meadow street. Mgr. Falconio, apostolic delegate from Rome, occupied the crimson-draped throne in the magnificent new marble sanctuary during the celebration of pontifical high mass in the morning. In the evening, at the observance of solemn vespers, Bishop Richard Phelan of the Pittsburgh diocese attended. At both services the crowd of worshipers was so great that many were turned away from the doors.

The mass was preceded by the bestowal of the blessing. The frescoes, representing imitations of old-time paintings of the apostles St. Matthew, St. Mark, St. Luke and St. John, are studded in the most elaborate decorations, bordered with the insignia of the church. In the high arched ceiling and the painted dome of the church 320 incandescent electric lights glowed upon the spacious auditorium, illuminating the frescoes and the brilliant scene in the sanctuary.

The Rev. Father Louis Foppiano was master of ceremonies, assisted by the Rev. Father Ubaldus Grilli, pastor of the congregation. While the choir sang the litany of the saints Mgr. Falconio, followed by the dignitaries of the clergy representing the priests of many local churches, as well as the representatives of the holy orders, marched through the aisles and around the interior of the edifice, meanwhile chanting the ritual of the blessing.

The Very Rev. Father E. A. Bush, vicar general, celebrated the mass, assisted by the Very Rev. Father Nacletus, deacon, and the Rev. Father Camillus Boniface, sub-deacon. The deacons of honor were the Rev. Father M. Heber of Holy Ghost college and the Rev. Father Hyacinth, provincial of the Capuchins.

The Very Rev. Father Maravallae, pastor of St. Anthony's parish in New York city, preached the sermon in the Italian language. When he mounted the white pulpit at the left of the altar he saluted the archbishop, who sat upon the throne at his right. The sermon was an eloquent tribute to the apostolic visitor and to the authority of the Roman pontiff. He spoke of the growth of Catholicism from the humble beginnings in the days of the apostles to the present time, pointing out the benefits which the church had carried to mankind in general and of its great work in promoting the advancement of civilization.

Upon the conclusion of the sermon Mgr. Falconio arose on the throne, and, wearing the miter and carrying the staff of the archbishop, bestowed an indulgence of 100 days on all the faithful who attended the service.

The music was in keeping with the imposing ceremony. The soloists were Miss L. Montverde, A. and T. Lagattollo. Mrs. F. Lagoria presided at the organ and J. Avernia assisted with the violin in Miss Montverde's rendition of the "Incarnatus" and "Agnus Dei."

During the afternoon a reception was held at the house of the Franciscan friars adjoining the church. Priests from nearly every parish in the local diocese attended. Bishop Phelan was present and received with the archbishop. Mgr. Falconio marveled at the growth of Pittsburgh and complimented the clergy on the work that had been accomplished in the Pittsburgh see. Dinner was served during the afternoon.

Solemn pontifical vespers last night closed the services. The attendance was limited to the capacity of the church. Mgr. Falconio will return to Washington today.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

CITY TO SHARE MR. PHIPPS' GIFT

Part of the $1,500,000 May be Used for Sanitarium at Cresson.

CUSTODIAN FAVORS IT

Pittsburgh Patients to Be Treated at What Will Be a Branch of the Proposed Philadelphia Institution.

In all probability Pittsburgh will have a sanitarium for the cure and care of tuberculosis in the near future. A determined effort was inaugurated in the Carnegie Music hall, Allegheny, yesterday afternoon, when Dr. Lawrence F. Flick of White Haven, near Philadelphia, made an informal address to a few representative men and women interested in the treatment of the disease.

Dr. Flick is the custodian of the $1,500,000 given by Henry Phipps, Jr., of this city, for the purpose of founding a tuberculosis sanitarium in Philadelphia. He has made a specialty of the disease for many years and has undertaken to found branches of the Phipps sanitarium in other large cities. He came to Pittsburgh at the instance of Francis J. Torrance, with whom he has been close friends for many years.

At yesterday's meeting Dr. Flick was the principal speaker. He thoroughly explained his method of treatment, and expressed the conviction that with proper care and treatment the disease could eventually be eliminated. He suggested Cresson, Pa., as a desirable location for a sanitarium for the treatment of patients of Pittsburgh and vicinity. He also said that the buildings he desired erected need not be elaborate ones, but on the contrary, should be very plain, but substantial. He said the cost of maintaining the institution would be slight.

Those who attended the meeting were Mr. and Mrs. Francis J. Torrance, ex-Judge and Mrs. Josiah Cohen, Dr. and Mrs. L. H. Williard, Miss Kate McKnight and Mrs. Dr. William W. Blair, Dr. W. W. Jones, Prof. John A. Brashear, Dr. A. L. Price, S. P. Harbison, C. C. Scaife and Emil Winter. The physicians present represented both the allopathic and the homeopathic schools.

It was determined that a large meeting should be held on Saturday, January 31, in the Pittsburgh chamber of commerce, and Prof. Brashear was chosen chairman. A permanent organization will then be effected. Prominent business and professional men and women of Pittsburgh and Allegheny will be invited to be present, and plans will be discussed. The funds for the maintenance of the sanitarium will come, it is thought, mainly from appropriations by the Pennsylvania legislature, but the citizens of the town receiving the benefits of the sanitarium are expected to make contributions.

STEEL CORPORATION BUYS LAKE TRACT

Will Hold Elk Creek Harbor Property for New Bessemer Terminals.

The United States Steel Corporation is reported to have closed its option for the Elk Creek harbor property, which was to have provided the lake terminals for the projected railroad of the new Union Steel Company. The property was taken over at the price of the purchase of H. C. Frick and the Mellons, being about $400,000 for the 2,000 acres. It is the purpose to utilize it for new terminals for the Bessemer railroad, which runs to within a few miles of the place.

Emmett Queen of Pittsburgh, Frank H. Buhl of Sharon and E. S. Templeton of Greenville are reported to have headed a syndicate which secured the options on the property and sold them to the Mellons and Mr. Frick. When the deal for the absorption of the Union Steel Company properties was closed by former Judge James H. Reed with the controlling interests of the Union and Sharon Steel Companies, a short-term option was taken on the Elk Creek property and this has been closed.

"Tired to death" is the feeling which frequently precedes a collapse. Don't neglect the warning. Dr. D. Jayne's Tonic Vermifuge will remove the obstructions and pave the way to health.

TWO PASTORS LEAVING CITY

Tribute Paid to Rev. E. A. Blake of Christ M. E. Church.

TAKING A YEAR'S REST

Rev. William H. Swallow of the Fourth Ave. Baptist Congregation, Reads His Resignation from the Pulpit.

The Rev. Dr. Daniel Dorchester, Jr., a former pastor of Christ Methodist Episcopal church, will assume charge of that congregation after the first Sunday in April. On that day the present pastor, the Rev. Edwin A. Blake, will complete his charge there and will take a year's vacation. Dr. Dorchester, until last Friday, was pastor of the Lingel avenue church at St. Louis, Mo. Then he was relieved of his charge and his appointment by Bishop Fitzgerald to his old pastorate will take place shortly.

At the service yesterday morning the Rev. T. N. Boyle, presiding elder of the Pittsburgh district of the Methodist conference, occupied the pulpit in lieu of Dr. Blake, who preached at Cornell university. At the conclusion of his sermon Dr. Boyle announced to the congregation that Dr. Blake would not be reappointed to his charge. Dr. Boyle said:

There has been some talk and some publication in the papers about the pastoral relations of Dr. Blake and this church, and I deem it proper for me to make a statement at this time, that all members of the congregation may fully understand the situation. Dr. Blake has been advising with me for two months and has reached a conclusion which he wished to be regarded as final. It is his desire that his relations with this church shall cease on the first Sunday of April, 1903. He is contemplating a year's rest from active work and is now perfecting arrangements by which he will be left without an appointment for a year.

I have found him a Christian gentleman and in every way worthy of the confidence and esteem in which he is held by you. The church owes him a debt of gratitude for the faithful and efficient services he has rendered as pastor. I hope that the closing months of his ministry among you will be pleasant and prosperous.

The Rev. William Henry Swallow, assistant pastor of the Fourth avenue Baptist church, tendered his resignation to the congregation at the services yesterday morning. Mr. Swallow accepted a call to become assistant pastor of the Warren avenue Baptist church, Boston. The announcement of Mr. Swallow's resignation took the form of the following letter, which he read to the congregation:

Dear friends of the Fourth Avenue church:

I thank my God upon every remembrance of you, always in every prayer of mine for you all, making request with joy for your fellowship in the gospel from the first day until now; and it is right for me to think this of you all, because I have you in my heart. Another month and I shall have been with you, serving in the gospel, for nine years and six months.

Coming to you as a pastor's helper and assistant pastor of the church, entirely unknown, you took me into your hearts and have given me royal support and help until I have long since come to be a real copastor and your minister in every deal. Your loyalty has made this, my service, a very happy one, and it is as your "minister" that I wish to be remembered.

It is now perfectly clear to me that the time has come when these relations should be severed, and that I should lay down these high duties and responsibilities. I do, therefore, herewith offer you my resignation that I may accept a unanimous call to service and ministry in the Warren Avenue church of Boston, Mass.

With all my heart I thank you for your love and co-operation in all these years of our services together. I shall ever be mindful of your great patience and forebearance with all my faults and failures. Our God will reward you. I commend you to his grace.

This resignation to be in effect, if it meet your approval, in accordance with the time named in my telegram of the 10th inst., on the last Sunday in January. Yours in love and in bonds of Christian fellowship,

WILLIAM HENRY SWALLOW.

The committee having in charge the selection of a pastor for the congregation has not yet announced their choice. It is understood that the announcement will be made shortly. The new pastor may have an assistant appointed, if he so desires.

McKillop Named for Burgess.

HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA., Jan. 18.—(Special.)—At the Hollidaysburg primaries last evening this municipal ticket was nominated: Burgess, McKillop; councils, Joseph B. Condron, Louis Wiseman; school directors, William B. Reed, Dr. J. R. Humes; auditor, Charles B. Roller; tax receiver, John S. Keagy.

The Early Marriage Question.

Philosophers still differ about early marriages, but they are most likely to turn out happily if accompanied by early saving. A savings account with the Commonwealth Real Estate and Trust Company, 327-29-31 Fourth avenue, bears 4 per cent interest and is a help to happiness at any time of life.

Foundation Food Above All.

——Food that forms the greatest fund of vitality is the food that contains the greatest amount of strength-giving properties.

——The grain which makes the flour which makes **Uneeda Biscuit** must possess to a high degree the elements of nutrition.

——This is necessary, not only to reach the highest standard of food value, but to maintain the *same* degree of excellence without any deviation in each and every baking.

——For *goodness* that *does good* **Uneeda Biscuit** belongs to the family of bread and meat. Sold in the In-er-seal Package with red and white seal—

5¢

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

Makes Silver look like Silver
GORHAM SILVER POLISH
Puts and keeps silver in order
Contains nothing injurious
All responsible jewelers keep it 25 cents a package

MISS BIGGAR WILL SUE EXECUTOR M'NULTY

Actress Abandons Defense Attitude and Will Become Aggressive.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

FREEHOLD, N. J., Jan. 18.—Laura Biggar made a flying visit here today, made a social call on Hendricks and Stanton at the county jail, held a brief consultation with her lawyers and left this afternoon for New York, where she begins a week's engagement at Proctor's theater tomorrow. She is endeavoring to secure bail for the prisoners.

Miss Biggar is not in good health. The strain which she has undergone, she says, has exhausted her strength. It is authoritatively stated tonight that she will not continue longer on the defensive regarding her interests in the Bennett estate, but that her lawyers will take immediate steps to establish her rights as widow of Henry M. Bennett, in the court of chancery of this state. It is likewise stated on equally good authority that she will institute a suit for false imprisonment against Peter McNulty, the executor of the Bennett will, who appeared against her as complainant in the conspiracy case. She will likewise, it is said, file an appeal against the $12,000 counsel fees allowed by Judge Heisley to the lawyers for the executors in the proceedings connected with the probate of the Bennett will in the orphans' court in this county.

"My Old Virginia Home," given with The Gazette last Sunday, has greatly pleased our patrons. Next Sunday a better song by same composer.

HORNE-STEWART CO
DRY-GOODS
JANUARY CLEARANCE
Wednesday and Thursday
SILKS AND DRESS GOODS CLOAKS AND SUITS FURS
MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS
CURTAINS AND DRAPERIES ORIENTAL RUGS TEAKWOODS AND CLOISSONNE
UNDERWEAR AND HOSIERY MILLINERY AND RIBBONS
BLANKETS AND COMFORTS LINENS AND LACES
MUSLIN UNDERWEAR INFANTS' WEAR WAISTS
ART DEPARTMENT CLEARANCE
FOR FIRST DETAILS OF THE SELLING
See Chronicle Telegraph
Tuesday Evening
Remnants Odds and Ends
Shop by Mail. 233-235 FIFTH AVENUE Buy by Phone.

BARGAIN SALE
The Pennsylvania Trust Company
Trustee in Bankruptcy for the estate of the Scully Belting and Supply Co., at No. 2014 in Bankruptcy, will receive sealed bids until
THURSDAY, January 22, 1903
AT 2 O'CLOCK P. M.
on the entire stock of Rubber Goods and Fixtures, at the place of business, No. 301 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
The stock is now open for inspection.
The company reserves the right to reject any or all bids.
Sale to be subject to the approval of the United States Court.
Pennsylvania Trust Co.,
TRUSTEE,
410 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

IN the court of common pleas, No. 1, No. 263, December term, 1902.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the construction of a lateral sewer on Caldwell street, an unnamed alley, an unnamed 6-foot alley, an unnamed 10-foot alley and through private property, from Eckert street to line of California avenue bridge, Eleventh ward.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned viewers, appointed by the court of common pleas, No. 1, of Allegheny county, in the foregoing matter, filed their report in the said court on the 17th day of January, A. D. 1903, and unless exceptions thereto are filed within thirty days from said date of filing, their report will be confirmed absolutely.

Following is a schedule of the damages, costs and expenses of the improvement, the damages ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed, as shown by the report and schedule filed in the court aforesaid.

CHARLES SHIELDS,
A. B. HAY,
SAMUEL M'CULLOUGH,
Viewers.

ASSESSMENT OF DAMAGES APART FROM SPECIAL BENEFITS.

Geo. Winkler (John W. Davis)	$ 44 00
Geo. Dirschreigel	44 00
J. Zinke	44 00
Total	$ 132 00

ASSESSMENT OF COST AND EXPENSES.

Total costs and expenses, $1,596 87.	
Total cost of improvement	$1,596 87
Total damages	132 00
Total costs, damages and expenses	$1,728 87

SCHEDULE.

Assessment of properties peculiarly benefited to pay total damages, costs and expenses.

Total damages, costs and expenses, $1,728 87.

West Side—	
Hanna McKain	$ .....
John Hovan	60 00
P. Wall	150 00
Alley—	
P. Wall	$ 40 00
Alley, North Side—	
P. Wall	$ 44 00
Geo. Winkler (John W. Davis)	44 00
Geo. Dirschreigel	44 00
J. Zinke	44 00
East Side—	
Faso Domiana	$ .....
Geo. Shiras III.	44 00
Geo. Shiras III.	48 00
A. Payton	48 00
Mary G. Moran (A. Payton)	44 00
Alley—	
P. Wall	$ 60 00
Total	$ 670 00

Amount assessed against the city of Allegheny, being the difference between the total amount of damages, costs and expenses of said improvement and the total amount of special or peculiar benefits.

Brought forward	$ 670 00
City of Allegheny	$1,058 87
Total	$1,728 87

All of which is respectfully submitted.
CHARLES SHIELDS,
A. B. HAY,
SAMUEL M'CULLOUGH,
Viewers.
Allegheny, January 17, 1903.

IN the court of common pleas, No. 3, No. 250, November term, 1902.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the construction of a main sewer on Broadway, from an unnamed 10-foot alley, to a point 350 feet more or less, east of a 40-foot street, Fifteenth ward.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned viewers, appointed by the court of common pleas, No. 3, of Allegheny county, in the foregoing matter, filed their report in the said court on the 17th day of January, A. D. 1903, and unless exceptions thereto are filed within 30 days from said date of filing, their report will be confirmed absolutely.

Following is a schedule of the damages, costs and expenses of the improvement, the damages ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed as shown by the report and schedule filed in the court aforesaid.

SAMUEL A. PURVIS,
S. T. M'CLELLAND,
H. P. M'CULLOUGH,
Viewers.

ASSESSMENT OF COST AND EXPENSES.

Total costs and expenses, $2,463 01.	
Total cost of improvement	$2,463 01

SCHEDULE.

Assessment of properties peculiarly benefited to pay total damages, costs and expenses.

Total damages, costs and expenses, $2,463 01.

North Side—	
M. Lyons, et al	$ 260 00
James Munden	384 00
Forty-Foot Street—	
L. E. Huseman	$ 100 00
O. B. Hazlett	2 50
L. E. Huseman	212 00
Wm. Diem	110 00
Jacob Covert	254 00
South Side—	
V. Stork	$ 288 80
L. Zeumer	39 00
W. C. F. Piel	39 00
Wm. J. Lutz	39 00
L. Zeumer	78 00
J. K. Hack	78 00
A. M. Waechter	39 00
Thomas H. Campbell (Wm. Orr)	78 00
Margaret Campbell (Thos. Campbell)	78 00
Sarah O'Neil	.....
C. Scott	39 00
Michael Hill	198 12
Total	$2,346 01

Amount assessed against the city of Allegheny being the difference between the total amount of damages, costs and expenses of said improvement and the total amount of special or peculiar benefits.

Brought forward	$2,346 01
City of Allegheny	117 00
Total	$2,463 01

All of which is respectfully submitted.
SAMUEL A. PURVIS,
S. T. M'CLELLAND,
H. P. M'CULLOUGH,
Viewers.
Allegheny, January 17, 1903.

IN the court of common pleas, No. 1, No. 288, December term, 1902.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the construction of a lateral sewer on an unnamed street, from Antrim street to north end of street, Eleventh ward.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned viewers, appointed by the court of common pleas, No. 1, of Allegheny county, in the foregoing matter, filed their report in the said court on the 17th day of January, A. D. 1903, and unless exceptions thereto are filed within thirty days from said date of filing, their report will be confirmed absolutely.

Following is a schedule of the damages, costs and expenses of the improvement, the damages ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed as shown by the report and schedule filed in the court aforesaid.

CHARLES SHIELDS,
A. B. HAY,
SAMUEL M'CULLOUGH,
Viewers.

ASSESSMENT OF COST AND EXPENSES.

Total costs and expenses, $1,018 98.	
Total costs and expenses, $1,018 94.	

SCHEDULE.

Assessment of properties peculiarly benefited to pay total damages, costs and expenses.

Total damages, costs and expenses, $1,018 94.

West Side—	
A. F. Schwerd	$ 52 16
A. F. Schwerd	179 30
A. F. Schwerd (S. P. Hohnson)	156 48
A. F. Schwerd	631 00
East Side—	
B. J. & C. Casement	$ .....
D. E. Lewis & M. Lewis	.....
A. F. Schwerd	.....
A. McL. Milligan (Anna M. Gregg)	.....
A. McL. Milligan (Blanchard heirs)	.....
A. McL. Milligan (Clara B. McFall)	.....
A. McL. Milligan (A. M. Milligan)	.....
A. McL. Milligan (O. E. Milligan)	.....
A. McL. Milligan (Mrs. E. M. Milligan	.....
Total	$1,018 94

Amount assessed against the city of Allegheny, being the difference between the total amount of damages, costs and expenses of said improvement and the total amount of special or peculiar benefits.

City of Allegheny, nothing.

All of which is respectfully submitted.
CHARLES SHIELDS,
A. B. HAY,
SAMUEL M'CULLOUGH,
Viewers.
Allegheny, January 17, 1903.

IN the court of common pleas, No. 3, No. 622, November term, 1902.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the construction of a lateral sewer on Tell street, from an unnamed alley to eastern terminus of street, Thirteenth ward.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned viewers, appointed by the court of common pleas, No. 3, of Allegheny county, in the foregoing matter, filed their report in the said court on the 17th day of January, A. D. 1903, and unless exceptions thereto are filed within thirty days from said date of filing, their report will be confirmed absolutely.

Following is a schedule of the damages, costs and expenses of the improvement, the damages ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed, as shown by the report and schedule filed in the court aforesaid.

SAML'L A. PURVIS,
D. O. BARR,
J. H. DAWSON,
Viewers.

ASSESSMENT OF COST AND EXPENSES.

Total costs and expenses, $1,073 94.	
Total cost of improvement, $1,073 94.	

SCHEDULE.

Assessment of properties peculiarly benefited to pay total damages, costs and expenses.

Total damages, costs and expenses, $1,073 94.

South Side—	
Thos. Nimick (Margaret Nimeschek)	$ 79 20
Rosa Groshaupt	39 60
S. Kuster	39 60
Katherine Arnold	39 60
Louis Blind	39 60
Charlotte Heidenreich	81 00
Jos. W. Kufner	81 00
Johann Heberle	39 60
John Sperak	39 60
Jos. Spinski (Jos. Sprusky)	41 40
John J. Schlereth	45 00
John Triner	45 00
North Side—	
B. Hischner (J. Wagenhauser)	$ 23 34
Michael Schmidt	22 00
Andreas Muelier	28 00
Henry Herr	22 00
Gustave Wirth	22 00
Louisa Wirth	44 00
Jos. Hoehreil	45 00
Magdalena Tafata	40 80
Martin Wolhofer (Maria Wolhofer)	61 20
Chas. C. Harms	68 40
Anthony Platz	81 00
Total	$1,073 94

Amount assessed against the city of Allegheny, being the difference between the total amount of damages, costs and expenses of said improvement and the total amount of special or peculiar benefits.

City of Allegheny, nothing.

All of which is respectfully submitted.
SAML'L A. PURVIS,
S. T. M'CLELLAND,
E. E. PHILLIPS,
Viewers.

ASSESSMENT OF COST AND EXPENSES.

Total costs and expenses, $8,406 61.	
Total cost of improvement, $8,406 61.	

SCHEDULE.

Assessment of properties peculiarly benefited to pay total damages, costs and expenses.

Total damages, costs and expenses, $8,406 61.

West Side—	
D. W. Morrison	$ 332 30
Rev. R. Phelan, trustee	1,358 04
John C. Reed	150 96
Minnie Doerr	150 96
H. and M. M. Fulton	150 96
Westley J. Nicklas	150 96
Geo. G. Nicklas	150 96
Rose Donovan	104 19
Jane Pusey	1,479 41
Adolph Sutter	362 30
A. Sutter	150 96
Jane Pusey	150 96
Jane Pusey (Edw. Jones)	150 96
Mrs. G. Knauf	150 96
Jane Pusey	129 77
Jane Pusey	241 54
Jane Pusey	90 58
J. K. Richardson	150 96
John Knoblock	150 96
Sara B. Smith	150 96
Mary J. Winters	150 96
Robt. C. Curry	150 96
Anna Z. Lambert	150 96
Alice Dowey	150 96
Alice Dowey	301 92
Ella Jones	150 96
A. H. Gilchrist	150 96
E. W. Richardson	150 96
A. E. Jones	150 96
Isabel Grant	150 96
W. H. Brow et ux	150 96
Lucy A. Behring	150 96
Bernard Faust	150 96
M. J. Martin	150 96
M. W. Grier	150 96
Total	$8,406 61

Amount assessed against the city of Allegheny, being the difference between the total amount of damages, costs and expenses of said improvement and the total amount of special or peculiar benefits.

City of Allegheny, nothing.

All of which is respectfully submitted.
SAMUEL A. PURVIS,
S. T. M'CLELLAND,
E. E. PHILLIPS,
Viewers.
Allegheny, January 17, 1903.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

IN the court of common pleas, No. 2, No. 634, at bar term, 1902.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the construction of a lateral sewer on Florida street, from Verner avenue to Michigan avenue, Eleventh ward.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned viewers, appointed by the court of common pleas No. 2, of Allegheny county, in the foregoing matter, filed their report in the said court on the 17th day of January, A. D. 1903, and unless exceptions thereto are filed within 30 days from said date of filing their report will be confirmed absolutely.

Following is a schedule of the damages, costs and expenses of the improvement, the damages ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed as shown by the report and schedule filed in the court aforesaid.

J. P. BINGAMAN,
S. S. GILSON,
CHAS. E. CAUGHEY,
Viewers.

ASSESSMENT OF COST AND EXPENSES.

Total costs and expenses, $2,520.45.
Total cost of improvement, $2,520.45.

SCHEDULE.

Assessment of properties peculiarly benefited to pay total damages, costs and expenses.

Total damages, costs and expenses, $2,520.45.

North Side—	
John Dewar	$ 50 00
Margaret B. Dewar	100 00
Julius Stewart	48 75
Richard W. Fisher	75 00
John Dewar	150 00
E. R. Baldinger	46 00
Jas. H. Crawford	25 00
John Kingston	25 00
J. T. Rice	25 00
U. S. Emerich	25 00
Geo. I. Rudolph	50 00
Wm. P. Wetzler	25 00
T. M. Vanderveer	93 75
T. M. Vanderveer	86 25
South Side—	
E. Cosslett	$ 48 00
Wm. Hayden (John Miller)	48 00
Annie Lonkert	48 00
C. V. Stonecipher	48 00
Jos. Huttinger	48 00
Jos. Huttinger	48 00
Geo. J. Hoelsche	48 00
Ernest R. Braun	48 00
Clark T. Rose	48 00
Mrs. E. M. Freeman	48 00
Cath. Stewart	60 00
Wyoming street—	
Chas. W. Dahlinger	$ 105 00
John Smith (Thos. M. Vandervеer)	187 50
Total	$1,602 25

Amount assessed against the city of Allegheny, being the difference between the total amount of damages, costs and expenses of said improvement and the total amount of special or peculiar benefits.

Brought forward	$1,602 25
City of Allegheny	918 20
Total	$2,520 45

All of which is respectfully submitted.
J. P. BINGAMAN,
S. S. GILSON,
CHAS. E. CAUGHEY,
Viewers.
Allegheny, Jan. 17, 1903.

IN the court of common pleas No. 3, No. 437, November term, 1902.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the grading, paving and curbing of Norwood avenue, from Charles street to Hawkins avenue, Tenth ward.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned viewers, appointed by the court of common pleas No. 3 of Allegheny county, in the foregoing matter, filed their report in the said court on the 17th day of January, A. D. 1903, and unless exceptions thereto are filed within 30 days from said date of filing, their report will be confirmed absolutely.

Following is a schedule of the damages, costs and expenses of the improvement, the damages ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed as shown by the report and schedule filed in the court aforesaid.

SAMUEL A. PURVIS,
S. T. M'CLELLAND,
E. E. PHILLIPS,
Viewers.

ASSESSMENT OF COST AND EXPENSES.

Total costs and expenses, $8,406 61.
Total cost of improvement, $8,406 61.

SCHEDULE.

Assessment of properties peculiarly benefited to pay total damages, costs and expenses.

Total damages, costs and expenses, $8,406 61.

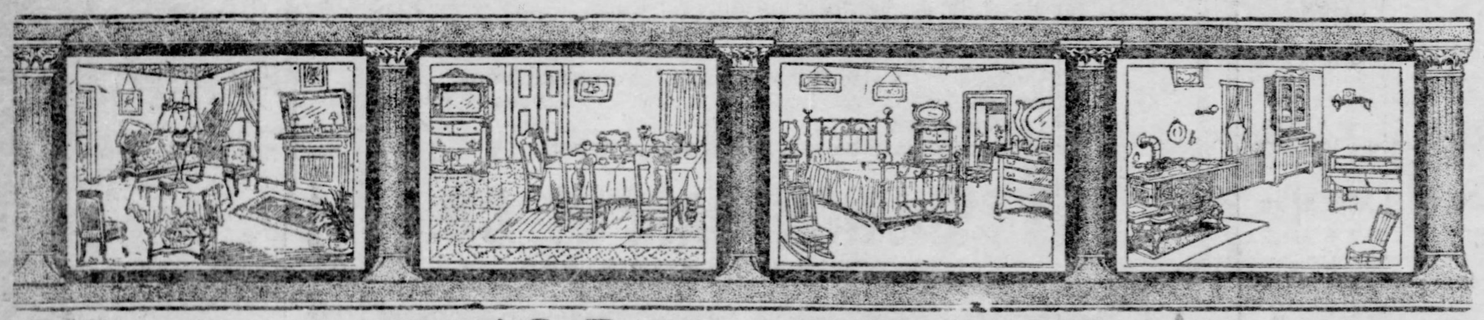
West Side—	
D. W. Morrison	$ 332 30
Rev. R. Phelan, trustee	1,358 04
John C. Reed	150 96
Minnie Doerr	150 96
H. and M. M. Fulton	150 96
Westley J. Nicklas	150 96
Geo. G. Nicklas	150 96
Rose Donovan	104 19
Jane Pusey	1,479 41
Adolph Sutter	362 30
A. Sutter	150 96
Jane Pusey	150 96
Jane Pusey (Edw. Jones)	150 96
Mrs. G. Knauf	150 96
Jane Pusey	129 77
Jane Pusey	241 54
Jane Pusey	90 58
J. K. Richardson	150 96
John Knoblock	150 96
Sara B. Smith	150 96
Mary J. Winters	150 96
Robt. C. Curry	150 96
Anna Z. Lambert	150 96
Alice Dowey	150 96
Alice Dowey	301 92
Ella Jones	150 96
A. H. Gilchrist	150 96
E. W. Richardson	150 96
A. E. Jones	150 96
Isabel Grant	150 96
W. H. Brow et ux	150 96
Lucy A. Behring	150 96
Bernard Faust	150 96
M. J. Martin	150 96
M. W. Grier	150 96
Total	$8,406 61

Amount assessed against the city of Allegheny, being the difference between the total amount of damages, costs and expenses of said improvement and the total amount of special or peculiar benefits.

City of Allegheny, nothing.

All of which is respectfully submitted.
SAMUEL A. PURVIS,
S. T. M'CLELLAND,
E. E. PHILLIPS,
Viewers.
Allegheny, January 17, 1903.

WHY NOT KEEP HOUSE?



4 Rooms $150
Parlor, Dining Room, Bedroom and Kitchen—furnished complete, all ready for housekeeping, as in the above picture. (Carpet included.)

3 Rooms $100
Dining Room, Bedroom and Kitchen—furnished complete, all ready for housekeeping—just as you see in picture. (Carpet included.)

2 Rooms $65
Bedroom and Kitchen—furnished complete, all ready for housekeeping as shown in the above picture. (Carpet included.)

MAKE YOUR OWN TERMS—A DOLLAR OR TWO WILL DO

MARRIED FOLKS
And those who expect to get married are cordially invited to see Spear & Co.'s room outfits. They are the handsomest outfits ever designed for anything like the prices asked. You can get every requisite for housekeeping on your own terms. Do not fail to come in to see what this advertisement describes.
REMEMBER.
CREDIT FREE TO ALL

SPEAR & CO
908 AND 910 PENN AVENUE.

IMPORTANT NOTICE
We particularly request a call from persons who are looking around to see where they can purchase housefurnishings to the best advantage. You can easily demonstrate that everything in the housefurnishing line can be had here at most favorable prices. This is the largest furniture and carpet house in the State, and
The Store That Made Penn Avenue Famous

SIGN OF WARNING TO BOXER REBELS

Monument to Von Ketteler Dedicated at Chinese Capital.

ALSO PEACE SYMBOL

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

Peking, Jan. 18.—The dedication of the Von Ketteler memorial arch, which occurred today, was an impressive ceremony. The arch was erected by China.

Baron von Ketteler was the German minister who was killed by Boxers at the outbreak of the Boxer trouble. The dedication took place in the presence of a brilliant assemblage of diplomats, many Chinese officials, all the military officers in Peking, the entire foreign community of the city, as well as German officers and civilians from Tien-tsin and other cities. The streets and roofs from which a view of the function was to be had were crowded with Chinese. The German troops were aligned in the street south of the arch, while the Chinese soldiers occupied the corresponding position to the north. Baron von Der Goltz, first secretary of the German legation, officiated in behalf of Germany, and Prince Chun, brother of the emperor, who was sent to Germany to apologize for the murder of the minister, represented China at the altar, while imperial sacrificial vessels were erected before the arch. When Prince Chun arrived he was escorted to the arch by Baron von Der Goltz, and he poured out a libation in honor of the dead man. He then spoke as follows:

"This monument is to be a warning to the people, a sign of the friendly relations between our two countries and a symbol of peace."

To these words Baron von Der Goltz replied:

"The monument has been consecrated to the emperor of Germany by the emperor of China as a permanent proof of the anger of the emperor at this crime. In erecting this monument in China he fulfills an obligation he took up after the events of 1900. The monument shall stand as a sermon to posterity and as a lasting symbol of the desire of the Chinese government to promote and perpetuate friendly relations with foreign governments."

These two speeches were read in German and in Chinese. After the dedication the German troops marched under the arch while the bands played national airs.

DESERTED PARKS FOR THE INSTITUTE

Cold Weather Made Few Wanderers Over Hills Sorry They Ventured Out.

The extremely severe weather affected the attendance yesterday at the two city parks, but, cold as the day was, many people risked pneumonia to visit the zoo and the Carnegie Institute. Not since the loan exhibition closed has the attendance been so large at the latter as yesterday. Until the time of the opening of the free organ recital the museum was crowded all the afternoon. When the doors opened in the music hall the visitors, many of whom were strangers in the city, soon filled the hall, occupying nearly every seat in the gallery and auditorium.

Efforts were made to open the permanent art collection Saturday afternoon, but it could not be done. The exhibition will open some time during the present week, but the day has not been decided upon.

The attendance at the zoo was small. The north wind whistled through Highland park, and few people cared to risk their health to see the monkeys and other animals. About the only living things in the vicinity of the zoo that enjoyed the weather yesterday were the Polar bears. They rolled on the ice around the sides of their tanks and every little while plunged into the freezing water. A very handsome horned owl was donated to the zoo during the week by Charles E. Meanor of East Liverpool, O.

"Gusky," the female elephant that has delighted thousands of children since she was presented to the zoo, gave an exhibition of her love for drink yesterday. As she eats about two tons of hay daily, besides a lot of oats and bran, she generally acquires a big thirst late in the afternoon and drinks from 20 to 30 gallons of water. As each bucket is emptied she picks it up with her trunk and hands it to her keeper. Superintendent Ernest Tretow says that during the hot summer months "Gusky" drinks about 60 gallons of water a day.

DEATHS BY ACCIDENT.

Interstate Commerce Commission Presents Appalling Three Months Record.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—A statement prepared by the interstate commerce commission shows that during the three months ended September 30, 1902, there were 263 persons killed and 2,613 injured in train accidents. Other kinds of accidents, including those sustained by employes while at work and by passengers in getting on or off the cars, etc., bring the total number of casualties up to 12,007, the killed numbering 845 and the injured 11,162.

During the three months covered by the statement, the traffic of a large majority of the railroads has been heavier than ever before, necessitating the employment of new men for service in train and yard work. The total number of collisions and derailments was 2,448, of which 1,444 were collisions and 1,014 derailments, of which 51 collisions and 92 derailments affected passenger trains. The damage to cars, engines and roadway by these accidents amounted to $2,198,500.

Admitted He Had Stolen.

William Bryan admitted to the police of Braddock yesterday that he had stolen about $150 from David Ramsey of 412 Talbot avenue, Braddock, with whom he boarded. Ramsey had missed the money, but as he had seven boarders it was hard for him to figure out who had taken it. Bryan, however, directed suspicion to himself by making preparations to go west. He got as far as Pittsburgh, but was followed by one of Ramsey's sons, who by threats induced him to go back to Braddock.

RUNAWAY LOVERS ARRIVE AT MENTONE

MENTONE, FRANCE, Jan. 18.—The crown princess of Saxony and M. Giron, with whom she eloped, have arrived here and intend to stay two months. They have taken the name of M. and Mme. Andre Gerard.

Croup, that swift-working, alarming enemy of children, can nearly always be vanquished with Dr. D. Jayne's Expectorant.

A 25c song that you will like with next Sunday's Gazette.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

MINERS STAMPEDE TO NEW ELDORADO

Another Rich Gold Find Is Reported Made in Alaska.

CIRCLE IS DESERTED

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

Seattle, Wash., Jan. 18.—A special to the Times from Dawson says:

A tremendously rich strike, the magnitude of which has never been equalled since Bob Henderson told his wonderful story of the Klondike, has been made 18 miles north of a point on Tanana river, 300 miles from its source, in American territory.

Circle has been depopulated and a wild stampede of prospectors from all the surrounding country is in progress. Few have yet reached the discovery.

The holes that have proved the wealth of the country were sunk late last winter, and the first man to reach Dawson from the new country has just arrived. He is J. Wada, a Japanese well known in Dawson, where his veracity and honesty are well known. So far, the report has not been spread to any extent in Dawson, but the little that has been told has created an excitement that surely means a stampede.

The gist of Wada's report is that the district resembles the Klondike in its physical formation, but has a heavier growth of timber. Gold in widely different kinds had been found in eight different creeks when Wada left for Dawson, on December 22.

The original strike was made on Pedro, a creek running parallel with Tanana, about 18 miles from the river. This creek is staked for miles.

Pedro creek, when the discovery was made, has not as yet equaled Gold Stream. Seven cents is the richest find, but its wealth is better indicated in a statement that Costa brothers sank seven holes to bedrock and found an even run of gold in every one, with a pay streak over eight feet deep right through with a depth of about 600 feet.

Gold Stream is a big district, three claims (Alaska dimension) wide. It was not all staked out when Wada left. About 100 men are working the ground.

Jack Costa was offered $50,000 for his claim on Gold Stream and refused it.

PUBLIC APOLOGY TO BOSS COMES TONIGHT

Twentieth Ward Citizens Committee Is Slated to Eat Some Humble Pie.

There will be a merry war in the Twentieth ward tonight. The Citizens ward committee of 45 will meet. It will be remembered that 27 members of the committee at a meeting about two weeks ago signed a statement denouncing William B. Hays, Boss Tommy's recordership candidate.

Since then promises of fat offices have been liberally dished out by Boss Tommy, and several of the men who signed the statement have been quoted as saying that they would take it all back, and intimating that they must have been hypnotized into signing.

Their public apology for daring to have minds of their own is to be made tonight in the form of a retraction of the former declaration against Hays, and a resolution lauding the nominee of the Third avenue boss.

It is understood that the meeting is to be conducted along strictly cut-and-dried lines, and the resolutions railroaded through. There is, however, a very considerable proportion of the Twentieth ward committee that did not accept any "gold bricks," and they promise that the meeting tonight will be rather warm if the Bigelow henchmen try to carry out their scheme.

The rank and file of the party, in the Twentieth, as well as other wards of the city, is unalterably opposed to Hays for recorder, and is requesting the men, who are slated for the public apology and bowing the knee to explain their reasons for this sudden change of front. Consequently, the meeting tonight may contain surprises for Boss Tommy.

WORK IS APPROVED.

Papal Delegate, Cardinal and Archbishop Indorse Endeavors of American Catholic Federation.

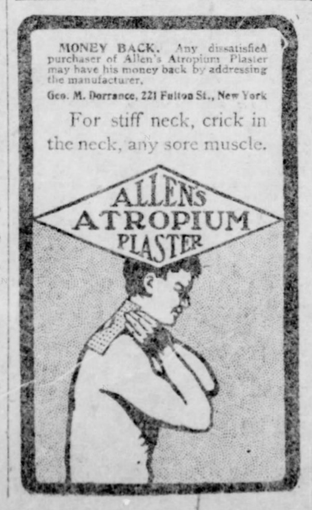
CINCINNATI, Jan. 18.—The executive board of the American Federation of Catholic societies has been in session here today. Among those present was F. W. Immekus, Pittsburgh, president of the Pennsylvania Staats Verband.

The morning session was devoted to a general discussion of the work of the federation and in hearing reports. Secretary Matre reported that, among others, the work of the federation was approved by Cardinal Martinelli, former papal delegate; Archbishop D. Fadconio, papal delegate; Cardinal Gibbons, Archbishops Elder, Cincinnati; Ryan, Philadelphia, and Williams, Boston.

Secretary Matre reported state federations in Ohio, New Jersey, Indiana and Massachusetts, and county federations in California, Colorado, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, Florida, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Texas, Wisconsin, West Virginia, Porto Rico, Vermont, Alabama, Delaware, Montana, Maine, North Carolina and Oregon.

Dr. Fred Brown for Mayor.

FRANKLIN, PA., Jan. 18.—(Special.)—The Republican city primaries were held here yesterday afternoon resulting in the nomination of Dr. Fred W. Brown for mayor, by over 200 majority, over J. Howard Smiley. Mark D. Mitchell and T. C. Fleming were nominated for school directors.

MONEY BACK. Any dissatisfied purchaser of Allen's Atropium Plaster may have his money back by addressing the manufacturer,
Geo. M. Dorrance, 221 Fulton St., New York
For stiff neck, crick in the neck, any sore muscle.


SAN JACINTO OIL CO. IN RECEIVER'S HANDS

Contracts for Crude Petroleum Are $1,500,000 Below Present Market Price.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

DALLAS, TEX., Jan. 18.—The San Jacinto Oil Company, one of the largest concerns in Dallas operating in the Beaumont field, was placed in the hands of a receiver yesterday, on the application of the Texas Cotton Products Company, which had a contract with the company for a large quantity of crude oil.

The Rev. J. B. Cranfill, a well-known Baptist minister and editor of Dallas, president of the company, said the complainant company had a contract with the San Jacinto company to purchase crude oil at 15 cents a barrel. This contract was one of 50, all of which were made at a time when the company's wells were gushers and producing thousands of barrels of oil per day.

Since that time one of the San Jacinto company's wells has failed entirely and production from the other two has practically ceased. It was, therefore, impossible to fill the contracts, as there was not enough oil produced by the wells to meet more than a small percentage of what the contracts demanded.

The differences between what the contracts called for and the present price for oil approximates $1,500,000. There are about 6,000 stockholders of the company, scattered over the United States.

Don't fail to try
BEECHAM'S PILLS
when suffering from any bad condition of the Stomach or Liver.
10c and 25c, at drug stores.

J. B. MURDOCH & CO.
Successors to A. M. & J. B. Murdoch.
TEL. 429. FLORAL EMBLEMS. 510 Smithfield St.

DEATHS.

ANSHUTZ—On Saturday, January 17, 1903, at 2 a. m., CHARLES, beloved son of Amelia and the late Frederick Anshutz, in the 32d year of his age.

Funeral services on Monday, January 19, at 2:30 p. m., from the family residence, McClure avenue, Allegheny. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

BOEHMER—On Thursday, January 13, 1903, at 10 p. m., at Aiken, S. C., WILLIAM BOEHMER, husband of Tillie S. Boehmer (nee Mankedick), in his 49th year.

Funeral from the residence of his sister, Mrs. John Spohn, Stanwix street, Mt. Washington, on Monday afternoon. Services at the Mt. Washington Presbyterian church, Grandview avenue, at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

BURCHFIELD—On Sunday, January 18, 1903, at 4 a. m., at Oakmont, Pa., THOMAS J. BURCHFIELD, aged 69 years.

Funeral services at the residence of his brother-in-law, J. P. Thorn, No. 414 C street, Oakmont, this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Interment in Oakmont cemetery.

CRAWFORD—On Sunday, January 18, 1903, at her residence, No. 921 Bingham street, South Side, SARAH B. EVANS, wife of Jacob Crawford, in her 67th year.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

CONNOLLY—On Saturday, January 17, 1903, at 9:50 p. m., JOHN CONNOLLY, aged 59 years, at the residence of his son, William J. Connolly, 536 California avenue, Allegheny.

Notice of funeral later.

CUTHBERT—On Friday, January 16, 1903, at 2:30 p. m., at the family residence, No. 408 Grove street, West Park, McKees Rocks, Pa., MARY ELEANOR, daughter of William and Mathilda L. Cuthbert (nee Irwin), aged 3 years 10 months.

Funeral services today at 1 p. m. Interment on Monday at Washington, Pa.

HUGHES—On Saturday, January 17, 1903, at 12 m., at the residence of Samuel F. Morrison, No. 6216 Hoeveler street, East End, JOHN C. HUGHES, son of the late James and Hanna Hughes of West Deer township, in his 41st year.

Funeral services at his late residence, West Deer township on Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock. Carriages leave Miller's (Etna) undertaking rooms at 7 a. m. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

(Butler papers please copy.)

KERR—On Monday, January 19, 1903, at 12:25 a. m., EMILIE DICKEN, wife of Charles H. Kerr and youngest daughter of J. Charles Dicken, Esq.

Notice of funeral later.

LINHART—Suddenly, on Saturday morning, January 17, 1903, JAMES P. LINHART of Turtle Creek, Pa., in his 46th year.

Funeral services on Tuesday, January 20, at 10 a. m., at the Lutheran church, Airbrake avenue, Turtle Creek, Pa.

M'CUTCHEON—Suddenly, on Saturday, January 17, 1903, at 7:30 a. m., SAMUEL M'CUTCHEON, aged 56 years.

Funeral on Monday, January 19, at 2 p. m., from the residence of his son, William McCutcheon, No. 3514 Mellwood avenue. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

M'GILL—On Sunday, January 18, 1903, at 2:30 p. m., PATRICK M'GILL, aged 47 years.

Notice of funeral later.

MILLER—On Saturday, January 17, 1903, at 1:30 p. m., ELIZABETH MARTHA, daughter of Adam and Bridget Miller (nee Navvie), aged 3 years, 10 months, 27 days.

Funeral from parents' residence, No. 233 Ella street, Sixteenth ward, on Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

PROETHROE—On Sunday, January 18, 1903, at 1 p. m., WILLIAM PROETHROE, in his 78th year.

Funeral from his late residence, No. 22 Catherine street, Etna, Pa., on Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

(Warren (O.) papers please copy.)

SEARIGHT—Suddenly, on Friday, January 16, 1903, of dropsy, at the residence of his brother-in-law, Charles L. Howard, Canonsburg, Pa., JOSEPH S. SEARIGHT, in the 50th year of his age.

Funeral from Rochester, Pa. Interment in Service cemetery on Tuesday.

(Liverpool papers please copy.)

THOMPSON—On Saturday morning, January 17, 1903, JAMES CLARKE THOMPSON.

Funeral services at his late residence, No. 629 College avenue, on Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment private on Tuesday.

VAN HORN—On Saturday, January 17, 1903, at 2:20 a. m., MARY JULIA FISHERING, wife of Harry M. Van Horn.

Funeral services on Monday, January 19, at 2 p. m., at her late residence, No. 1210 Resaca place, Allegheny City, Pa. Interment private, at a later hour.

YOUNG—On Sabbath, January 18, 1903, at 6 a. m., at the residence of her son William, No. 1522 Gladstone street, Allegheny, MARTHA YOUNG.

Funeral services at Sixth United Presbyterian church, corner Franklin and Chartiers streets, Allegheny, on Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

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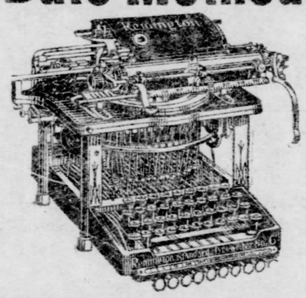
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NO MATTER HOW YOU MAKE IT,
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NO MATTER WHAT IT COSTS—
YOU CAN'T BEAT
Mother's Bread
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Better get your valuables into Safe Deposit—
The expense is trifling
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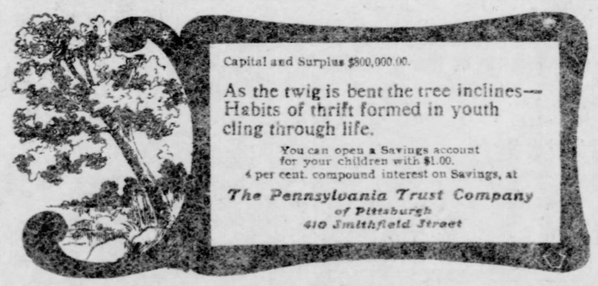
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Habits of thrift formed in youth cling through life.
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SAPOLIO
IS THE PROPER THING FOR HOUSE-CLEANING.

B. & B.
It's an undertaking to sell a stock as large as this, down to a point that we want it, at stock taking.
Half the month is gone and only half the task accomplished—and it's to be finished and that successfully.
The last half to be the most aggressive—goods and prices to prove it.
Some surplus lots
black goods
That will furnish practical evidence of what's stated at the head of this advertisement—and greater profit to those who buy.
Lupin's fine cord all-wool Popeline Taffetas, 42 inches wide—50c.
Lupin's Black Silk Warp $1.25 Crepes, 47 inches wide—50c.
$2.50 fine Imported Black Broadcloths, $1.75.
Splendid quality all wool Invisible Basket Weave Cheviottes, 56 inches wide, 50c
—not enough nap to sell for Zibelines—and that's the why and wherefore of such good, wide, all-wool Black Goods at practically half price.
Black Goods—stock was very large—in both staple and dressy kinds—and Prices throughout the stock that will make phenomenal business today and all week.
furs
Lot $8.50 Fox Boas, $5.00.
Lot of $5.00 Blended Mink Scarfs, $3.50.
Lot of $5.00 Marten Scarfs, $3.50.
Lot of $18.00 Chinchilla Scarfs, $13.50.
ladies' waists
$2.75 and $3.25 "Fisk, Clark & Flagg" and "Star" Waists, $1.00.
$2.50 Albatross Waists, Reseda, Light Blue and Rose, $1.50.
$1.50 and $2.00 Wool Waists, 75c.
Lot White Vesting Waists, $1.25.
$5.50 Black and Colored Silk Waists, $3.50.
women's house garments
$1.25 Eiderdown Dressing Sacques—Reds, Grays, Pinks, Blues, 75c.
$5.00 Eiderdown Bath Robes, $3.50—$7.50 and $6.50 ones, $5.00.
$3.50 and $3.00 Flannelette Bath Robes and Kimonas, $2.00.
petticoats
$10.00 Silk Taffeta Petticoats—Pink, Violets, Old Rose, $5.00—$12.50 ones, $7.50.
$5.00 Taffeta Petticoats, accordeon pleated, $3.00.
$7.50 Taffeta Petticoats, plain circular ruffles, $4.00.
1903 cottons
—most extensive collection ever submitted.
Large additional importations opened today and additional room given them.
Large and exclusive department of Cottons for Dressy Gowns—25c to $3.00 a yard.
A column could be filled with French names thereof—but names don't count—compared with extensive assortment—prettiness, and prices that are advantageous from the buyer's standpoint.
2,000 styles Imported Madras and Oxfords—from the most celebrated makers, including D. & J. Anderson—25c to 65c.
Some exquisite things in fine White Madras with woven embroidered colored figures—most beautiful texture adapted for Dressy Gowns and Waists, 45c and 65c
Novelty Cottons and Vestings—superb stock—35c to $1.75.
silks
A lot of rich, heavy, crinkled all-silk $1.25 Black Crepes at 50c—superior goods for entire gowns and waists—full 24 inches wide.
Rich Evening Silks at 50c, which were 75c, 85c and $1.00
—a cleaning up Evening Silks that every woman fond of Evening wear will be glad to get a chance at—Silk stock must be $50,000.00 less when take stock, Feb. 1st, and we're making prices to do it.
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Such sweeping reductions as never before made.
$70.00 Coats, $65.00 Coats, $55.00 Coats, $40.00 Coats } $25.00
—Black Silk—medium and three-quarter lengths.
$28.50 Long Cheviot Coats, $15.00.
$18.50 27-inch Unfinished Worsted Coats—half fitted back, $12.50.
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Assortments and styles unsurpassed anywhere—both printed and woven—15c to 45c.
5,000 yards of double width (yard wide) White ground Satin Striped Madras—with pretty, neat, far-apart printings in colors—great variety of styles, 12½c—the greatest value ever seen for Shirt Waist Gowns.
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For gowns and skirts, 27, 36 and 54 inches wide—Blues, Greens, Pinks, White and Natural Color—35c, 40c, 50c and 85c a yard.
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The good kind, today, tomorrow, every day. Store that's spotlessly clean, always inviting and always in readiness to save you money on your table supplies.
We want the man or woman who has never been to Haslage's to test how true all the foregoing is.
Every Day This Week
CALIFORNIA SLICED TABLE PEACHES, fancy goods, 1 lb. cans 10c.
CAPE VINCENT GREEN SPLIT PEAS, always 15c, this week, per qt., 10c.
STRAINED HONEY, delicious and guaranteed strictly pure, not 15c, but, this week, per bottle, 10c.
BRAZIL NUT PECANS, extra fancy and large; this week 10c lb.
OLIVES, 25c value, this week, per bottle, 18c.
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We've a good grocery store there also, and you'll appreciate its good qualities we're sure.
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DUQUESNE GARDENS
Skating Sessions Afternoons and Evenings.
Tonight at 9 QUINN Champion of World.

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ALVIN MAT. SAT. ONLY.
Nixon & Zimmerman present
FRANCIS WILSON in "THE TOREADOR."
Next Week—ROBERT EDESON in "SOLDIERS OF FORTUNE."
GRAND—THE NEW STOCK CO.
Week Commencing Monday Mat., Jan. 19th,
Clyde Fitch's Greatest Play,
"LOVER'S LANE."
Regular scale of prices prevail.
Bijou BARGAIN MATINEE TODAY
THE 4 COHANS—IN THE GOVERNOR'S SON.
Next Week—ALPHONSE AND GASTON.
AVENUE FAMILY THEATER.
THIS WEEK PAULINE HALL 15 Big Acts
Prices—15c, 25c, 35c, 50c.
EMPIRE—UP-TOWN COLLINS AVE. Reached by all Street Car Lines
This Week THE CHAPERONS.
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.
Next Week—BARNEY GILMORE.
DUQUESNE MATINEES EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY.
THE BIG LAUGHING FARCE COMEDY "PECK AND HIS MOTHER-IN-LAW."
HARRY WILLIAMS' ACADEMY Mat. 2. Eve. 8
WEEK Commencing Monday Evening, Jan. 19.
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THE BOSTON BURLESQUERS

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Anyone unable to purchase a copy of the Pittsburgh Gazette on trains or at news stands will confer a favor by reporting the same to this office.

MONDAY, JANUARY 19, 1903.

TWELVE PAGES.

It was hardly necessary for Attorney General Elkin to deny that he or his friends would attempt to interfere with confirmation by the state senate of the appointees of the new governor, for we doubt whether anyone entertained seriously a thought that they would. There could be no reason for opposing Gov. Pennypacker's selections except conspicuous unfitness, and if the list published in The Gazette of Saturday is the true one, this charge cannot be lodged against any one of them. Indeed, they are all men of proved ability and character. Furthermore, as Mr. Elkin says, the governor has the right to select his own cabinet, and the senate should confirm his appointments promptly.

Notice has been given to many tenants in this city and Allegheny that rents will be advanced in the spring. Rents are already high for residence properties in most sections, but following the law of supply and demand they will go higher. The amount of building that has been done during recent years is unequaled in the previous history of the community, yet it has not been sufficient to keep pace with the increase in population. Outside the limits of the two cities there has been building activity extraordinary, but the demand has steadily exceeded the supply throughout the county. The field ought to prove attractive to capital, and no doubt will, and then in course of time there will be houses for all who need them and probably more moderate rents.

The majority report of the councilmanic committee, investigating the subject, will oppose elevation of the bridges across the Allegheny river. There is ample warrant for the majority taking this attitude. The injuries that would be inflicted by the proposed raising of the bridges are patent to every observer, while the benefits to be derived by the city are altogether hypothetical. The change would be of undoubted advantage to a few owners of steamboats with high decks and tall smokestacks, but the property values to be destroyed on a single street would far outweigh the combined profits of all such steamboat owners for a century. Obviously it is contrary to the interests of the city to have the bridges raised, so the majority report is representative.

Hon. Abram S. Hewitt, who died yesterday morning, was a typical American citizen. By individual effort he rose from lowly station to a commanding position in the world of affairs, attaining wealth and influence. Mr. Hewitt was always a man of strong convictions and possessed of courage to defend them after assuring himself by a course of logical reasoning they were right. Rating himself a Democrat when the party had other principles than free trade, free silver and socialism, Mr. Hewitt declined to follow it into the swamps. But he was better known by his non-partisan participation in public affairs than in his political affiliations. Always of enterprising spirit in civic and business matters, he left his imprint upon the life of the metropolis and the nation. His counsel will be missed.

Coal was the watchword of the whole Pennsylvania system yesterday and will be during the week. The lines west, in particular, are making a heroic effort to relieve conditions in the fuelless regions by rushing Pittsburgh coal to them. In this matter the Pennsylvania displays wisdom in strong contrast to the policy of some farther west roads, which recently put an embargo upon coal just when it was most needed to combat zero weather. Coal is quite as necessary to the maintenance of human life in winter as food. Besides, it lies very near the foundation of the unparalleled prosperity which has prevailed in the United States. The wide-awake management of the Pennsylvania system has not overlooked the facts, and while its facilities preclude the movement of all freights, it is trying to meet most important demands first.

Chicago's desperate plight has spurred the Cook county grand jury to action looking to a better fuel supply. That body has found indictments against a large number of persons charged with entering into a conspiracy to keep coal off the Chicago market for their private enrichment. The evidence has not been made public, nor have the names of the persons indicted. Under the circumstances it would be idle to pass any opinion upon probable guilt or innocence of those against whom true bills have been found. But the belief is warranted that some persons have been guilty of fattening upon the distress of the people of Chicago. If their guilt can be proven they ought to be properly punished. Meantime the action of the grand jury may have a beneficial effect upon the immediate situation by causing the coal cornerers to loose their hold. Such a result would be much appreciated by the shivering population of the city.

Congress has not yet passed the postal currency bill, though the demand has been loud and persistent. Just why this bill is held up no one seems to know. The proposed postal notes would be of great advantage to the public in remitting small sums, postal revenues would not be materially affected and no interest would be injured as far as can be seen. Yet congress maintains a masterly inactivity that is irritating to say the least. While this inactivity prevails the man who desires to send 25 or 50 cents by mail continues to lose a dollar's worth of time going after a money order, or tempts the postal clerks by enclosing coin. Moreover, if his coin is not stolen, it stands a good chance to break its way through the envelope and get lost. Less than an hour would be required to pass the postal currency bill through both houses and put an end to the perennial annoyance and inconvenience.

Chicago university is not to have all of the sensational fame attaching to discovery of elixirs of life. A professor in the Western Reserve university has been doing some wonders with dogs, and an animal extract, which he calls "adrenalin," because it is obtained from certain renal glands. The claim is made that he sustained life for 10 hours in a decapitated dog and restored to health one killed by electricity. We do not doubt the Western Reserve professor has made a valuable scientific discovery, but we do not believe he has found any fountain of perpetual life or youth. The sensational claims, in all probability, are not his, for science is usually modest, but some one has been distorting as well as magnifying what has been discovered. It is such misrepresentations that detract from the real worth of the achievements of patient, scholarly research and bring science generally into disrepute.

Poverty stalks abroad in London to the discomfort even of the well-to-do portion of the inhabitants. It is the worst season London has known in a decade or more. In part this condition is due to depression of industry. In part to the tremendous cost of the Boer war and in part to the fiasco of the coronation show on account of the king's illness. The causes, however, are less important than the means of relief. London has always been used to the sight of want and misery and is in some degree hardened to it. But for the same reason it has splendidly organized charities which are not only able to distribute supplies systematically, but have channels for collection. These latter appear to be overtaxed this winter, and so the suggestion is pertinent that generous America may find congenial occupation in extending "hands across the seas" with something in them. Abundant prosperity here can express thankfulness by mitigating hunger on the other side of the ocean.

WABASH HOLD-UP.

An effort has been made by the Hays contingent to unload the odium of the select council committee hold-up of the Wabash ordinance upon the Haymaker candidacy. It will not work. It will prove a boomerang. In our local news columns is some account of the Bigelow and Hays connection with the Wabash ordinance in common council that cannot be successfully denied. It demonstrates clearly enough where that faction is to be found. Bigelow and Hays are directly connected with the campaign, while Upperman and Benz are not. Wasson was chairman of the convention that nominated Haymaker, and his attitude on the railroad ordinances has exemplified the policy to which the Haymaker administration will be committed.

Undoubtedly the obstinate hold-up of the Wabash ordinance had an important influence upon the election in February, 1902, the Citizens candidates being pledged to favor the entrance of new railroad systems. The revolt against the Bigelow control of that party organization began with his attempt to manipulate common council in the contrary direction. Mr. Haymaker's nomination, therefore, represents the policy of admitting new railroads and forwarding improvements to relieve the freight congestion. Mr. Haymaker's letter, in addition to his party platform, specifically pledges him to that policy and to the relief of congestion on the downtown streets. His character is a guarantee that his pledges are not meaningless. On the contrary, the personal activity of Hays in behalf of an obstructive amendment to the Wabash ordinance nullifies any pledge he may make on the subject.

No political faction—certainly not the supporters of John C. Haymaker—will assume responsibility for the shameful hold-up by John Upperman's committee. It has been one of the most remarkable exhibitions of arbitrary disregard for public interest and popular sentiment ever made in Pittsburgh. Utterly inexcusable and indefensible, it deserves united condemnation by all good citizens, and the attempt of the Hays contingent to make of it a campaign issue simply indicates how much more that contingent is interested in its own success than in the welfare of the city. The cloud of dust will blind no one; truth is mighty and will prevail.

OLD KING COAL.

Removal of the import duty from coal, if it relieves the situation at all, will do so by freeing cars and locomotives from the work of hauling loads to seaboard cities. It is a transportation condition and not a tariff theory that is working against an abundant supply of coal. So far, however, as anthracite coal is concerned there is an actual shortage of supply that cannot be made good with anthracite, but with transportation conditions favorable there is enough bituminous coal to fill the vacuum caused by last summer's vacation of capital and labor. It is the testimony of both operators and miners that there would be no fuel shortage were the railroads able to care for the traffic. So well informed an authority as President Cassatt of the Pennsylvania railroad made the anthracite coal situation plain when he said that the long idleness of the mines, due to the strike, had caused a deficiency in the output of 24,000,000 tons, and that it would not be possible for the mines to make up this deficiency if they were worked every hour of the winter months, for the reason that the winter's output never equaled the winter's consumption, and that the surplus usually accumulated in summer was always depended upon by the dealers to see them through the winter. When work was resumed at the mines the market had been swept bare of anthracite, so that if the ordinary production of this season falls short of requirements there is no possibility that it can be stimulated to satisfy the public need.

In the bituminous coal fields, on the contrary, the output of both coal and coke is now and was all summer in excess of the ability of the railroads to transport it to points of consumption, and more at the same time the other freights offered. This is the undisputed testimony of the officers of local coal companies, and also of Patrick Dolan, president of the Pittsburgh district of the United Mine Workers' union, backed up by an address to the public adopted at the convention of his organization reciting the idleness of mines because of the inability of the railroads to take the coal away from them. The present concentration of effort of the railroad lines on coal transportation is proof that what the operators and miners have said is true, and reveals inadequacy of transportation facilities as the real reason for the widespread coal famine. A condition exists that cannot be remedied by removal of an import duty on coal, except as the removal may take seaport cities out of the consideration of the railroad managers as a factor to be reckoned with where coal is concerned in the complex transportation problem. It would appear from a survey of the facts that if any relief is to be obtained this winter by reason of the removal of the tariff from coal, it must be because of supplies from abroad entering into consumption in the seaboard cities direct from the ships, freeing for use for service elsewhere the cars and engines employed now in taking coal to the seaboard. The coal received at seaports must encounter the same difficulties from a deficiency of transportation facilities that beset the distribution of the domestic product. Neither are imports likely to have a material effect on prices. These are regulated by prevailing conditions, and until permanent improvement of transportation facilities enables coal producers to overtake the demand prices will remain high.

The import duty on coal was not high enough to cut much figure in the matter of prices at a time like this, and foreign sources of supply are not sufficiently extensive to now make great inroads in the American market. Neither Europe nor Canada is able to fill our markets with coal. Less than two years ago American consuls were pointing out coal markets of which Americans might possess themselves, and the possibilities of those markets are as great as ever. If there is a demand in Europe for coal such as has been represented there is small possibility that European coal will be an active competition for any long period in American markets. The possibilities in that direction are mostly associated with the exigencies of England's ocean carrying trade. Vessels that come to the United States for cargoes, if they cannot find a cargo on the voyage hither, must come in ballast, and coal will make as good ballast as anything else, aside from its dirt. Vessels that are compelled to come in ballast may bring coal cargoes at about cost, in lieu of other ballast, and by the cheap freight rate this made render a limited import coal trade possible, even with prices at their normal level. Now, however, when prices are abnormal, the extreme limit of what the foreigners are able to do toward supplying an American demand ought to appear, and it will probably develop that it is not to the foreigners but to our own railroads we must look for the largest measure of relief.

THE PEOPLE'S NOMINEE.

The best possible government for the city of Pittsburgh is and has been the demand of the people. They care less about what particular set of men give it to them than for the thing itself. But the vast majority, being Republicans, they prefer, all things else being equal, that the city government be in the hands of men of their own party. Assured that Republicans will give them good government, they will vote for Republicans backed by a straight Republican organization in preference to Republicans unsupported by a Republican organization and in preference to Democrats or others backed by a Democratic or other organization. When the Citizens movement was launched at the mass meeting at Old City hall men of all parties, attracted by its promise, associated themselves with it, and in so far as it succeeded, the voters who associated themselves with it were satisfied and encouraged by its achievement to continue to press their demand along the same lines in the county campaign. The Citizens movement was to them a means to an end, and the dominance of the movement by Republicans held many in line who were anxious for a restoration of Republican control. But after the election of the Citizens county ticket, when it was discovered that an underground movement had resulted in ousting original leaders of the Citizens movement and perverting the organization to individual aims, making it a mere means to register the will of a boss in an effort to capture the city government for personal ends, advocates of good government, for the sake of good government, fell away from it and the old Municipal league again became active, for a time promising a new independent movement. But the league's conferences with Republican leaders bore final fruit in the nomination of John C. Haymaker for recorder by the Republican city convention, the league's favorites aiding to accomplish this result. Mr. Haymaker was the choice of the independent Republicans as well as of the delegates to the convention. He was nominated in answer to the popular demand for a man of high character and ability, measuring up to the requirements of the chief executive position of so great a city as is Pittsburgh. It was not a nomination forced by one-man power, as was the nomination of Hays, and it was not even brought about by the action of a few men, but by what amounted to a party uprising, participated in by independent and organization supporters. Mr. Haymaker represents, not the will of a boss, but the will of his party at its best. He, therefore, in addition to being a platform in himself, represents the party's sincere promise for the future, and his record is a guarantee that the promise will be fulfilled to the letter. His nomination was made in such a way as has been demanded on behalf of the party as a whole that party nominations shall be brought about, and he is made thereby responsible to the whole party for the conduct of the city's government. The manner of his nomination fulfills the first purpose of Republicans who associated themselves with the Citizens movement of a year ago and opened the door for their return to active co-operation with the party organization, which made itself representative of the popular will by placing itself from the first in the attitude of acquiescing in whatever the party convention might determine upon, instead of attempting to dictate its action. The Republican party of Pittsburgh has taken its proper place as a self-governing, instead of a governed body, its officers and committees the organs of its will and fully responsive to public sentiment. This is one of the best guarantees that could be given for administration of the business of the municipality in the interest of the people, and it is The Gazette's reason for giving its cordial support to John C. Haymaker for recorder. We believe that the best possible government for the city of Pittsburgh is to be obtained by electing him to the office. The alternative to Haymaker is the personal selection of a boss, who has placed his own man in the field to attain his own ends. We are against bossism in every form, and Haymaker's nomination and election mean the downfall of bossism. Mr. Haymaker's letter of acceptance supplements the manner of his nomination, and the accompanying party pledges are a way to inspire public confidence. He is the people's candidate.

A train load of coal has been confiscated to private use at Toledo without any attempt to prevent it. This is strictly in accord with the recent ruling of the workhouse board of that city. Toledo is a most delightful town, but it is the home of many queer economics and ethics.

It doesn't seem to have been any satisfaction to the passengers on the St. Louis that five days' board was thrown in without any extra charge.

Is the new secretary of commerce ready to be measured for his seat in the cabinet?

Secretary Hay thinks the president is big enough and broad enough for another six years.

When the coal famine ends the tornado season will open again.

TAXDODGERS USE THE FERRYBOATS

Send Funds to Jersey City to Escape Payment of Just Assessment.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Herald Building, Herald Square.
NEW YORK, Jan. 18.

"Banking by ferryboat" is the new system adopted by many New Yorkers to avoid taxation in New York. Certain banks and trust companies in New Jersey solicit accounts in this city and send a collector to call regularly for deposits, enter them in a pass book, and carry the funds across the North river by the ever-useful ferryboat. Dozens of such accounts have been transferred across the river in the last few weeks to avoid paying taxes on New York deposits. The idea has struck a number of New York business men as a good one, and the Jersey banks are doing a good trade. The Jersey institutions offer 2½ or 3 per cent interest on daily balances, and all the facilities of metropolitan banking. In addition to this they have an added inducement in that the account will be classed as New York funds, because the checks will be payable at two banks, one in New York and the other in New Jersey. That relieves the depositor from the clearing house collection charges on country checks and gives him a New York depository to which he can resort in case of need. All these advantages, together with the saving from the taxgatherer, have appealed strongly to New Yorkers who are not big enough in a business sense to despise this kind of economy. There are many little advantages to be derived from New York's proximity to New Jersey, with the North river as the line of demarcation. It is not to be supposed that the state and municipal authorities look with particular favor on this "banking by ferryboat" innovation, but the question is whether it can be reached in any way so long as all parties to the arrangement are reputable business men and companies. The New Jersey banks, while many of them do a comparatively small business, are reputable and responsible, and if they can spread their operations at the expense of New York, why it is only reasonable that they should do it.

Case of the St. Louis.

The experience of the passengers on the American liner St. Louis has drawn more direct attention to the whole business of ocean traveling than has been apparent for many years. It has come to be almost an article of faith that no serious harm can come to a modern greyhound by stress of weather. Disabled engines, broken shaftings, a lost propeller, or similar mishaps, are common. When a ship is a day or two late but little is thought about it. But when a vessel is five days overdue it is no wonder the anxiety ashore is almost unbearable. Very seldom has such a thing occurred, but the fact that it could occur to a vessel of the proportions and reputation of the St. Louis will cause more than passing comment. Suits are talked about by some of the passengers. It looks as though the company may have a long string of difficulties before it in and out of court.

Formalin as a Life Saver.

The more inquiry is made into the use of formalin to cure blood poisoning the more important seems to be the discovery. The treatment is discussed everywhere in this city. Physicians and laymen alike are interested, and the suggestion that the treatment may be efficacious in typhoid and other fevers is taken up with eager hope. Within the next few days a number of tests will be made in New York, and if they result satisfactorily there will be a revolution in the treatment of several diseases notorious for their heavy percentage of fatalities.

An the Auto Show.

With a whizz and hiss and many electric sparks the automobile show opened last night in Madison Square garden. There were no tests of the gasoline machines, nor will there be while the show lasts, for the simple reason that gasoline must not be taken into the garden. The insurance companies have vetoed that. There are all kinds of horseless vehicles, however, whose points can be examined at leisure by the hundreds of thousands of persons interested in automobiles, even if the motive power is not set loose. The attendance at the garden last night was enormous. The component parts of the crowd reminded me of the horse show, for there were a great many wealthy men whose names have been associated with automobiling ever since the sport was introduced here. Women's Night will come in the course of this week, but at the opening it was felt that men should preponderate in numbers. And they did. The display of machines is a splendid one, and the decorations of the garden make a handsome setting for the valuable mobes which are displayed to the best advantage all around the arena.

Mice and Women.

The controversy over the proposed cat show in Stamford, Conn., has not yet died away. Whether the women who conceived the idea of letting cats kill mice in public will carry it out or not is uncertain. There may be power enough behind the mayor of the town, backed by President Haines of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals of this city to prevent it, and there may not. In New York opinion seems to be about equally divided as to the propriety of such an exhibition. Mice are abominated by most women, and this sentiment supports the managers of the exhibition. On the other hand, there is the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, and many people who think that even a mouse should not be wantonly ill-treated, and there you are.

Churchgoers on Parade.

There was a good church parade in Fifth avenue this morning. Cold weather does not frighten churchgoers so long as there is no snow or rain. New York streets have been perfect for pedestrianism for a week past, and the throngs of well-dressed men and women that paraded along Fifth avenue was an indication that the pleasures of a Sunday morning walk on a brisk winter day were appreciated.

Sacred Concerts Regulated.

The determination of the new commissioner of police to enforce all Sunday laws was emphasized this evening at the different theaters and music halls where the so-called "sacred concert" was the advertised entertainment. No fancy costumes were allowed. Any performer injudicious enough to dance a few steps, even if only a waltz, found himself called to account by the stage manager, in the hope that the police would not follow up the reprimand with an arraignment in a police court the next day. Music, even if it were ragtime, was permitted, but dancing was looked on as ungodly and was prevented. As for the fancy costume, that seemed to be long skirts for women and evening clothes or a business suit for men. If a man dared to put on a gaudy waistcoat or a coat with enormous buttons or preposterously long tails he was declared to be in stage costume and had to keep off the stage. The "sacred concert" is so popular an institution in New York that it will continue to exist and, recognizing this truth, the authorities think it incumbent on them to keep it well within bounds.

"Jim Bludso" Makes a Hit.

"Jim Bludso," with Robert J. Hilliard in the title role, is one of the big hits of the season. It happens to be a matinee attraction as well as a big one for the night audiences. Dropping into the Fourteenth Street theater yesterday afternoon I saw that it was a regular Broadway assemblage. The reputation of Mr. Hilliard as a sterling actor is too wide to be lost to the uptowners, even when he goes down as far as Fourteenth street, and it is evident that Aubrey Boucicault has not an exclusive hold on the affections of New York's femininity. There is no one that can play the plain, matter-of-fact hero better than "Handsome Bob," and in the part of Jim Bludso he has a splendid opportunity to turn himself loose from beginning to end. Charles B. Sturges, an old Pittsburgher, is in the cast.

Sometimes.

Here is a spasm from "The Unforeseen" at the Empire theater: "The lines of a woman's face tell her own love story. It is you men who write on women's faces, and lucky the woman if the story is a happy one."

Curious About the St. Louis.

The American liner St. Louis is still in her slip at the company's pier. A great many people today took a ride on the ferryboats that pass the dock to take a look at the gallant vessel, while others besieged the gates of the pier in West street for permission to get in. Very few were allowed to go in, however—none except without a very good reason. Interest in the ship is very great and she would have been overrun with visitors today had it been allowed.

Not Quite Around the World.

The first firing of the biggest gun in the world at Sandy Hook yesterday made a report that seemed to reverberate throughout this quiet Sunday. People are always interested in guns, especially when they are large ones, and this particular cannon has come to be regarded as New York's pet ever since it came down the river in such state on two specially equipped craft some weeks ago. Well, a gun that can throw a projectile of 2,400 pounds 21 miles is something to be proud of.

Has a Speaking Part.

One of the performances of tomorrow night that will attract much attention will be that of Jack Munroe, the Butte miner who has sprung into the limelight of pugilism so suddenly. He will play a character in "The Road to Ruin" at the Star theater, which used to be assumed by "Terrible Terry" McGovern. It is said that Munroe has been studying his part for the last few days with intense energy and that he is letter-perfect. He has two words to speak, "I will," and it is believed that he will deliver them without a slip when he gets his cue.

New York's New City Hall.

The news that Manhattan will have a new city hall has given general satisfaction. The old building in City Hall park, handsome as it is, has long been too small for the municipal business of Greater New York, but it seemed as if it could not be arranged to supplant it with a new edifice until lately. The old building will be used as a museum and the new one will be an immense structure a few blocks further up town and near to the Tombs. This last suggestion is not a sinister one; merely a statement of the truth.

Coal Situation Easier.

Among the causes for thankfulness is a cut in the price of coal. Last Sunday, one of the most wretched days of the winter, was a cheerless one in many homes because there was not enough fuel to keep the average apartment house comfortable. Today it was cold but there was coal enough to go around. Whether the alleged "coal combine" has gone to pieces altogether or not is hardly known, but certainly there has been a decided loosening up among the coal dealers and a great deal of coal was delivered yesterday at more reasonable rates than had prevailed for months. One does not hear any grumbling about the coal tonight, indicating that New Yorkers are good-tempered folk when they have any chance at all.

GEORGE C. JENKS.

Pittsbrghers in New York.

The following Pittsburghers are registered at the New York hotels today:

MANHATTAN.
A. E. Thomas.

VENDOME.
J. M. Martin. W. Ashley.
Mrs. J. M. Martin.

NAVARRE.
H. S. Brass.

MARLBOROUGH.
G. F. Merrell.

HERALD SQUARE.
J. Seegall. W. A. Dalrymple.
T. P. Perrine. S. D. Myers.
R. M. Dalzell. A. Speer, Jr.
Mrs. R. M. Dalzell.

IMPERIAL.
R. Merrill. G. Wettengel.
T. W. Lukens. S. J. Eagle.
W. A. Biener. A. Fisher.
S. Wettengel.

HOLLAND.
F. J. Faber. J. C. Thaw.
G. H. Flinn. C. A. Verner.
F. Byers. Mrs. C. A. Verner.

VICTORIA.
G. Henderson. R. Miller.
Mrs. G. Henderson. S. E. Baldwin.
Mrs. C. M. Gennev. Miss Baldwin.

HOFFMAN.
I. Guckenheimer.

FIFTH AVENUE.
S. B. Goldsmith. M. M. Lesser.

BROADWAY CENTRAL.
L. E. Einstein.

IT IS TO SMILE.

If some men told all they knew the silence would be oppressive.—Life.

"She says she has a mission in life and will never marry."

"Dear me! Is she so unattractive as all that?"—Chicago Post.

First Divinity Student—What is the subject for discussion at the debating society tonight?

Second Ditto—"The Influence of Creased Trousers on the Decadence of Prayer."—Smart Set.

"How do you like your new servant?"

"That isn't the question at all," answered young Mrs. Torkins. "We are trying to find out how she likes us."—Washington Star.

Caller—I've found that there dorg that y'r wife is advertisin' $5 reward for.

Gentleman—You have, eh?

Caller—Yep; an' if yeh don't give me $10 I'll take it to 'er.—New York Weekly.

"Mr. Highball," said the landlady, "why are you stirring your coffee so strenuously?"

"I am trying the physical culture cure on it for weaklings," responded the comedian boarder.—Chicago News.

He—I'm looking for my slippers, dear. Is there any place where you're sure you didn't put them?

She—What do you mean?

He—I want to look there for them first.—Philadelphia Press.

THE GAZETTE'S COLOR PRINTING IS THE BEST IN THE COUNTRY

It is not surprising that experienced men declare that The Sunday Gazette does the best color printing among American newspapers. The Gazette's ink bill is greater than the entire expense of the magazine supplements of many of its contemporaries. Its artists and printers are masters of their craft and their work has caused favorable comment among newspaper men throughout the country. In the quality of its halftone illustrations The Gazette eclipses every other newspaper which uses the stereotyped plate.

But in yesterday's Gazette there were features to entertain the readers aside from attractive illustrations. Its foreign correspondence and pages filled with bright and breezy special articles combined to make the paper popular with its readers, old and new.

The Gazette yesterday announced its new educational contest. No newspaper ever tested this measure of its popularity, and the contest, which begins next month, promises to arouse even greater interest than the European tour contest of last year.

To say that The Sunday Gazette outstripped its contemporaries in the field of local news would be to relate an old story. The Sunday Gazette gave the public the first glimpse into the enchanting beauties of the new Union club rooms in the top floor of the Frick building, and among other exclusive features told of the Rev. Dr. Matthew B. Riddle's talk on the discovery of the old biblical manuscripts in Syria.

Payne's coon and the Punxsutawney groundhog had a novel experience with the bad wolf in Coon Hollow. Beside this funny corner there were two other pages devoted to original illustrated humor, providing laughs for all moods.

An attractively printed ballad, "My Old Virginia Home," was given with each copy of The Gazette, being the second of the series of music sheets offered as a supplement to the Sunday edition.

THE DEATH ROLL.

Mrs. Jacob Crawford.

Mrs. Jacob Crawford, wife of Jacob Crawford, a sergeant at No. 7 police station, died at 11:45 yesterday morning at the family home, No. 921 Bingham street. She was 60 years old and death was due to neuralgia of the stomach after an illness dating from Thursday afternoon. Both she and her husband were well known on the South Side, having lived the 31 years of their married life in the Twenty-ninth and Thirtieth wards. Her husband and four children survive her, the eldest of whom is George Crawford, who lived with them, as did the youngest daughter, Carrie. Two others are married, Harry, living at Little Washington, and Mrs. Florence Davis, at Coraopolis. Another son, St. Clair, was a member of the fire department and lost his life a few years ago in the Evans fire on Fifth avenue. Mrs. Crawford was before her marriage Sarah Evans and was a sister of Mrs. M. Thomas of the South Side, Charles Evans of Washington, Pa., and Walter Evans of Massillon, O.

William Proethroe.

William Proethroe, aged 78, one of Etna's oldest residents, died at his home, No. 22 Catherine street, West Etna, yesterday afternoon from a complication of diseases. He was born in Tredegar, South Wales, and came to America in 1863. He had been employed for almost 40 years as a heater in Spang, Chalfant & Co.'s mills in Etna. Mr. Proethroe was a charter member of the Sharpsburg Baptist church. He is survived by a widow and eight children, the latter being William of Warren, O.; Thomas, John, Enoch, Joseph, Mrs. Maria Lloyd and Mrs. Susan Stackhouse of Etna, and William Evans, a foster son, also of Etna. The funeral will be Wednesday.

James C. Thompson.

James C. Thompson died Saturday at his home, No. 629 College avenue, after an illness of more than a year. Mr. Thompson was 60 years of age and was well known among Pittsburgh business men. He was with the firm of Bissell & Co., stove manufacturers, for 19 years, and later entered the mantel and tile business. He was a member of the Calvary Protestant Episcopal church. His wife died about three years ago and he is survived by one child, Sarah, wife of Harry A. Sennerty, purchasing agent for the Carnegie Steel Company.

Rev. A. M. Barnitz.

The Rev. A. M. Barnitz, a prominent minister of the Central Pennsylvania Methodist conference, died at York Sunday morning. He was born June 13, 1824. He entered the Baltimore conference in 1849 and served in that field until the Central Pennsylvania conference was organized in 1868, when he joined that body. He filled almost all of the important charges at the latter conference. Apart from his ministry he was an artist of ability, excelling in oil paintings.

Mrs. J. H. Wilson.

Mrs. J. H. Wilson, 50 years old, of No. 1009 Penn avenue, Wilkinsburg, died at her home yesterday morning of pneumonia, after an illness of 11 days. She was born in Maine and came to this city about one year ago with her husband, the Rev. J. H. Wilson, who with the Rev. J. C. Smith conducted a Rescue Mission at No. 1011 Penn avenue. She is survived by her husband and daughter, Mrs. J. C. Smith.

Ludwig Clouse.

Ludwig Clouse, aged 77, an old resident of Etna, died at his residence, No. 60 Highland avenue, West Etna, on Saturday. He had been for fifty years employed by Spang, Chalfant Company as night watchman at their mills in Etna, and was well known in Etna. He leaves four children, one daughter and three sons, all of Etna. Funeral services at his late residence on Tuesday, January 20, at 2 p. m.

Obituary Notes.

The funeral of the late Allen Hollawell took place yesterday afternoon from St. John's Episcopal church, Youngstown. The services were in charge of the Masons.

C. C. McCloskey, aged 58, died yesterday afternoon at his home at Urichsville, O. He was born and raised in McDonald, Pa., and was well known in Allegheny county.

Mrs. Lydia West, widow of the late Samuel West, died yesterday afternoon at the family home in Greenville, Pa. Six children survive, three of whom, Samuel, Harry and John, reside in Greenville.

Mrs. Martha Young died at 6 a. m. yesterday at the residence of her son, William Young, of No. 1522 Gladstone street, Allegheny. Mrs. Young was well known on the North Side, and was a member of the Sixth United Presbyterian church, Allegheny.

William N. Griffith, aged 63, died Saturday night near Wheatland, Pa., from the effects of a stroke of paralysis. He is survived by a widow and one daughter, Mrs. Cassie Bailey of Youngstown, O. He was a member of the Knights of Pythias and brother of the Rev. Mr. Griffith of Wheatland.

Adam Reber, an agent at Youngstown for a manufacturing tailor, dropped dead from heart disease in his hotel Saturday night. He came to Youngstown several years ago, and started a brokerage room. The picture of a woman with "St. Louis" stamped on the reverse side was found in one of his pockets, and is the only clue to his former home.

A State Constabulary.

From the Philadelphia Press.

The creation of a state constabulary in Pennsylvania has long been advocated, and it now appears likely that at the coming session of the legislature a real effort will be made to establish such a system. It will not be done, however, without encountering some opposition, and the result of the effort can be regarded as uncertain.

The rural sections of the state are greatly in need of the police protection that a well-managed and efficient state constabulary could afford. Crimes enough are committed in country places, where there is no great risk of detection and punishment, to afford a convincing argument for a state police system. The sparsely populated communities have not the resources to supply the necessary force and pay for it, and it is a protection to the lives and property of its citizens which the state can justly extend.

To establish a proper system will cost money, but the state need not hesitate on that account, and it will be money well expended if efficiency is made the first consideration in creating the organization. Undoubtedly public sentiment will sustain favorable consideration of the subject by the legislature at this time.

Elevator Etiquette.

From the Chicago Tribune.

The Washington Post, in reply to a correspondent, says an elevator is a public conveyance, the same as a street car, and it is absurd for men to remove their hats when a lady enters one. The Post is unusually right on great public questions.

Least of His Troubles.

Form the Louisville Courier-Journal.

In Chicago they are writing it "Monsieur" Masoagni. Still little things like the peculiarities of the Chicagoese language can hardly disturb this genius now, prostrated by his real misfortunes.

VIEWS OF PRESS ON TILLMANISM

The shooting of Editor Gonzales at Columbia, S. C., by Lieut.-Gov. Tillman is one more reminder that in certain parts of the south the old barbaric idea that personal affronts, which in fully civilized communities are at most the subject of civil suits or criminal prosecutions, must be "wiped out in blood." It does not appear, indeed, in this particular case that even the brutal ante-bellum code of "honah" was complied with, for that code never recognized the right of an armed man to open fire upon one unarmed and defenseless.—New York World.

It is not easy to imagine a more cowardly, utterly infamous attempt at assassination than the shooting of Editor Gonzales by Lieut.-Gov. Tillman of South Carolina in Columbia. It is probably true that newspaper attacks on the latter had been carried beyond the limits of propriety or common decency, but no provocation can be set up to excuse such a dastardly crime. It is a fitting culmination to the reign of the blatherskite in South Carolina.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

This country is suffering from too much Tillman. At the very time the senior senator from South Carolina was denouncing Attorney General Knox as a murderer and hurling intellectual brimstone against many men in public office, from the president down, his nephew shot down in cold blood an editor of Columbia who had dared to oppose his political pretensions. The crime was the worse because the perpetrator was lieutenant governor of his state and the alleged offense was committed months ago.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

If there could be even apparent palliation for the procedure familiar in the south as lynch law, it would be in such a case as this, where a man has put himself outside the law and shown himself a peril to society. And yet the people of South Carolina are themselves responsible for Tillman and the whole Tillman brood, all alike ruffians and outlaws. They sent the uncle to represent their once proud commonwealth in the United States senate; they made the nephew lieutenant governor, and have tolerated him in an office in which he has insulted the country and disgraced the state.—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

The shooting of N. G. Gonzales at Columbia, S. C., by James H. Tillman, the lieutenant governor of the state, is another manifestation of the violence of South Carolina politics in recent years. With the election of B. L. Tillman to the office of governor of the state in 1890 a new order of things was established. With the exception of the few years of coast-and-bay government, from the very foundation of the colony at Charleston, the government of South Carolina had been in the hands of the old aristocracy. Men like the Pinckneys, the Rutledges, John C. Calhoun, Robert Young Hayne and Wade Hampton and controlled as a matter of course. In 1890 B. L. Tillman was elected governor and Wade Hampton was pushed aside, although it was he who had rescued the state from the carpet-baggers and performed a greater practical service to the people than any other citizen that South Carolina had ever reared. He was driven from his seat in the senate and into a retirement, where he died in poverty. * * * The time has come for a radical change in the politics of the Palmetto state by returning to the old traditions of its people—the old traditions of honor, or patriotism, of gracious demeanor in office, coupled with the rule of the people, and not merely of a class. The people, however, should rule by the agency of public officials selected from the ranks of the best and most patriotic citizens, and not through the agency of demagogues, bosses or men of violence.—Baltimore Sun.

PERSONALS

Gen. John A. Wiley, commander of the Second brigade, N. G. P., accompanied by several members of his staff, after spending a portion of the day in Pittsburgh yesterday, left for Harrisburg last night to complete the arrangements for the participation of the provisional brigade at the inaugural ceremonies of Gov.-elect Samuel W. Pennypacker tomorrow. Gen. Wylie said that as soon as he reached Harrisburg he would call on Congressman M. E. Olmstead, who has been appointed chief marshal of the parade, to arrange that the troops would not be called upon to form until 8 or 9 minutes before the parade was to move. The weather being so cold he did not want the troops formed and held in the streets for hours before the time they were to move, as has been the case at nearly all of the inaugural ceremonies held in Harrisburg. Among the members of the staff, who accompanied Gen. Wiley last night, were Assistant Adjutant General John B. Robertson of Cooperstown, Maj. Samuel W. Jefferies, brigade inspector, Pittsburgh; Capt. W. O. McNary, aid de camp, Pittsburgh; Sergeant Major Marshall Phipps, Franklin, and Eugene E. Grim, color sergeant. Col. A. J. Logan of the staff of Gov. Stone joined the party upon the arrival of the train at East Liberty.

Francis J. Torrance, president of the Standard Sanitary Manufacturing Company, accompanied by Theodore Myler, secretary of the Dawes Manufacturing Company, went to Louisville last night to inspect the factory there. "I am too busy to attend the inauguration of the incoming governor," said Mr. Torrance, "I received an invitation to be present, but have had to go to Louisville."

A special car attached to train No. 20, which left Pittsburgh at 3 o'clock this morning, carried the Allegheny county

FREE SCHOLARSHIPS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS

IN THE

Leading Educational Institutions of the Country

ANNOUNCEMENT EXTRAORDINARY

We propose starting an "Educational Contest" to run from Feb. 1st to June 30th, 1903. We now have contracts signed with a number of the leading Colleges, Academies and Universities, (others are pending) and in a few days will have the list of schools completed; we will then divide the list into two classes, one for boys and one for girls. The boy and the girl getting the largest number of subscriptions will be entitled to first choice from the list of scholarships; the ones having secured second largest number of subscriptions will be entitled to second choice, and so on until the entire list of scholarships is awarded.

ALL CONTESTANTS WILL BE REWARDED

Of course, all entering this contest will not secure a scholarship, but all will be well paid for their work, for we will pay **25 cents in cash for each subscription** as it is turned in.

A Gold Filled Watch For Each One Securing 50 Subscriptions

In addition to the special rewards of scholarships and the cash offer for each subscription, we will present each contestant with a first-class, guaranteed, gold filled watch for the first fifty new subscriptions each one turns in.

The Watches.

The boys' watch is size 12 with a New York standard movement. The girls' is O size or chatelaine with lever movement. Both are good time keepers and fully guaranteed by the well known jewelers, Kingsbacher Bros., 505 Market St., and a ten-year guarantee is stamped in the case by the manufacturer.

The watches can be seen at the Gazette office or at Kingsbacher Brothers, 505 Market St.

Contracts for Scholarships Have Been Executed or are Now Pending with the Following Institutions

University of Pennsylvania
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
Choice of any regular branches. 4-year course. Value $1,040.00.

Western University of Pennsylvania
Choice of any of the university branches. Four years' course. Value $640.00.

Bucknell University
LEWISBURG, PA.
Covering regular instructions for a period of FOUR YEARS, including furnished room, heat and light. Value $580.00 for four years' course.

Washington and Jefferson College
WASHINGTON, PA.
Choice of any of the regular university branches. Value, four years' course, $700.00.

Washington and Jefferson Academy
WASHINGTON, PA.
A high-class preparatory and academical school for boys only. One year's course. Value $108.00.

Holy Ghost College
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Classical, academical or philosophical course. Two scholarships; one year each. Value $160.00 each.

Duff's Business College
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Bookkeeping, stenography or penmanship. Two scholarships; one year each. Value $50.00 each.

Pittsburgh Academy
PITTSBURGH, PA.
A high-class preparatory, academical school for boys and girls. Two scholarships of one year each. Value $100.00 each.

Park Institute
ALLEGHENY, PA.
One scholarship in the commercial department for period of two years. Value $160.00.

Clarion Normal
CLARION, PA.
One scholarship, normal and preparatory courses. One year.

Thurston Preparatory School
SHADY AVENUE, PITTSBURGH, PA.
One scholarship for one year, including regular instructions.

Bishop Bowman Institute
Academy for young ladies exclusively. One scholarship for one year. Value $150.00.

East Liberty Academy
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Preparatory school for boys. One scholarship for period of one year, covering regular instructions and tuition. Value $130.00.

Washington Seminary
WASHINGTON, PA.
For ladies only. One scholarship, including regular course and tuition for one year. Value $180.00.

Shady Side Academy
PITTSBURGH, PA.
One scholarship, including regular instruction and tuition for period of one year. Value $150.00.

Pennsylvania College for Women
FIFTH AVENUE, E. E., PITTSBURGH, PA.
One scholarship, including regular course of instruction and tuition for period of two years. Value $320.00.

Carter Conservatory of Musical Art
SOUTH HIGHLAND AVENUE, PITTSBURGH, PA.
Four scholarships for period of one year, covering entire course in vocal and instrumental music. Value $130.00 each.

Slippery Rock Normal Institute
SLIPPERY ROCK, PA.
One scholarship for one year, including normal and preparatory courses.

Indiana Normal School
INDIANA, PA.
One scholarship, normal and preparatory courses. One year.

Additional institutions will be added to the above list and announced from time to time.

Rules Governing the Contest.

Contestants are to secure NEW subscribers for The Sunday Gazette.

Each subscription must be for 25 weeks and paid in advance at the regular rate, $1.25.

ONLY NEW SUBSCRIBERS WILL BE COUNTED IN THE CONTEST.

A new subscriber is one who has not been taking the paper regularly.

All orders must be delivered to The Gazette written on the blanks furnished for that purpose.

Should orders be turned in for distant points, or places where The Gazette has not an agent, the papers will be sent by mail.

On each NEW subscription secured, $1.00 is to be turned in to The Gazette with the order, and 25 cents is to be kept by the contestant.

Each contestant will receive a first-class, guaranteed gold-filled watch for the first 50 NEW subscribers each one turns in.

The boy and girl getting the largest number of subscribers will be entitled to first choice of the scholarships. The ones having the second largest number will be entitled to second choice, and so on until the entire list of scholarships is awarded.

All orders must be turned in at the earliest possible moment, so that subscribers may get papers promptly.

The contest closes at 6 P. M., June 30, 1903.

Subscription blanks will be ready January 31. The headquarters of the "Educational Contest" are on the second floor of the new building in Virgin Alley. Address all communications to

The Educational Department,

The Gazette, Pittsburgh, Pa.

CREATOR'S PLAN OF SALVATION

Pastor C. T. Russell Gives Second Chart Talk in Allegheny Carnegie Hall.

AUDIENCE WAS IMMENSE

Evolutionists and the Higher Critics Have Theories That Do Not Agree With the Scriptures.

Allegheny Carnegie hall was crowded to the doors yesterday afternoon to listen to Pastor C. T. Russell's second "chart-talk." The speaker was powerful in his presentations and held his audience for two hours while he discoursed upon the subject of "Salvation—From What and to What?"

The regular subject was preceded by a short resume of the topic of last Sunday, in which the speaker pointed out upon his chart three great periods of time into which the history of the world is divided—the first, from creation to the flood; the second from the flood to the second coming of Christ, and the third an unending condition. These periods the Scriptures were declared to refer to under the cognomen "worlds," referring, not to the physical earth, but to dispensations or orders or arrangements successively placed upon the earth. In these three periods, and in the smaller periods, called ages, into which some of the worlds are subdivided, God is carrying out His plan of salvation, the various periods illustrating some special feature of the one entire work of restoring mankind to harmony with God.

The Domination of Satan.

The speaker dwelt especially upon the period or dispensation in which the world is at present—called "the present evil world," which was declared to be of an evil character because under the domination of Satan, who has been permitted to have as much control in the affairs of mankind as would not interfere with God's purposes, and this in order to the experiencing by the world of the exceeding sinfulness of sin and the desirability of righteousness. In this period evil, of course, predominates, and righteousness is a matter of greater difficulty. Satan, the usurper of control in the present time, exercising his influence against those who would live godly.

The speaker pointed forward to the future period, "the world to come," which he pointed out would be upon the same physical earth (the word world merely signifying the change of dispensation to another arrangement), and in which righteousness would rule, Christ would be the king instead of Satan; Satan would be bound for 1,000 years, and the principles of truth and equity would be applied to the affairs of mankind.

Divine Views of Salvation.

The text for the afternoon was announced to be, "The Son of Man came to seek and to save that which was lost," and the speaker proceeded to elucidate it as it related to his topic of salvation. He declared that there were various conceptions of salvation in the present time; old ideas are being challenged, and today, more general than any other view, is that expressed by those who are termed higher critics and evolutionists, that the real salvation is a social uplift, a release of the race as a whole from conditions of poverty, ignorance, superstition and degradation. Theological seminaries, colleges and pulpits were declared to be the fathers of this theory, which, while it should be sympathized with, and everything connected with the moral and social betterment of the people should be encouraged, was not the kind of salvation which the Scriptures held forth. The theory was the result of a desire to get rid of the hitherto accepted view that man fell from a condition of innocence and virtue, and that sin is the result of an original direct disobedience of God's commands; therefore that such a view is antagonistic to the word of God and a species of infidelity, more deadly than the open kind, because the latter was preached outside the pulpits, while the new theory is advocated within it. Such a social-uplift theory could not recognize any force in the text of the discourse.

The Theory of Evolution.

According to evolution nothing was lost; according to that theory man was made a little higher than the monkey, while, according to the Scriptures, he was made "a little lower than the angels." If the gentlemen upholding such wrong views spent as much time looking for the truth as they did for the missing link they would know more of God's plan as it really is.

The speaker applied the apostle's words, "As by one man sin entered into the world, and death by sin, and so death passed upon all men, in that all are sinners," (Rom., 5:12.) Man was declared to have been originally in a state of innocence, perfection and harmony with God, and that wilful sin resulted in a condemnation to death, which not only affected Adam, the original sinner, but fell upon every member of his race, by heredity, in a natural way. The speaker quoted extracts from the first chapter of Romans to elucidate his point, and to substantiate the claim that the present degradation was the result of sin and a lack of submission and acknowledgment of God in a spirit of desire to do His will. Thus it is that today the Scriptural declaration is applicable, "Darkness covers the earth, and gross darkness the people."

God's Plan of Salvation.

God has been allowing this condition of degradation, evil, sin and death to continue upon all, ever since Adam's time, although He has been manifesting His favor toward individuals in the different periods of the world's history since that time, as illustrated by His dealings with Abraham, Isaac, Jacob and the Jewish nation. These exceptions to the race in general were chosen by God for special purposes in connection with His future favors to the world as a whole. Even today, in a time of great enlightenment in the world in general, the speaker declared that out of a population of 1,600,000,000 there are but 300,000,000 who profess to know the Lord in any sense of the word, the other 1,300,000,000 being in gross darkness. But why? Does not God care for them? Oh, yes; because He sent Jesus Christ into the world to die for the members of the race—"Jesus Christ, by the grace of God, tasted death for every man." Has then God something of salvation for every man in His plan? Yes; it was for this reason Jesus Christ came into the world, that He might die on its behalf.

The speaker laid special emphasis on the statement of the Scriptures, "Christ was a propitiation for our sins, and not for us only, but also for the sins of the world." The word "our" he applied to the church of the present time, the first subjects of divine grace, and pointed out the significance of the balance of the statement, as intimating that the whole world would ultimately share similar blessings at God's hands.

God's Test of Adam.

To speak of salvation would be to imply that a great catastrophe had occurred from which those involved needed to be saved, otherwise no Redeemer would be needed. When God placed man in the garden of Eden, and gave him His favor and blessing, He placed a test upon him of obedience; the promise of obedience was everlasting life, and the promise of disobedience was everlasting death. The expression stating this was: "In the day that thou eatest thereof thou shalt surely die." Satan, the liar from the beginning, in tempting our first parents, controverted this expression of the divine purpose, and declared: "Ye shall not surely die." The speaker dilated upon this point, to prove death as the wages of willful sin, and attacked with vehemence the representations of theologians of the old school that the sentence was to eternal torture.

The words to Adam in pronouncing the sentence were: "Dust thou art, and unto dust shalt thou return," God, in effect, saying: "I will take from you the life which you were not willing to use in accord with My just and wise directions, and you shall return to the dust as you were." He had no being before; he was simply dust; was made of it, and when he would return to the dust it would mean the utter loss of his being. The fulfillment of this is noted in the dying condition of the whole race today, and the greater degradation of mankind now, as contrasted with the generations immediately following Adam was shown in that the latter, although all eventually dying, were able to survive the curse for several hundred years, while today the average of human life is not more than 35.

The Curse of Death.

The speaker argued, therefore, that life was the great need of mankind, but that until some remedy had been found which would remove the great curse of death, no life would come to the world. This remedy was declared to be in Jesus Christ, who satisfied the claims of God's justice by dying on behalf of the race, and is to fulfill the purpose of God's love by giving to mankind the life which it lost through its first parents. The significance of the word "Saviour" in the Syriac was dwelt upon as literally meaning "life-giver," to enforce the thought suggested, that only through Christ was a return of the life lost in Adam possible to any. But such a blessing can only come to those who come into accord with the requirements of God's laws, and until these laws are made applicable to the whole world, there can yet be no release from the condition of death, which still exists.

"The wages of sin is death," according to the Scriptures, "but the gift of God is eternal life through Jesus Christ." "There is none other name given under heaven or amongst men whereby we may be saved but the name of Jesus," hence until those for whom Christ died shall have learned to believe on Jesus as the Redeemer, the life-giver, there is no rescue from death for them. "He that hath the Son hath life; he that hath not the Son shall not see life, but the wrath of God abideth in him."

Death the Wrath of God.

Death was the wrath of God—God's sentence, which began at the fall and continues to rest on all who know not God and believe not the gospel of Christ. The speaker refuted the theologians who claim that the Scriptural declaration that death was the penalty must have been an error, because the soul cannot die. He quoted the prophet: "The soul that sinneth, it shall die;" "He poured out his soul unto death," etc., and in answer to supposed objections that death would be a very small penalty dwelt at length upon the blessing of life, happiness, perfection and favor with God enjoyed by Adam in the beginning, which were all taken from him as a fulfillment of the death penalty upon the race. He attributed to the dark ages of the past, when intellectual attainments were limited, and spiritual instruction was confined to a priest-ridden church, the promulgation of the theory of eternal torture as the wages of sin, and offered to supply to all his hearers, without charge, a pamphlet considering every pasage in the Scriptures which seemed to support any theory of torture as a portion for the sinners. He argued that had God intended such an awful penalty to be the result of sin, it was a gross injustice to our first parents to have kept them in darkness of the real character of it, while expressing the sentence under the terms "thou shalt seurely die," and "unto dust shalt thou return."

Not an Universalist Theory.

Pastor Russell denied the charge that in showing the true character of the penalty of death, and the fact that Jesus Christ therefore "tasted for every man," in order to release them from death, he was presenting a theory of universalism. He declared that he found in the Scriptures a plan of God broad enough to grant an opportunity of salvation to all the world which received a sentence of death through Adam, and a plan narrow enough to limit such a salvation to those who would believe on Jesus Christ, who paid the penalty. This involved a declaration of the message of salvation, not merely to all members of the race living, but to every member of it in the tomb. He showed that the gospel had not been preached in Noah's time, or in that of Abraham, Isaac or Jacob, because in their day the satisfaction for sins had not been made through the blood of Jesus Christ, and no ransom having been offered, no announcement of it would be logical. On the contrary, Paul was stating the fact when he declared that salvation "began to be preached by the Lord," and has only been proper of announcement since the death and resurrection of the life-giver. This great Redeemer is declared in the Scriptures to have the keys of death and of hell (hades, the condition of oblivion), and that in God's due time he will open the great prison house of death, release the captives and give them the opportunities of life and blessing. According to the Scriptures, he will "say to the prisoners, Come forth, and to them that sit in the darkness, Show yourselves."

Two Classes of Mankind.

In the Lord's own words, "The hour is coming when all that are in their graves shall hear the voice of the Son of Man and come forth, they that have done good unto the resurrection of life, and they that have not done good unto the resurrection of judgment" (revised version).

The good were declared to be those of the church, who in the present time have heard the gospel message, and, having brought themselves into harmony with it, have been given the opportunity of suffering with Christ, that they might reign with him in his Kingdom. They are declared in the Scriptures to be "the little flock, to whom it is the Father's good pleasure to give the Kingdom." This class is to "live and reign with Christ a thousand years." All the rest of mankind is of the evil class—in the sense that they have not believed on Christ, and are not therefore acceptable to God. They are to have a resurrection of raising up through the judgments of the thousand-year period during which Christ shall reign, if, upon having the gospel preached to them, they shall heed the message of salvation and conform themselves to the righteous rules of Christ's Kingdom. The speaker quoted the Lord's words, "The hour is coming when the dead shall hear the voice of the Son of God, and they that hear shall live." He quoted the apostle Paul's words, "God hath appointed a day in which he will judge the world in righteousness by that man whom he hath ordained, Jesus Christ the righteous."

Judgment Will Be Just.

He pointed out that if this judgment is to be of a righteous character, it must deal toward all mankind for whom Christ died with equal fairness, that all may benefit by the atonement which he made for all—else the redemptive work was partially in vain.

The speaker compared his view with the Roman Catholic idea of purgatory, and while rejecting the claim that masses and penances would release souls from a spiritual condition of suffering, he pointed out that the trial time for the world during the next age would consist of disciplinings, training, punishments and instruction, in order to give all mankind a full, fair and impartial opportunity to attain life, salvation in full. He quoted the expressions of the prophet, "When the judgments of the Lord are abroad in the earth the inhabitants of the world will learn righteousness." "He that knew the Master's will and did it not shall be beaten with many stripes; but he that knew not the Master's will shall be beaten with few stripes."

The speaker pointed his hearers to the second coming of Christ as the time for the fulfillment of these gracious blessings for the world, the time when Satan's power should be taken away, and Christ, as the rightful king, should take his throne.

When Christ Returns to Earth.

Then the righteous should flourish, and there should be abundance of peace. Then the knowledge of the Lord should fill the whole earth as the waters cover the great deep; then none would need to say to his neighbor, know thou the Lord, for all should know him, from the least to the greatest. He described Christ and his church as the reigning powers of the time, and intimated that when then "the sun of righteousness should arise, with healing in its beams," there would be no further need for the Bible as an instructor, which the Scriptures themselves term "the lamp," which is to lighten the Christian's pathway while the nighttime of sin is in full force. To Christ's advent all must look who would wish to see the great and true social uplift, and at the culmination of which, at the close of the thousand years of trial and judgment, would witness the everlasting destruction in the second death of all those who failed to profit by the experience then given and to become amenable to the will of the Most High.

The subject for next Sunday will be "Election and Free Grace: How Harmonized." A song service at 2:30 o'clock precedes the regular service at 3 o'clock.

POINTS OF SERMONS PREACHED BY PASTORS OF LOCAL PULPITS

"The church must never be put in competition with the theater."—The Rev. E. M. Wood.

"So-called Bible nations stand foremost in the van of civilization."—The Rev. J. Leonard Levy.

"A well-balanced heart is what God wants."—The Rev. W. F. Silveus, D. D.

"Society never satisfies. It blasts lives."—Evangelist C. F. Barrett.

"You can live a Christian life anywhere."—The Rev. C. D. Patterson.

"Man's judgment is perverted by prejudice. He pre-judges."—The Rev. William H. Nicholas.

"There are few five-talent men in the world."—The Rev. John A. Jayne.

HISTORY REVERSES POPULAR VERDICTS

Great Men Are Better Appreciated When They Are No More.

At the Grace Lutheran church, Allegheny, last night the pastor, the Rev. William H. Nicholas, preached a sermon on "History's Reversal of Popular Verdicts." His text was taken from I. Corinthians, iv:3-5. Mr. Nicholas said in part:

One of the most interesting and instructive things connected with biographical study is to observe how history reverses the popular verdicts of mankind. Not a few men who have the contempt of their own age poured out on them are in after years crowned with honor.

Paul is an illustrious example of this fact. Comparatively few persons of his day recognized his supremacy and greatness of the magnitude of his work. Many of the Corinthians to whom he wrote were easily led astray by false teachers, who sought to undermine and destroy Paul and his teaching and work as an apostle of Jesus Christ. But those whom the Corinthians regarded as superior to him have long ago been utterly forgotten, the glory they ascribed to them has vanished into the future, as the stars pass out of sight with the coming of the dawn, and the luster of Paul's life of unselfish, unreserved and untiring devotion to his Master and his fellowmen has grown brighter from age to age, and will continue to shine with ever-increasing splendor until the end of time.

Christ, however, is the supreme illustration of the text. He was reviled with scorn and contempt in His day. The scribes and Pharisees, the recognized leaders of the religious thought of the age, heaped ridicule upon His teachings, but today, wherever childhood is truly blest, and womanhood is crowned with its rightful respect and privilege and glory, and manhood has attained unto the true strength and nobility of which God made it capable, the immeasureable superiority over all others of Christ's character and life and truth is gratefully acknowledged and His praise increasingly sung. Not alone God, but man also, has given Him a name incomparably above every other name.

Man's judgment is perverted by prejudice. He judges before the proper time—he pre-judges. Man's day is too short to form a true estimate of the life and work of his fellowman or of himself. His knowledge is imperfect. He cannot foresee future results of present deeds. He knows but little or nothing of the vitality and inherent power of the seeds sown, how then shall he be able to anticipate the abundance of the harvest?

FIVE-TALENT MEN ARE QUITE SCARCE

Those That Have but One Can Do Great Service for the World.

The Rev. John A. Jayne, pastor of the Observatory Hill Christian church, Allegheny, preached a sermon yesterday morning on "The Use of Little Things in Greater Pittsburgh." His text was taken from Matthew xxv:15, "And to another one talent." Dr. Jayne said in part:

There are few five-talent men in the world. There are a number of two-talent men, there are dead loads of one-talent men. Abraham Lincoln said: "The Lord must love the common people; He made so many of them." Paraphrasing that one might say: "The Lord must love the one-talent men, there are so many of them." It is the use of the little that a man has that determines his position in society and his character. Many and many a house in these two cities makes its money, not on the profit that accrues from the sale of goods, but from its discounts, paying cash for goods.

There are many mills making large profits from the products, rather than the actual output. The refuse of a mill is oftimes as valuable as its finished product. The use of scrap has made many a man rich. Little accumulated makes much. Many nickles make a muckle. Five-talent people are so conscious of their potentality, in other words, so conceited that they accomplish but little in the world. The great achievements of life have been by one-talent men and women. A needle in the hands of Dorcas became the instrument whereby the sufferings of many were relieved. Five barley loaves and two small fishes under the hand of the Lord fed a great multitude. It was three smooth stones taken from a babbling brook that led to the greatness of David, the shepherd boy. A staff, with a crook at the end of it, became the emblem of God's power when used righteously by Moses, the servant of God. A tiny tear glistening on the cheek of a little boy led to the emancipation of a nation of slaves. A spider weaving its net encouraged Robert Bruce of Scotland to great perseverance and ultimate victory. Washington was not a five-talent man, but a one; he had the talent of executive skill, which, rightly used, made the country. Jefferson had a talent for diplomacy and Lincoln for freedom. You have your one talent, use it wisely, use it well. God will honor it and the world will be blessed.

BIBLE NATIONS ARE IN THE VAN

Rabbi Levy Asserts They Are in Forefront of Civilization, Despite Opposition.

SCRIPTURES AS CLASSICS

Greatest of All Literature—The Magna Charta of the World's Liberties—Question of Its Infallibility Discussed.

A lecture on "The Holy Bible" was delivered by the Rev. J. Leonard Levy before the Reform Congregation Rodeph Shalom yesterday morning. This was a continuation of Dr. Levy's series of lectures on "Jewish Affirmations." Dr. Levy said in part:

In Stratford-on-Avon there has been built to the memory of the immortal Shakespeare, a library containing several thousand volumes which deal in some form or other with Shakespeare's works. Several editors of the great dramatist's writings, dictionaries, grammars, explanatory notes and works of value to the student of England's greatest writer, abound, and the visitor cannot fail to be impressed with the fertility of the literary soil from which has grown so large a collection of works.

What is true of Shakespeare is equally true, only on a much vaster scale, of the Bible. Were all the various editions of this Book of books, dictionaries, treatises, commentaries, works referring to it, quoting from it or inspired by it, collected under one roof, the contents of the library would probably be counted by the hundreds of thousands. Such has been mankind's spontaneous recognition of the remarkable value of this product of the genius of the descendants of Abraham. The highest civilized nations of the world revere the Bible. It has been the Magna Charta of the world's liberties. Where it has gone and its spirit has been realized, the highest progress has followed.

The so-called Bible-nations stand foremost in the van of civilization, and in spite of the ominous forecasts of its opponents, in spite of the abuse it has received from its enemies, and in spite of its worst treatment, well intentioned but ill conceived, at the hands of its friends, the Bible stands peerless as the world's religious classic, as the first and greatest revelation of a God of justice and righteousness, of a moral code whose axiomatic truth is binding on the conscience of mankind and of the greatest hope, the advent of a Messiah, that has ever cheered and impelled mankind onward.

Rabbi Levy then discussed the construction of the Bible, reviewed the meaning of the term inspiration, denied that the Bible itself anywhere claims to be infallible, and showed that it was to be "compared to a gold mine, which while it might contain the precious dust or the valuable nugget, nevertheless, rock and earth and ingredients of lower value were also there. Gold and alloy are to be found in the Holy Bible. Alloy in gold does not harm the gold, but it is the height of folly to attempt to show that the alloy is gold. Modern scholarship and modern criticism have completely changed the view of tens of thousands of people on the subject of the absolute infallibility of the Scriptures.

The knowledge brought to mankind during the past quarter of the century, the absolute facts disclosed to man's increasing intelligence, will tend to make us love the Bible for what it is and to estimate it at its true worth. Far from being harmed by those who accept the new knowledge, it is hurt more in the house of its friends who reject the possibility of errors in documents written by man, transcribed again and again by human agencies, and brought down to us through many centuries by the transcribing power of the fallible human hand.

CAN BE GOOD ANYWHERE.

Dr. Patterson Says That Temptation Is the Same Everywhere.

The Rev. C. D. Patterson, pastor of the Tabernacle Baptist church, Allegheny, preached a sermon yesterday morning on "The Possibility of Living Aright Anywhere." His text was taken from I. Corinthians, x:13, "With the temptation, a way to escape." Mr. Patterson said in part:

I have seen young people trained in a pious home, and afterwards go out in life and go astray. Their parents would say that the city in which they lived, or the college they attended, or the business in which they were engaged led them astray; the temptations were too great. This cannot possibly be true, for occasions do not make men, men make occasions. There is a battle in life that must be fought. Pure motives in the heart is the battle ground upon which it must be fought. We must front the foe with victory perched upon the banner of our hearts.

The general who enters into battle with the belief that he will be conquered is already conquered. Daniel with the political influence of Babylon against him, prayed to the God of the three Hebrew boys, and in spite of the wicked colleges at Babylon, where evil tendencies assay, stood firm in the hour of temptation. Paul entered Athens amidst all the surge of human commotion, supporting idolatry, but he declared to them the unknown God. A Christian can exist in the most trying circumstances. To escape temptations we must have faith in God and read the Bible. You can live a Christian life anywhere.

NOT A THEATER, BUT A TEMPLE

Rev. E. M. Wood Answers in Negative, "Should the Bible Be Dramatized?"

FATE OF MIRACLE PLAYS

Suppressed Because They Led to the Ridiculing of Religion. Comic and Sentimental Ditties Sang Around the Altar.

"Should the Bible Be Dramatized?" was the subject of a sermon delivered in the Fifth Avenue Methodist Episcopal church last night by the pastor, the Rev. E. M. Wood. Mr. Wood said in part:

There is an effort to revive the plays and scenes of the middle ages in the churches, not purposely, but still truly. Those were known as miracle plays, mysteries, or moralities. The first two embraced Bible character, events and doctrines and were efforts to copy the stage in historic display, with a view of making such matters more realistic. No subject was too sacred to be presented, not even the judgment, heaven, or hell. The performances were first in the churches and then on the public streets, monks, friars and priests being the chief performers. They were first introduced in England, and in a short time were copied by every country on the continent. They even dared to represent the three persons of the Trinity and the throne of the Most High.

They soon began to degenerate, especially after they called in the laity to assist in the performances, and the clown and the buffoon was in demand. Alfonso X. of Spain seems to have been the first to raise his voice against these performances and prohibit these "buffoon plays" and forbid them being performed in churches, and ordered that they "should be cast out in dishonor." "For the church of God was made for prayer and not for buffooning."

In England the burlesque element gained control and the street pageant was patronized by the royalty, but now about the only relic of those plays is St. George and the Dragon. The burlesque and comic element gained such headway in Germany that the archbishop of Salzburg prohibited them on the ground of "the ludicrous mixture of the sacred and the profane, the frequent bad acting in the serious parts, and the scandal arising from the exposure of sacred subjects to the ridicule of free thinkers."

On these and other grounds every country in Europe, where those plays have existed, have condemned them. Only one exception is found and that is "The Passion Play" at Ober-Ammergau. The peasants pleaded with the king of Bavaria to make no exception in their case, to which he consented on condition that everything that could offend good religious taste should be expunged. Efforts have been made to introduce this play into the United States, but to the present the effort has been a failure.

The good moral sense of this country will not tolerate placing the most sacred and solemn scene of the Crucifixion on the same platform with the modern theater and the drama. And what other countries, less enlightened, as we think, have condemned we surely will never adopt.

Any public exhibition of the sacred scenes of the Bible are liable to such mistakes and accidents as to bring them into contempt. And our reverence for the Bible easily sacred in this country is too low already and needs stimulation and cultivation. Ministers are largely to blame for this lack of reverence for things sacred. On the one hand, when seen on the streets sometimes, he might be taken for a member of some theatrical troupe. On the other hand, he is dressed in such a manner as that he might be considered as one of a baseball nine. To purposely dress out of the ministerial style is to be condemned. The recognition of a minister, if by no other way than his dress, will have a good moral influence on others.

Then there are objectionable performances in our churches. To think of the comic and the grotesque being played and sentimental love songs and dime novel plantation songs, being played and sung around the sacred altars of the church is a profanation too great to be apologized for. Worse still possibly, think of "Ten Nights in a Barroom," with a saloon and all of its low accompaniments, all being displayed in the holy temple of God!

Indeed, we may well ask, are the middle ages coming back again? Shall we set up the statues of Venus and Bacchus in the most holy place? And as surely as God is a jealous God, not dividing His honor and glory with another (the Shekinah will not appear in such temples.

The house of God has no fellowship with the temple of Baal. It must not be turned into a play house, although by such methods we may attract the crowds. If the final result is a loss of reverence for sacred and divine things, we are scutting the ship upon which we ask them to take passage. Usually it is the case now that a man has put on all his shows, like the famous Arab, he secretly folds his tent and steals away under some other idea, perhaps, a higher salary.

The church must never be put in competition with the theater as to attractions, for here she will always be beaten and anything which looks like copying the latter will always hurt the church and help the theater. Modest and judicious advertising of a church, such as may be continued from year to year, will be generally approved or on some special occasion extra, but still modest announcements may be made. Otherwise, when the show is over the crowd will be gone and the reaction is very injurious. A pyrotechnic preacher, either in person or in theme, will generally go up like a rocket, but come down like a stick.

GOD CAN GIVE A CLEAN HEART

Diseases and Dangers of That Vital Organ a Theme for Dr. Silveus' Sermon.

MAINTAINING A BALANCE

Affections That Depress and Produce Inertness, Misanthropy and Fear—Moral Nature Liable to Similar Results.

"The Heart's Diseases and Dangers" was the subject of a sermon preached yesterday morning by the Rev. W. F. Silveus, D. D., pastor of the Second Cumberland Presbyterian church, Pittsburgh. His text was, "Keep thy heart with all diligence; for out of it are the issues of life." Mr. Silveus said in part:

The heart is to the body what the metropolis is to the kingdom. The blood may be compared to merchandise, collected from a thousand sources, passing through the highways of the veins to the remotest territory of our frames, returning again even as merchandise does, often in a deteriorated state, through the arteries, to be renovated or replaced in the metropolis of the heart.

Wonderful, indeed, is that unseen agent of health, wealth and life. It is ever at work; it knows neither rest nor sleep from the moment of its creation until the hour of death, it never ceases to work. Prodigious, indeed, is its work. It matters not how far the extremities of the body be away, it is in constant communication with every organ.

Every drop of blood passes through the heart 28 times in a single hour, making in all 4,000 separate pulsations. Upon no other organ are we so dependent. If it be sluggish the brain, lungs and feet all are sluggish. If it is perforated through with the finest blade death ensues. How important then is this organ.

Of the diseases to which the heart is liable, there is induration, or hardening of the heart. It gradually becomes insensible until at last it ceases to perform its functions. In the case of softening of the heart inertness and despondency ensue; love gradually declines, the man soon mistrusts everything and everybody, its climax is misanthropy. Hope becomes less and less declared until at length it gives place to despair. If you would have your affections reinvigorated ask God to create in you a clean heart.

Atrophy, or wasting away, the physicians tell us is caused very often by defective nourishment, living too long on rich diet without a due proportion of plainer and coarser fare. Enlargement of the heart in which one part of that organ becomes disproportionate, so that the whole man quivers and trembles with his inordinately proportioned tenant.

The moral nature is liable to a similar disease. Hope and fear alone may be compared to the different sections of the heart. If one of these become affected all suffer. There must be a balance of the affections or harm ensues. Thus, if love grow out of proportion to fear, presumption is our danger; if fear is above love, then unfilial terror and dread follows. A balanced heart is what God wants.

ITS GOLDEN JUBILEE.

Celebration of the Fiftieth Anniversary of Franklin and Marshall College.

The 50th anniversary of Franklin and Marshall college was celebrated yesterday in all the Reformed churches throughout the United States. The general synod of the Reformed church of America appointed yesterday as the day for a universal celebration. The services in the Pittsburgh and Allegheny churches were notably elaborate.

Franklin and Marshall is the oldest Reformed institution of learning in this country, and is situated at Lancaster, Pa. It is the result of the combining of the Franklin and the Marshall colleges. This was consummated in January, 1853. The college will not celebrate its semi-centennial until next June. Elaborate preparations are now in progress and the exercises will be held during commencement week.

CROWDS FLOCK TO HEAR SENSATION

But Evangelist Barrett's Strong Topic Proves to Be an Allegory.

The announcement that Evangelist C. F. Barrett would talk on "Three Unscrupulous Doctors Who Are Doing a Damnable Business in Oakland" brought a large crowd to the Oakland Methodist Episcopal church yesterday morning. The sermon, however, proved to be of an allegorical nature and the doctors were putative ministers, who treated souls: Mr. Barrett said in part:

There are many physicians who delude people. They always fail to cure. They do not understand the disease. It is a soul that is going to hell. They prescribe impossible remedies. Remedies that do not touch the disease. There are three doctors who are doing a most damnable business in Oakland. The first is Doctor Merryman. He has a tremendous practice. He says to the soul that is perishing, "Be merry, go to theaters, dances and card parties. Plunge into the vortex of worldliness that is sweeping through Pittsburgh." But he does not cure. He nauseates. Society never satisfies. It gives no peace or pardon. It gives no hope and no eternal life. It blasts lives.

Another physician who has even a larger practice than Dr. Merryman is Dr. Devotee. He has several places of business and most of his clients call on Sunday morning. He says to his patients when they talk to him about the question of the salvation of their souls, that the thing for them to do is to join the church. Just become devoted. And many who have become nauseated with Merryman's doses accept the treatment of Dr. Devotee. They join the church, come once in a while, and try to make themselves believe that they are saved.

And then what these two doctors fail, along comes Dr. Apathy. He does the largest business of them all. More people in Oakland are in a state of religious apathy than one would believe. Many never cross the threshold of the church. The worst of trying these doctors is, that it is time wasted and one does not get better but worse.

Women's Suits.

It's simply a question of whether we can fit you—
If we can there's the greatest bargain you ever saw here for Monday and Tuesday.
About 25 walking suits—and a few long suits—
in black, Oxford, granite and gray—sizes 32 to 44—
$10 each
They are suits that sold regularly at $30, $32, $35 and $40—and they're not old—or shopworn either.
J. G. BENNETT & CO.,
WOOD AND FIFTH.

LOOK FOR J. Liebig COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF BEEF IN BLUE
For FORTY YEARS the FIRST

Founded in 1866 on a good firm basis, the Peoples Savings Bank has been doing business continuously and successfully ever since—
It offers absolute security for savings and 4 per cent compound interest—
Write for booklet.
PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK
Pittsburgh, Pa.

We guarantee to undersell any jeweler in the two cities.
DIAMONDS
DeRoy BROS
Bijou Building.

EAST END STORAGE WAREHOUSE
NEW AND UP-TO-DATE.
(Centre Ave. Near Liberty Market.)
Separate Room for Furniture
Fireproof Vaults for Silverware
Mothproof Rooms for Carpet and Rugs
Household Goods Packed and Shipped
Padded Vans and Wagons for Moving
HAUGH & KEENAN STORAGE AND TRANSFER CO.
CITY OFFICES AND WAREHOUSE.
Third Street and Duquesne Way.
ESTIMATES. BOTH 'PHONES.

We are more careful about children's shoes than most people—more careful about the fit—more critical as to quality—
C. A. VERNER,
FIFTH AND MARKET.

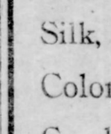
Trousers to Order at 20% Reduction This Week.
DICKSON, The Tailor, 420 Wood St.

CARPET BUYING TIME

January is the month of all months to buy Carpets—Two good reasons for it—
First—It is before stock-taking time and we want to reduce stock — Hence low prices.
Second—Workrooms are not so busy, and your orders can be executed at once.
There's a distinct economy in buying now, even though you don't need the carpet for a month or two—
Tapestry Brussels
The special feature this week is Tapestry Brussels—Good patterns and plenty of each—
60c grade at 45c a yard
75c grade at 55c a yard
85c grade at 60c a yard
90c grade at 65c a yard
$1.10 grade at 80c a yard
These are not remnants—but full rolls and good, desirable stock—
Oliver McClintock Co.
219 Fifth Ave.

HORNE-STEWART CO
DRY GOODS.
Require buyer in Silk, Black and Colored Dress Goods Departments.
233-235 FIFTH AVENUE

THE JANUARY MILLINERY SALE.
Millinery Bargains are at their best now—
Half price—and even less is the rule—
Smart trimmed hats as low as $5 and $6—
The sooner you come—the better your choice will be.
PAULSON BROS. CO.,
441 Wood St.



MANDO Removes Forever Superfluous Hair
On the Face, Arms or Any Part of the Body, root and branch. The greatest discovery known to modern science. Not the Slightest Injury to the Fairest Skin.
Price $1.00—Samples 10c.
MME. JOSEPHINE LE FEVRE,
1208 Chestnut st., Philadelphia, Pa.
A full line of my preparations are on sale at May Drug Co., 506 Market St. Jos. Fleming & Son, 412 Market St., Pittsburgh.

Blank Books
No matter what your blank book need is—you'll find it supplied here—
We've been in the blank book and office supply business for years—Have a reputation to sustain—and are sustaining it.
Blank Books,
Stationery,
Legal Blanks,
Desk Supplies.
Our latest samples of engraved or stamped stationery are very artistic.
J. R. WELDIN & CO.,
429-431 WOOD ST.

TYPEWRITERS
Manhattans, A. B. and No. 9. Call and See Them—Price $50 and $75. Repairs on All Makes of Machines Solicited. F. S. Webster Co. Carbons and Ribbons Always in Stock.
F. S. Webster Co., Prop.
432 DIAMOND ST.

The Brand of the Board

You can't hide it—"The Brand of the Board." Lines across the forehead, at the corners of the eyes and mouth, a worn and weary expression of face, generally; all these follow the hard toil of the washboard, in the old way of washing.

WALKER'S SOAP

prevents a woman from wearing this unsightly "brand." No washboard is necessary; no rubbing, no boiling, no hard work of any kind, in using Walker's Soap. Just soap the clothes, roll tightly, cover with luke-warm water; rinse, wring, hang out. That's all. Read the wrapper.

SANKEY OPPOSES BRIDGE RAISING

Announces He Will Sign Report Protesting Against the Project.

ARE TO ACT TODAY

Samuel J. Wainwright, Jr., Another Absent Member of Committee, Is Expected to Object to the Raising.

Select Councilman W. E. Sankey stated yesterday that he would sign the majority report of the council committee, protesting against the raising of the Allegheny river bridges. Mr. Sankey said that while he favored the proposition to raise the bridges, he was not in favor of the improvement if there was a possibility of the city being made liable for damages.

"The damages would probably be very heavy and some one would have to pay them. As long as there is a chance that the city would have to pay any damages, I am opposed to bridge raising," said Mr. Sankey.

Mr. Sankey and Select Councilman Samuel J. Wainwright, Jr., are the only members of the committee who have not signed either report. The majority report is signed by Chairman J. C. Wasson, W. H. Stevenson and J. P. Shaw. The minority report is signed by John Benz and Charles C. Schad. Messrs. Sankey and Wainwright were not present at the meeting of the committee Saturday night, when the majority report was adopted. Mr. Wainwright was out of the city and was away yesterday. He will be present this afternoon at the special meeting of select council, to which both the majority and the minority reports will be presented.

It is claimed that Mr. Wainwright will also sign the majority report, and that when it is presented to councils, it will bear the signatures of five of the seven members of the committee.

Councils Must Act Today.

Councils must take action, if it takes any, today, as all evidence in relation to the proposed raising of the bridges must be in the hands of the United States engineer here for transmission to the secretary of war by Wednesday.

Owing to the fact that select council will meet first today, John Benz has been authorized by the committee to present its report to the upper branch. Common council meets tonight, and the action of select council will be laid before it. If select council adopts the minority report, favoring bridge raising, and common council does not concur, the resolutions, one favoring the project and the other protesting against it, will be sent to the government.

Common Councilman W. H. Stevenson, a member of the committee, stated yesterday that he was in favor of raising the bridges, but said he thought it would be wise for councils to adopt the resolution protesting against it, on account of the anticipated liability of the city for damages. He thought the government would decide the matter regardless of any expression from the Pittsburgh councils, and if the secretary of war ordered the bridges raised and an effort were made to collect damages from the city, it would be in the position of having opposed the project from the start. He thought that this would aid the city in forcing either the bridge companies or the government to pay the damages.

Other Matters to Consider.

While councils have been called to meet today to consider the bridge project, there will be other important matters for the city legislators to handle. The electric light bills, which were again amended at the last meeting, will come up in common council. Mr. Stevenson stated yesterday that he would make an effort to have these bills passed finally tonight. He said that he would not be surprised if another attempt to amend them would be made.

At the last meeting of the lower branch there were enough votes to put the bills on second reading, but the majority opposed suspending the rules and passing them finally. J. C. Wasson presented the amendment which was adopted, requiring the companies to have their plants built and ready for service within two years. The object of this amendment, Mr. Wasson stated, was to prevent the companies obtaining franchises for speculative purposes.

Mr. Stevenson has also stated that he will make an effort to have the resolution, providing for an expert to prepare estimates of the total cost of a sand filtration plant passed tonight over the recorder's veto. Mr. Stevenson said the estimates prepared by the department of public works do not include the South Side, and that the filtration project could not be submitted to the people for an additional bond issue unless an estimate is made that will include the South Side. The sub-committee of finance has also been called for tonight to continue its consideration of the appropriations for the ensuing year. This committee is not called to meet until after common council has adjourned. It is likely that the meeting will be postponed, as the meeting of council may be prolonged until late in the discussion over the bridge raising resolution and other bills that are scheduled to come up.

PAINTERS AND TINNERS CLASH.

Allegations That Union Tinners Have Been Doing Painters' Work.

The Pittsburgh painters' and sheet metal workers' unions have a fight on over an allegation of the painters that sheet metal workers have been doing glazing and other work, properly in the province of the painters. An effort was made to have the Building Trades council decide the matter at its meeting Saturday night and a spirited session resulted.

The council referred it back to the trades interested, and the issue will be adjusted by committees representing both trades.

THE GRIP FOLLOWS THE SNOW.

It can be prevented and the worst cases cured in two days by taking Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. E. W. Grove signature on box.

"Help Wanted" advertisements when inserted in

Gazette Want Columns

bring quick, reliable returns. 1c a word, each insertion, payable in advance.

TRY THEM.

WANTED.

Male Help.

DRIVERS—Wanted, experienced drivers for teams for freight depots and city deliveries. Apply 6 o'clock in morning, Sixteenth st. and Liberty ave. Pittsburgh.

DRIVERS—Must have experience in freight depot and city deliveries. Apply 6 o'clock in morning. 840 West north ave., Allegheny.

IF YOU ARE SEEKING EMPLOYMENT OR WISH TO CHANGE YOUR PRESENT POSITION, CALL OR ADDRESS INFORMATION DEPARTMENT, STAR BUREAU. OLDEST, LARGEST AND BEST. 30 years' established trade among the largest firms, banks and R. R. offices; privacy if desired. 120 Sixth st., Opp Alvin theater.

MARINE Corps, U. S. Navy—Recruits wanted; able bodied men; service on our warships in all parts of the world and on land in the United States and colonial possessions when required. Apply Recruiting Office, Rooms 414-415 City Postoffice building.

PATTERNMAKER—First-class; at once. Address South Side Foundry & Machine Works, Charleston, W. Va.

WANTED—Coach and hearse body builders. Permanent position. Apply at once, L. Gleskenkamp Sons & Co., No. 320 Penn ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

YOUNG MEN—Call 409 Hamilton Bldg. at once.

Female Help.

COOK—Good plain cook for private family. Apply to 826 Bidwell st., Sharpsburg.

GIRL for light chamber work and assist with baby. Apply 351 South Negley ave.

GIRL for general housework; good wages. 579 Lincoln ave., East End.

HOUSEKEEPER for widower and two boys; good manager; no washing. 209 East Park way, Allegheny.

MAID for general housework. Written reference required. Inquire 1409 Chartiers st., Allegheny.

STENOGRAPHER—Woman, quick and accurate, $6 per week. Character references required. Address R 62, The Gazette.

Situations—Male.

DRAUGHTSMAN—Wants some work to do evenings; rates reasonable. Address K 49, The Gazette.

Partners.

WANTED—Partner with $15,000 to $20,000, to take interest in established manufacturing business, with the view of moving same to vicinity of Pittsburgh. Product—Machinery for rolling mills. Will bear closest investigation. Profits last year, 24 per cent. Persons familiar with manufacturing industries preferred. Address X 59, The Gazette.

WANTED—Partner, help to push extensively, good demonstrated hotel and office patent. Write or call 1617 Colwell st., Pittsburgh.

WANTED—A man to invest $5,000 in an A1 enterprise earning large profits. Address Box 965, city.

Pupils.

STEM-VOWEL shorthand; 220 words per minute for half hour; highest sustained speed ever reached, 340 per minute; the only system of its speed flexibility. Sixth and Liberty. Come and see it.

NEW TERMS START now in French, German, Spanish. Send for booklet. BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES, 515 Penn ave.

MISS NUNEZ, Spanish, French teacher; also translator of Portuguese. 216 Sixth st., Pittsburgh, third floor.

Real Estate.

WANTED.

A dwelling house of not less than 12 rooms in the Shadyside or East end district, south of the P. R. R. Must be a level lot, on a street and be modern in every respect. Are willing to pay $1,500 rent.

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

Rooms.

WANTED—In Oakmont, Pa., two or three furnished or partly furnished rooms; good board for 2 adults, from March. Address H. 10, 932 Negley ave.

WANTED—Two rooms and board for mother and adult son, within 10 minutes' walk of Pennsylvania railroad, East End. Address L 36, The Gazette.

Desk Room.

PHILADELPHIA COMPANY wants office or desk room in Pittsburgh, conveniently; will pay $18 per month. Address R 61, The Gazette.

Miscellaneous.

HORSES or mares that can trot or pace fast; that are used in the city; give description. Address box 211, Freeport, Pa.

H. C. KNAPP, commercial job printer, 3521 Butler st. Both telephones.

FOR RENT.

City and Suburban Residences.

FOR RENT—FIFTH AVENUE, Oakland, near Meyran ave. Suburban house, 10 rooms. $75 per month. Send for list. COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE AND TRUST COMPANY, 327-329 Fourth ave.

DON'T rent any longer. We can sell you a very comfortable home within 15 minutes' street car ride from the corner of Fifth ave. and Market st. in Pittsburgh, in a well settled resident neighborhood—streets graded, sidewalks, water, gas, schools, churches, stores and out of range of smoke nuisance; on month-ly payments.

Inquire 319 Fourth ave., Commercial Building Company.

FOR RENT.

Send name and address and list will be mailed to you.

All kinds of properties for sale or rent.

W. H. IRVINGTON CO.,
317 to 320 Park Building.

East End Residences.

SEND for complete list of East End houses. J. W. SHERRER, 107 Sheridan ave., E. E.

Offices.

OFFICES TO LET.

En suite; new Lewis Block annex, Sixth avenue and Smithfield street; large, sunny and centrally located.

APPLY H. L. WASS,
341 Sixth ave.

Business Properties.

FOR RENT—Business houses and rooms in central districts, at prices ranging from $1,200 to $6,500 per year, according to size and location. Send for list.

COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE & TRUST COMPANY,
327 and 329 Fourth Ave.

Farms.

FOR RENT—150-acre farm; ¼ mile from Manor, 23 miles from Pittsburgh, on Penna. railroad; good springs; running stream; fine site for dairy. C. L. McCutcheon, 301 Arrott building, Pittsburgh.

Desk Room.

DESK ROOM—Good desk space. Inquire 409 Market st., Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE.

City and Suburban Residences.

FOR SALE—Wightman st. property, near Wilkins ave., at low price to close an estate. Address M. B. Johnson, No. 20 N. Diamond st. (east) Allegheny.

FOR SALE.

City and Suburban Residences.

SEWICKLEY.

3 acres of highly improved ground, forest and shade trees; lovely view overlooking the Ohio river; with large mansion, 16 rooms, 3 bath rooms, 5 toilets, hot water heating, electric lights, laundry, etc. Stone roads and walks; large stable and carriage house; for sale at a very low price to settle an estate. One of the choicest properties in the Sewickley valley. Terms, $10,000 cash, balance low rate.

SAMUEL W. BLACK & CO.,
307 Fourth Ave.

East End Residences.

FOR SALE—A reasonable Offer will buy a $6,500 Brick house, modern fixtures. Mollon, near Stanton ave. East End. See COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE & TRUST CO.
327 and 329 Fourth ave.

EAST END RESIDENCE.

$14,000—Graham st., new colonial, center hall, brick house; 12 rooms; dressing rooms, 2 bath rooms; 3 toilets; hot water heating; large front and rear porches; desirable location.

H. R. SCOTT,
Room 502, German National Bank Bldg. Sixth ave. and Wood st.

For Sale.

A bargain on Highland ave., large center hall brick house with lot 120 ft. front. Price $25,000.

S. H. LLOYD,
No. 6016 Penn ave., E. E., Pittsburgh, Pa.

$13,000—Modern brick residence, 11 rooms, every convenience, hardwood floors and finished in full detail from

GAULT & GIFFEN,
316 Fourth ave.

Allegheny Residences.

For sale or rent, Lincoln avenue, Allegheny residence, 11 rooms, well improved. See COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE & TRUST COMPANY,
327 and 329 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—Neat residence property, No. 609 Sandusky st., adjoining Baptist church. Will be sold at large reduction on first cost. A. J. Pentecost, 310 Fourth ave.

Manufacturing Sites.

MANUFACTURING SITE.

Within 7 miles of Morgantown, W. Va., and in gas belt, over 1,000 feet on 3 mile front on Monongahela slackwater and B. & O. R. R., containing 137 acres, nearly level land, with 5-ft. coke oven loam, 12 ft. sand, 24 ft. potters' clay (75 per cent silica and 17 per cent alumina), shale, fire clay, soapstone, limestone, building stone, and excellent quality of Freeport coal 150 ft. below surface; a new sand washer is now in operation and R. R. siding, tool house, steam pump and pump station has just been erected. This is a good garden farm. I also offer 150 acres Pittsburgh drift coal within a short distance of above.

R. B. REID, Uniontown, Pa.

Lots.

FOR SALE,
EAST WILKINSBURG PLAN OF LOTS.

A rare chance to secure a home, and sold at about two-thirds the price of surrounding property, on easy payments.

W. H. H. FRIEND,
700 Wood st., Wilkinsburg.

FOR SALE—Ten lots on Bedford ave., near Thirty-third st.; average 25x100 each; street paved, street cars, water, gas, sewer, electric light; $50.00 foot. GEORGE SNOW, Stevenson and Bluff sts., city.

Farms.

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE OHIO FARMS. Send stamp for 1903 illustrated catalogue. NEILL & BLAKESLEE, Oakmont, Pa.

Business Opportunities.

BUSINESS of all kinds bought and sold; partners secured for established business, etc.; all transactions strictly confidential. W. J. KER, Room 502, Penn Building. Wood st. and Fourth ave.

BUSINESS of all kinds sold, partners secured for established business, stock companies organized and industrial enterprises financed; all business strictly confidential. THE PUBLIC TRUST CO. 236 Fourth ave.

CONFECTIONERY AND CIGAR STORE with 3 living rooms, at a bargain. Call 125 Collins ave., East End.

IF you want to buy or sell any kind of business, see CAVANAGH CO., 421 Fourth ave.

BUSINESS CHANCES—Send for list. Estep & Co., 320 Fourth ave.

Investments.

$10 TO $50 weekly income by investing $100 to $500; money withdrawn on demand; two years' continued success. Address Seaman & Co., Drexel Building, Philadelphia, Pa.

Machinery.

FOR SALE—
BESSEMER STEEL PLANT.
Consisting of
2 4-ton Bessemer converters.
3 Cupolas.
1 Manganese furnace.
1 26' & 40x48' vertical McIntosh & Hemphill blowing engines.
1 32"-2 high blooming mill, with 1 pair 28x48" reversing engines.
1 Bloom shear with 12x20" engine.
2 4-pit Soaking-pit furnaces.
Also all hydraulic cranes, ladles, ingot moulds, fans, scales, boilers, engines and pumps formerly used in operating plant.
Will sell entire or in part to suit purchaser. The above is in addition to the large stock of boilers, engines, and iron working machinery at our 45th street warehouse.
WICKES BROTHERS,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
Office 808 Frick Building. Warehouses 45th st. & A. V. R. R.

ENGINES.
32x54 and 28x60 Corliss.
20x24 Automatic.
12 and 21x24 Cross Compound.

BOILERS.
8—60x16 Boilers.
2—175 H. P. B. & W.

MISCELLANEOUS.
44"x30", 30"x16" and 16"x10" Lathes.
42x40x13 and 18x18x36 Planers.
24" and 20" Drill Presses.
1—8" Pipe Machine.
1—60-inch Hydraulic Wheel Press.
1—7' Steam Crane.
1—6-ton Yale & Towne hand traveling crane.
1—42"x13' Steel Bldg.
1—350 and 1-500 H. P. Heater, Brass Tubes.
ATWELL MACHINERY COMPANY,
507 Hamilton Bldg.,
Bell 'phone 1895 Grant. P. & A. 2699 Main

FOR SALE—Boilers and engines, all sizes, from 3 to 125 H. P., stationery and portable upright boilers and engines, large assortment kept in stock; shafting, pulleys and hangers and large lot of miscellaneous machinery; second-hand belting, leather and rubber; large stock of all sizes at low prices; machinery of all kinds bought and exchanged.

JOHN S. YOUNG,
108-110 Park way, Allegheny, Pa.

30 1½ yard 2-foot gauge dump cars.
1 Hydraulic Wheel Press Horizontal takeup, 242" Wheel.
1 14" Jones and Lawson Turret Lathe.
Line of new engines and boilers ranging from 4 to 75 horse power.

W. J. CARLIN,
Twenty-sixth st. and A. V. R. R., City.

N. C. DAVISON,
Gas and Steam Engines, Boilers, Pumps, Compressors. 368 Frick building.

Pianos.

$460—PIANO—Family sacrifices famous upright; unsurpassed tone; cover, stool, book, sheet music; guaranteed ten years. Sell very cheap. 711 North Euclid ave., East End, Pittsburgh.

LOST.

LOST—A gold watch and chain, engraved on inside case, Phoebe M. Heckman, between Liberty and Penn aves. on Mathilda or Millvale sts. Reward, 4308 Dearborn st.

LOST—In Frick building, 10th floor, gold watch and fob; liberal reward and no questions asked if returned. Address P 86, The Gazette.

LOST—At Alvin, silk umbrella, carved silver and pearl handle. Return M. R. Bain, Mellon National Bank.

MEETINGS.

Office of the National Glass Company,
Eighth street and Penn avenue.
Pittsburgh, Pa., December 11, 1902.

NOTICE is hereby given that there will be a special meeting of the stockholders of the National Glass Company, held at the principal office of the company, at the corner of Penn avenue and Eighth street, in the city of Pittsburgh, on Monday, the 16th day of February, 1903, at 3 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of giving or withholding consent to a porposition to issue preferred stock in exchange for a portion of the outstanding stock of the company in certain proportions of the stock held, as may be determined at said meeting.

ADDISON THOMPSON, Secretary.

The Pittsburgh, McKeesport & Youghiogheny Railroad Co.,
Pittsburgh, Pa., Jan. 12, 1903.

MEETING—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the company will be held at the general offices of the company, New Terminal building, Pittsburgh, Pa., Tuesday, January 27, 1903, between the hours of 12 o'clock noon and 2 o'clock p. m., to hear the report of the president, to elect a president and nine directors to serve for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

JNO. G. ROBINSON, Secretary.

Office Central Accident Insurance Co.,
Nos. 1311-1320 Park Building,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Central Accident Insurance Company will be held at the offices of the company in the Park building in the city of Pittsburgh, Pa., on Wednesday, January 21, 1903, at 2 o'clock p. m. for the election of a board of directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

RALPH BUTLER,
Secretary and General Manager.

The Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad Co.,
Pittsburgh, Pa., Jan. 12, 1903.

MEETING—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the company will be held at the general offices of the company, New Terminal building, Pittsburgh, Pa., Tuesday, January 27, 1903, between the hours of 12 o'clock noon and 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing a president and twelve directors to serve for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

JNO. G. ROBINSON, Secretary.

The Union Savings Bank of Pittsburgh,
Frick Bldg., Pittsburgh, Pa., Jan. 13, 1903.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Union Savings bank of Pittsburgh will be held at the office of the bank, Frick building, on Tuesday, January 20, 1903, at 7 o'clock p. m. for the election of directors to serve during the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may be properly brought before the meeting.

E. V. HAYS, Cashier.

Commonwealth Real Estate & Trust Company of Pittsburgh.
Pittsburgh, Pa., Jan. 7, 1903.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at its office on Tuesday, January 20, 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m. for the election of directors to serve during the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the company, 327-329-331 Fourth avenue, on Tuesday, January 20, 1903, at 2 p. m.

GEORGE E. EDWARDS, Secretary.

Union Trust Company of Clairton,
Clairton, Pa., Jan. 5, 1903.

ELECTION—The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at the office of the company, Clairton, Pa., on Tuesday, January 20, 1903, at 1 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year.

J. WILL TAYLOR,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Ohio Valley Bank of Allegheny,
Allegheny, Pa., Dec. 21, 1902.

ELECTION—The annual election of directors of this bank to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the banking house, 638 and 640 Preble ave. on Tuesday, January 20, 1903, between the hours of 12 o'clock noon and 1 o'clock p. m.

F. B. REYNOLDS, Cashier.

INSURANCE STATEMENT.

THIRTY-SECOND ANNUAL STATEMENT of the Teutonia Insurance Company of Allegheny, Pa., for the year ending December 31, 1902:

ASSETS.

Mortgages, first liens	$315,673 00	
Real estate	26,599 55	
Outstanding premiums and accounts	19,167 03	
Interest due and accrued	5,026 95	
Cash in bank and office	14,139 43	
		$378,526 76

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$125,000 00	
Unpaid losses	14,947 00	
Re insurance reserve	143,454 10	
Net surplus	92,526 66	
		$378,857 76

RECEIPTS.

Net premiums	$172,700 32	
Interest	17,843 81	
Rent	294 00	
		$190,536 13

EXPENDITURES.

Fire losses	$ 5,517 45	
Dividends	12,500 00	
Commissions	39,323 53	
Expenses, salaries, taxes, etc.	18,359 70	
		$146,931 68
Receipts over expenditures		$ 43,605 10
Losses paid since organization	$386,784 09	

C. W. GERWIG,
Secretary.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

Pittsburgh Insurance Company,
No. 240 Fourth Avenue,
Pittsburgh, January 13, 1903.

DIVIDEND NO. 103—The board of directors of this company has this day declared a semi-annual dividend of FOUR ($4.00) DOLLARS PER SHARE, payable forthwith. Checks will be mailed.

R. J. M'KNIGHT, Secretary.

Western Insurance Company.
Pittsburgh, Pa., Jan. 13, 1903.

DIVIDEND NO. 93—The directors of the company have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS ($1.50) per share out of the profits of the company. Checks will be mailed to stockholders.

D. DALLAS HARE,
Secretary.

Office of the Teutonia Insurance Company,
735 Ohio st., Allegheny, Penna.,
January 6, 1903.

DIVIDEND NO. 60—The directors of this company have this day declared a dividend of Two ($2) Dollars and Fifty ($0) cents per share of the capital stock of the company, payable on demand.

C. W. GERWIG, Secretary.

United States Steel Corporation.

The interest on Series B bonds due February 1, will be paid at maturity by Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co. Registration books close January 21 and reopen February 2, 1903.

RICHARD TRIMBLE, Treasurer.

AUCTION SALES.

Important Auction Sale.

THE FURNISHMENT OF AN E. E. RESIDENCE, FINE FURNITURE, CARPETS, RUGS, LARGE MANTEL MIRROR, PICTURES, ENGRAVINGS, BOOKS, BRASS BED, BRIC-A-BRAC, ETC., TUESDAY, JANUARY 20, AT 10 O'CLOCK, AT THE ROOMS OF THE HENRY AUCTION CO., 124 AND 128 NINTH ST.,

Lot Books, 54 vol., Harper's Monthly, covering 28 years from 1858 to 1886, Chamber Suites, Wardrobe, Desks, Sideboard, Extension Table and Chairs, Pictures, Engravings, Bric-a-Brac, China, Silver and Glassware, Brass Bed, Springs, Mattresses and Bedding, Fancy Chairs and Rockers, French Bronzes, Mantel Mirrors, etc. Also Brussels and Velvet Carpets for rooms and halls. Goods now on exhibition.

HENRY AUCTION CO.,
Auctioneers.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Don't Put Yourself Under An Obligation

If you need money come to us. It's our business to lend money. And our rate is 6 per cent—the 1-west rate charged in Allegheny county. We have one rate for everybody, rich or poor. And it makes no difference how much or how little you wish to borrow. We accept as security watches, diamonds, jewelry, furs, clothing or any other article of value.

Six Per Cent.

Market Street Loan Office,

214 Market Street,
Near Third Avenue.

CAPITAL $250,000.00.

HERE IT IS.

Salary loans, furniture loans. Give us a call before going elsewhere. Our rates are the lowest.

PITTSBURGH CREDIT CO.,
336 Fourth ave., room 601 Times building.

MONEY TO LOAN—In sums to suit on household furniture, pianos, etc., without removal; also on good collateral security; easy payments; confidential.

J. Q. H. SMITH, 413 Fourth ave.

SALARY LOANS ON PERSONAL NOTES.
Penn Trust Co.,
Room 17—301 Smithfield st.—Room 17.
Marine Nat. Bk. Bldg. 'Phone, P. & A., 1170 M.

Mortgage Loans.

MONEY to loan on mortgages.
W. P. WEBSTER & SON,
Bell 'phone 1 Smithfield st. Ally

MONEY TO LOAN on easy monthly payments. PENN LOAN ASSOCIATION, 241 Fourth ave.

MONEY to Loan on mortgages and collateral securities. The Public Trust Co., 236 4th ave.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SALE OF UNCLAIMED TAXPAID GOLDEN WEDDING RYE WHISKEY.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Notice is hereby given that certain unclaimed lots of Golden Wedding Rye Whiskey, distilled by Jos. S. Finch & Co., to wit:

5 Bbls. (February, 1892), serial numbers, 100421 to 100425, bonded warehouse receipt No. 28623.

5 Bbls. (November, 1892), serial numbers, 114451 to 114455, bonded warehouse receipt No. 31685.

5 Bbls. (November, 1892), serial numbers, 114486 to 114490, bonded warehouse receipt No. 31736.

5 Bbls. (January, 1893), serial numbers, 117361 to 117365, bonded warehouse receipt No. 32837.

3 Bbls. (November, 1893), serial numbers, 129648 to 129650, bonded warehouse receipt No. 36477.

3 Bbls. (February, 1894), serial numbers, 133343 to 133345, bonded warehouse receipt No. 37540.

Have been taxpaid by us, as required by law and are now stored in our Free Warehouse. The owners thereof are hereby notified to surrender their bonded warehouse receipts and pay United States tax and charges before February 16, 1903, otherwise the whiskey will be sold at public auction at our warehouse, 125 Mc-Clure st., Pittsburgh, Pa., on the said 16th of February, 1903, at 2 o'clock p. m., to pay said tax and charges.

JOS. S. FINCH & CO.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the governor of Pennsylvania on Wednesday, February 4, 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m., by George I. Whitney, Frank L. Stephenson, Richard M. Gulick, Peter J. McNulty and George J. McNulty, under the act of assembly entitled, "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation, to be called "Grand Opera House and Star Theatre," the character and object of which is the owning, leasing, conducting, carrying on, or managing a theater or theatres, and in addition to the large stock of boilers, engines, and iron working machinery at our 45th street warehouse.

WICKES BROTHERS,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
Office 808 Frick Building. 45th st. & A. V. R. R.

ENGINES.
32x54 and 28x60 Corliss.
20x24 Automatic.
12 and 21x24 Cross Compound.

BOILERS.
8—60x16 Boilers.
2—175 H. P. B. & W.

MISCELLANEOUS.
44"x30", 30"x16" and 16"x10" Lathes.
42x40x13 and 18x18x36 Planers.
24" and 20" Drill Presses.
1—8" Pipe Machine.
1—60-inch Hydraulic Wheel Press.
1—7' Steam Crane.
1—6-ton Yale & Towne hand traveling crane.
1—42"x13' Steel Bldg.
1—350 and 1-500 H. P. Heater, Brass Tubes.
ATWELL MACHINERY COMPANY,
507 Hamilton Bldg.,
Bell 'phone 1895 Grant. P. & A. 2699 Main

FOR SALE—Boilers and engines, all sizes, from 3 to 125 H. P., stationery and portable upright boilers and engines, large assortment kept in stock; shafting, pulleys and hangers and large lot of miscellaneous machinery; second-hand belting, leather and rubber; large stock of all sizes at low prices; machinery of all kinds bought and exchanged.

JOHN S. YOUNG,
108-110 Park way, Allegheny, Pa.

30 1½ yard 2-foot gauge dump cars.
1 Hydraulic Wheel Press Horizontal takeup, 242" Wheel.
1 14" Jones and Lawson Turret Lathe.
Line of new engines and boilers ranging from 4 to 75 horse power.

W. J. CARLIN,
Twenty-sixth st. and A. V. R. R., City.

N. C. DAVISON,
Gas and Steam Engines, Boilers, Pumps, Compressors. 368 Frick building.

Pianos.

$460—PIANO—Family sacrifices famous upright; unsurpassed tone; cover, stool, book, sheet music; guaranteed ten years. Sell very cheap. 711 North Euclid ave., East End, Pittsburgh.

LOST.

LOST—A gold watch and chain, engraved on inside case, Phoebe M. Heckman, between Liberty and Penn aves. on Mathilda or Millvale sts. Reward, 4308 Dearborn st.

LOST—In Frick building, 10th floor, gold watch and fob; liberal reward and no questions asked if returned. Address P 86, The Gazette.

LOST—At Alvin, silk umbrella, carved silver and pearl handle. Return M. R. Bain, Mellon National Bank.

MEETINGS.

Office of the National Glass Company,
Eighth street and Penn avenue.
Pittsburgh, Pa., December 11, 1902.

NOTICE is hereby given that there will be a special meeting of the stockholders of the National Glass Company, held at the principal office of the company, at the corner of Penn avenue and Eighth street, in the city of Pittsburgh, on Monday, the 16th day of February, 1903, at 3 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of giving or withholding consent to a porposition to issue preferred stock in exchange for a portion of the outstanding stock of the company in certain proportions of the stock held, as may be determined at said meeting.

ADDISON THOMPSON, Secretary.

The Pittsburgh, McKeesport & Youghiogheny Railroad Co.,
Pittsburgh, Pa., Jan. 12, 1903.

MEETING—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the company will be held at the general offices of the company, New Terminal building, Pittsburgh, Pa., Tuesday, January 27, 1903, between the hours of 12 o'clock noon and 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing a president and nine directors to serve for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

JNO. G. ROBINSON, Secretary.

Office Central Accident Insurance Co.,
Nos. 1311-1320 Park Building,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Central Accident Insurance Company will be held at the offices of the company in the Park building in the city of Pittsburgh, Pa., on Wednesday, January 21, 1903, at 2 o'clock p. m. for the election of a board of directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

RALPH BUTLER,
Secretary and General Manager.

The Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad Co.,
Pittsburgh, Pa., Jan. 12, 1903.

MEETING—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the company will be held at the general offices of the company, New Terminal building, Pittsburgh, Pa., Tuesday, January 27, 1903, between the hours of 12 o'clock noon and 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing a president and twelve directors to serve for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

JNO. G. ROBINSON, Secretary.

The Union Savings Bank of Pittsburgh,
Frick Bldg., Pittsburgh, Pa., Jan. 13, 1903.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Union Savings bank of Pittsburgh will be held at the office of the bank, Frick building, on Tuesday, January 20, 1903, at 7 o'clock p. m. for the election of directors to serve during the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may be properly brought before the meeting.

E. V. HAYS, Cashier.

Commonwealth Real Estate & Trust Company of Pittsburgh.
Pittsburgh, Pa., Jan. 7, 1903.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at its office on Tuesday, January 20, 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m. for the election of directors to serve during the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the company, 327-329-331 Fourth avenue, on Tuesday, January 20, 1903, at 2 p. m.

GEORGE E. EDWARDS, Secretary.

Union Trust Company of Clairton,
Clairton, Pa., Jan. 5, 1903.

ELECTION—The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at the office of the company, Clairton, Pa., on Tuesday, January 20, 1903, at 1 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year.

J. WILL TAYLOR,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Ohio Valley Bank of Allegheny,
Allegheny, Pa., Dec. 21, 1902.

ELECTION—The annual election of directors of this bank to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the banking house, 638 and 640 Preble ave. on Tuesday, January 20, 1903, between the hours of 12 o'clock noon and 1 o'clock p. m.

F. B. REYNOLDS, Cashier.

INSURANCE STATEMENT.

THIRTY-SECOND ANNUAL STATEMENT of the Teutonia Insurance Company of Allegheny, Pa., for the year ending December 31, 1902:

ASSETS.

Mortgages, first liens	$315,673 00	
Real estate	26,599 55	
Outstanding premiums and accounts	19,167 03	
Interest due and accrued	5,026 95	
Cash in bank and office	14,139 43	
		$378,526 76

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$125,000 00	
Unpaid losses	14,947 00	
Re insurance reserve	143,454 10	
Net surplus	92,526 66	
		$378,857 76

RECEIPTS.

Net premiums	$172,700 32	
Interest	17,843 81	
Rent	294 00	
		$190,536 13

EXPENDITURES.

Fire losses	$ 5,517 45	
Dividends	12,500 00	
Commissions	39,323 53	
Expenses, salaries, taxes, etc.	18,359 70	
		$146,931 68
Receipts over expenditures		$ 43,605 10
Losses paid since organization	$386,784 09	

C. W. GERWIG,
Secretary.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

Pittsburgh Insurance Company,
No. 240 Fourth Avenue,
Pittsburgh, January 13, 1903.

DIVIDEND NO. 103—The board of directors of this company has this day declared a semi-annual dividend of FOUR ($4.00) DOLLARS PER SHARE, payable forthwith. Checks will be mailed.

R. J. M'KNIGHT, Secretary.

Western Insurance Company.
Pittsburgh, Pa., Jan. 13, 1903.

DIVIDEND NO. 93—The directors of the company have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS ($1.50) per share out of the profits of the company. Checks will be mailed to stockholders.

D. DALLAS HARE,
Secretary.

Office of the Teutonia Insurance Company,
735 Ohio st., Allegheny, Penna.,
January 6, 1903.

DIVIDEND NO. 60—The directors of this company have this day declared a dividend of Two ($2) Dollars and Fifty ($0) cents per share of the capital stock of the company, payable on demand.

C. W. GERWIG, Secretary.

United States Steel Corporation.

The interest on Series B bonds due February 1, will be paid at maturity by Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co. Registration books close January 21 and reopen February 2, 1903.

RICHARD TRIMBLE, Treasurer.

AUCTION SALES.

Important Auction Sale.

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Lot Books, 54 vol., Harper's Monthly, covering 28 years from 1858 to 1886, Chamber Suites, Wardrobe, Desks, Sideboard, Extension Table and Chairs, Pictures, Engravings, Bric-a-Brac, China, Silver and Glassware, Brass Bed, Springs, Mattresses and Bedding, Fancy Chairs and Rockers, French Bronzes, Mantel Mirrors, etc. Also Brussels and Velvet Carpets for rooms and halls. Goods now on exhibition.

HENRY AUCTION CO.,
Auctioneers.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Don't Put Yourself Under An Obligation

If you need money come to us. It's our business to lend money. And our rate is 6 per cent—the 1-west rate charged in Allegheny county. We have one rate for everybody, rich or poor. And it makes no difference how much or how little you wish to borrow. We accept as security watches, diamonds, jewelry, furs, clothing or any other article of value.

Six Per Cent.

Market Street Loan Office,

214 Market Street,
Near Third Avenue.

CAPITAL $250,000.00.

HERE IT IS.

Salary loans, furniture loans. Give us a call before going elsewhere. Our rates are the lowest.

PITTSBURGH CREDIT CO.,
336 Fourth ave., room

HERRMANN MAY MAKE MORE BASEBALL HISTORY

MAGNATES SCORE JOHN T. BRUSH

Say He Is Premature in Getting Out an Injunction.

MEETING ON TODAY

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

CINCINNATI, O., Jan. 18.—When the National league goes into session at the Grand hotel at noon tomorrow its members will be asked to ratify or reject the peace compact agreed upon a week ago yesterday by the committees of the two leagues. Indications are that tomorrow's meeting will be an exceedingly warm affair and the discussions will be hot and spicy. The opposition to the ratification of the agreement is headed by John T. Brush of the New York club, who seems to have but one supporter—the Brooklyn club.

The six other clubs are believed to be unanimous for the compact, but the Pittsburgh and Philadelphia clubs, which are represented at the meeting by Barney Dreyfuss, have been enjoined from taking final action in the matter by a suit brought against them by the New York club.

President Dreyfuss and Frank DeHaas Robison of the St. Louis club joined President Harry Pulliam and President Garr Herrmann of the local club here today. President Dreyfuss, like President Pulliam, was served with injunction papers in Philadelphia on Friday. He holds power of attorney in the Philadelphia club on which he holds an option for a syndicate which he represents and, consequently, these two clubs cannot vote on the ratification.

Some of the members of the league now in the city would make a statement for publication. Frank DeHaas Robison, however, said of John T. Brush's work in enjoining the league from taking action: "Mr. Brush has been a bit premature in this matter and he will be convinced on that point when he comes here. That is all I have to say for the present."

Pulliam Will Preside.

President Pulliam said today that he would preside at the meeting and that he would be guided entirely by the advice of his attorney, Judge Miller Outcalt. It is perceptible that the peace committee will stand pat on its recommendations. The Brooklyn and New York clubs are expected to make a fight for the rejection of the compact, and it is this point which is expected to cause some very lively scenes in the meeting. What the outcome will be cannot be predicted, but it is not likely that the National league will again consent to allow itself to follow in the wake of the New York club.

It is more probable that the league will take a stand against those who are trying to prevent a compromise between the warring leagues, and it is hinted that the opposition will be shown the error of its way and will fall into line. It is not believed that there is any objection to the peace compact on more than two points: That which disenfranchises players and the clause which readmitted the American league to put a club in New York. These points are the two upon which the New York and Brooklyn clubs will make their fight.

President Herrmann refused to make any reply to John T. Brush's statement in which he cited the objection to the peace compact and scored the peace committee. Mr. Herrmann said that he would discuss that matter with Mr. Brush in the meeting, because he wanted all his colleagues to hear what he had to say regarding it. Dreyfuss and Pulliam must appear in the Philadelphia court on Wednesday and will, consequently, leave here Tuesday afternoon for that city. For this reason it is not believed that the meeting will last more than a day and a half at that long.

LIKE PITTSBURGH PHIL.

Joe Yeager Is Making Many Successful Plunges in Hot Springs Pool Rooms.

HOT SPRINGS, Jan. 18.—(Special.)—They have got to hand it to Joe Yenger, for he is certainly "there." This young man has proved a nightmare to the poolrooms here, and the way he has bet his money has been an eye-opener to the old reliables, who are here year in and year out. With nothing but his own judgment to bank on, and a few workouts from New Orleans, he has set in the works time and again, and has cashed on enough occasions to be close to $100,000 winner.

He is certainly a second Pittsburgh Phil in his methods, and plays no tips. He is a great stickler for price, and if the odds don't suit him he won't put down a bet, no matter how good it looks. He is very quiet and unassuming, and any one who asks is welcome to know what he is doing. He is a hard man to follow, however, as he often plays three horses in a race, and the last bet he puts down is often the right one. He made his biggest winning on Alfred C., which was a 10-to-1 shot and netted him $11,000, and he almost won a like amount on Gin Spray.

Yeager's habits are of the best, as he does not drink tobacco. He is early to bed for him and he spends a great deal of time riding horseback and bowling. At the rate he is going it is predicted that he will take more money out of Hot Springs than was ever taken before.

Oakland's Racing Card.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 18.—The following races are scheduled for the Oakland track Monday:

First race, 6 furlongs, selling—Lapidus, Dora L., Catholic, 98; Myrtle B., Pirate Maid, Frank Pearce, Harry Thatcher, 104; Rose of Hilo, 107; Mischief, 98; Annie Wilmer, Fairbury, 106; Scanter Bruce, 101; El Pilar, 105; Intrepide, 102.

Second race, 1 mile, selling, 3-year-olds—Tortuma, Young Marlon, Norman, 109; Chemise, 104; Brunnel, Baby Bird, 112; Andrew Bing, 122.

Third race, 3½ furlongs, selling, 2-year-olds—Knock Hampton, Easter Lady, 112; Hocus, Florian Belle, 105; Selected, Ravalena, Rose Tarr, 109.

Fourth race, 1 1-16 miles, selling—Sweet Thoth, 100; Frank Woods, 110; Tufts, 103; Dupont, 93; Herlencia, 107; Nigrette, 83; Rosia McCarthy, 100.

Fifth race, 6 furlongs, selling—Lady Kent, Dolly Shilhoff, 102; Botany, 106; Hadsmall, Shell Mount, 105; Rubus, 110; J. H. Bennett, 94; Matt Hogan, 109; Alice Carey, Mexicanna, 84; Light Ball, 104; Laura B. M., 87; Divina, 102; Peaceful, 108; Bauble, 105.

Sixth race, 1 mile, purse—Dainty, *Proper, Belaude, 89; Searcher, 103; Cunard, 101; Bragg, 104. *Jennings' entry.

New Orleans Entries.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 18.—The following entries have been made for Monday's races:

First race, 6 furlongs—Jim King, Poplar, Kiwasa Sugard, Martin Brady, 106; Royal Duke, Sprungstead, 110; Spec, 112; Memphlan, 113.

Second race, 1 mile, selling—Insolence, 129; Russelten, 113; Dr. Hanna, 134; Benson Caldwell, The Black Scot, Peat, Judge Magee, 121 Rey, Tinpeake, Peter Duryea, 115; Arcadion, Gingray, 142.

Third race, purse, 6½ furlongs—Lady Alberta, Our Jessie, 98; Mallster, Bradley, John A. Clarke, 103; Belvino, Buccleugh, 106; Alpuca, Alino S., 107; Ben Frost, Bard of Avon, Tom Kingsley, 109.

Fourth race, handicap, 7 furlongs—Miss Shanklin, 99; Hankin, 94; Lennep, Major Tenny, 100; Kaloma, 102; Flintlock, 108.

Fifth race, purse, 6 furlongs—Candareen, Amusement, Lady Mistake, Rosy Posy, Fair Lass, Gold Bride, Bonnie Dundee, Helen Ray, Dolema, 105; Appletoom, Mumselle, 112.

Sixth race, selling, 1¼ miles—Pilaster, 93; Compass, Mary Moore, 96; Chickadee, 97; False Lead, Shut Up, 98; Fothecn, The Way, 99; Alfred C., 107; King Barleycorn, Erne, 104; Satin Coat, 105.

BASKETBALL NOTES.

President Luckhardt is looking up the Leiban throw, but cannot find it in the official guide, and has called upon Secretary Roberts for assistance.

Honus Wagner makes a whole team in himself.

Leiban is considered one of the best forwards in this section, and his throwing is the talk in basketball circles.

At a meeting of the executive members of the Junior league the following games of the league were thrown out: January 10, Carnegie vs. Foster, on account of Carnegie using a player that was not registered, also the game on January 12, Homestead vs. Sharpsburg, because the proper time was not played in the second half.

All Junior league managers are requested to send in full accounts of all their games to the secretary of the league, so that he may be able to keep a correct record of the different players' averages.

The Lafayettes have canceled the game with the North Sides for tonight, owing to the fact that two of the Lafayette players are disabled. The National five is without a game tonight, and if Manager Clarke calls on Cabel some of his players he may be able to get a game arranged. The Lafayette would like to hear from the All Whites of Homestead, and the Ramblers of Allegheny. Address Charles Leitter, No. 1003 Vinial street, Allegheny.

The Junior league schedule for the week is: January 19, Tigers at Sterling, Concordia hall; January 20, Manchester at Homestead; January 21, Sharpsburg at Nationals, Glendrew hall; January 22, Foster at Carnegie; January 23, South Side at Bellevue; January 24, Fosters at South Side.

WAGNER LEADS NATIONAL LEAGUE FIRST BASEMEN

Bransfield, Real Leader, Is in Second Place--All Other Official Fielding Averages of the Players for Last Season.

The official fielding averages of the National league baseball players were given out yesterday by former secretary N. E. Young. The averages are for those players who took part in 15 or more games last season. Honus Wagner leads the first basemen with a percentage of 988, but the real leader of the league is Bransfield, who participated in an even 100 games.

In the second basemen Ritchey of Pittsburgh is second, following Evers of Chicago, who only played about 18 games. Leach is fifth among the third basemen and had he not taken so many chances would have led the league. Conroy is second among the shortstops and Wagner is third among the outfielders. Sebring is sixth in this class and Beaumont is seventh. Zimmer is sixth among the catchers and is followed closely by Smith. Willis of Boston leads the league pitchers; Poole of Cincinnati is second and Tannehill of the champions is third.

FIRST BASEMEN.

Name and club.	Games.	Put outs.	Assists.	Errors.	Total chances.	Per cent.
Wagner, J., Pittsburgh	31	316	14	4	334	.988
Bransfield, Pittsburgh	100	1074	41	16	1131	.986
McCreery, Brooklyn	107	1022	61	16	1099	.985
McGann, New York	61	631	36	10	677	.985
Tenney, Boston	134	1352	110	22	1364	.984
Douglas, Philadelphia	69	696	31	11	708	.984
Nichols, St. Louis	57	583	24	10	617	.984
Doyle, New York	50	506	39	9	554	.984
Farrell, C., Brooklyn	24	231	15	4	250	.984
Jennings, Philadelphia	128	1270	69	22	1361	.983
Brashear, St. Louis	69	659	47	12	718	.983
O'Hagan, Chicago and New York	67	751	34	15	800	.981
Dexter, Chicago and Boston	50	496	41	12	549	.978
Chance, Chicago	22	217	10	5	232	.978
Menefee, Chicago	36	387	17	11	415	.973
Williams A., Chicago	19	192	7	6	205	.971
	21	201	14	8	223	.964

SECOND BASEMEN.

Name and club.	Games.	Put outs.	Assists.	Errors.	Total chances.	Per cent.
Evers, Chicago	28	58	1	1	97	.980
Ritchey, Pittsburgh	114	275	320	22	636	.965
Lowe, Chicago	119	328	416	33	777	.958
Smith, C., New York	140	356	469	34	799	.957
Brashear, St. Louis	17	58	5	5	110	.955
Flood, Brooklyn	131	297	371	55	705	.950
Childs, Philadelphia	129	270	348	24	652	.948
Farrell J., St. Louis	119	301	458	42	781	.946
Beck, Cincinnati	37	69	92	11	172	.936
Dexter, Chicago and Boston	18	40	28	6	90	.933
De Montreville, Boston	103	272	281	42	595	.929
Magoon, Cincinnati	41	84	141	18	243	.926
Peitz, Cincinnati	48	127	128	22	277	.921
Burke, Pittsburgh	34	56	85	17	158	.892

THIRD BASEMEN.

Name and club.	Games.	Put outs.	Assists.	Errors.	Total chances.	Per cent.
Grenniger, Boston	140	222	279	24	525	.954
Wolverton, Philadelphia	44	92	8	8	144	.944
Irwin, Brooklyn	131	170	258	28	456	.939
Dunn, New York	18	27	29	4	60	.933
Leach, Pittsburgh	135	172	321	40	533	.925
Steinfeldt, Cincinnati	125	180	321	45	557	.920
Hartman, St. Louis	155	138	252	26	603	.910
Hallman, Philadelphia	73	72	149	21	242	.913
Lauder, New York	122	192	250	48	490	.902
Green, Philadelphia	19	22	40	7	69	.899
Schaefer, Chicago	140	151	340	49	540	.864
Dexter, Chicago and Boston	41	67	59	22	148	.851
Kruger, St. Louis	18	20	35	12	67	.821

SHORTSTOP.

Name and club.	Games.	Put outs.	Assists.	Errors.	Total chances.	Per cent.
Long, Boston	108	289	369	37	692	.947
Conroy, Pittsburgh	105	276	357	40	564	.929
Dunn, New York	36	73	109	14	196	.928
Corcoran, Cincinnati	136	288	422	55	765	.928
Farrell J., St. Louis	20	37	74	6	129	.925
McGraw, New York	54	65	118	14	197	.910
Dexter, Chicago and Boston	23	56	74	12	142	.916
Dahlen, Brooklyn	136	271	438	67	776	.914
Hulswitt, Philadelphia	125	325	396	68	787	.914
Tilkin, Chicago	127	237	464	73	788	.907
Kruger, St. Louis	107	183	380	70	642	.891
Wagner, J., Pittsburgh	45	89	146	29	264	.890
Bean, New York	60	79	153	30	262	.885
Wagner C., New York	17	20	44	11	84	.869

OUTFIELDERS.

Name and club.	Games.	Put outs.	Assists.	Errors.	Total chances.	Per cent.
Congalton, Chicago	47	75	6	0	81	1000
Kelley, Cincinnati	19	30	4	0	34	1000
Ward, J., Pittsburgh	99	121	11	1	133	.992
Keeler, Brooklyn	132	204	14	4	222	.982
Dobbs, Cincinnati and Chicago	122	262	19	7	288	.976
Sebring, Pittsburgh	19	28	5	1	39	.974
Beaumont, Pittsburgh	131	280	15	8	283	.972
Jones, Chicago	93	145	3	5	153	.967
Clark, New York	20	27	2	1	30	.967
Slagle, Chicago	114	267	16	10	293	.966
Thomas R., Philadelphia	138	275	21	11	305	.964
Sheckard, Brooklyn	122	283	11	11	305	.964
Donovan P., St. Louis	126	178	22	8	208	.962
Clarke, Pittsburgh	114	217	12	9	238	.962
Lush, Boston	117	253	20	12	285	.958
Brodie, New York	109	222	20	11	253	.957
Brashear, St. Louis	15	21	1	1	23	.957
Cooley, Boston	127	250	7	12	269	.955
Miller, Chicago	50	97	8	5	110	.955
Barry, Philadelphia	137	182	14	11	207	.947
Dolan, Brooklyn	140	283	11	11	305	.946
Davis, Pittsburgh	56	77	5	5	87	.942
Courtney, Boston	37	60	4	4	68	.941
Burke, Pittsburgh	15	14	2	1	17	.941
Smoot, St. Louis	120	286	16	21	323	.935
Hoy, Cincinnati	72	151	4	11	166	.934
Krug, Philadelphia	28	52	5	4	61	.934
Menefee, Chicago	20	35	2	2	39	.931
Carney, Boston	157	156	31	18	205	.912
Crawford, Cincinnati	140	204	25	18	247	.927
Bresnahan, New York	27	20	6	3	39	.923
Browne, Philadelphia and New York	125	267	25	24	316	.922
Barclay, St. Louis	117	247	18	23	288	.920
Seymour, Cincinnati	59	130	8	13	151	.914
Van Haltren, New York	26	46	6	5	57	.912
Dunn, New York	37	45	5	5	55	.909
Jones, J., New York	66	122	11	15	148	.899
Jackson, New York	26	57	4	7	68	.897
Williams, A., Chicago	28	53	1	4	58	.895
Donlin, Cincinnati	32	59	5	8	72	.889
Maloney, Cincinnati	18	23	4	3	30	.867
White, Philadelphia	16	21	1	6	27	.815

CATCHERS.

Name and club.	Games.	Put outs.	Assists.	Errors.	Passed balls.	Total chances.	Pct. accepted.
Chance, Chicago	29	141	28	4	0	148	.973
Kittridge, Boston	72	265	99	8	8	380	.978
Moran, Boston	70	346	95	10	5	456	.967
Ritter, Brooklyn	18	91	17	2	2	112	.964
Farrell, C., Brooklyn	48	246	78	7	6	337	.961
Zimmer, Pittsburgh	40	202	41	7	3	253	.969
Smith, H., Pittsburgh	49	269	47	9	5	329	.958
O'Connor, Pittsburgh	39	187	49	5	6	247	.955
Kling, Chicago	111	477	169	15	16	677	.954
Ahearn, Brooklyn	62	288	67	12	8	375	.946
Ryan, St. Louis	64	260	83	14	6	363	.945
Bowerman, New York	97	442	154	25	12	633	.942
Peitz, Cincinnati	46	188	71	9	7	275	.942
Douglas, Philadelphia	50	151	29	8	2	170	.941
Bergen, Chicago	80	402	23	11	3	439	.940
O'Neill, J., St. Louis	56	263	84	11	13	371	.935
Yeager, New York	26	118	7	5	5	135	.929
Doolin, Philadelphia	85	415	84	31	13	598	.928
Jacklitsch, Philadelphia	27	123	14	11	5	173	.908

PITCHERS.

Name and club.	Games.	Put outs.	Assists.	Errors.	Total chances.	Per cent.
Willis, Boston	46	27	104	13	144	.879
Tannehill, Pittsburgh	27	6	50	2	57	.970
Taylor, J., Chicago	38	16	102	4	122	.967
Sparks, New York	16	11	48	2	61	.967
Menefee, Chicago	22	12	45	2	59	.966
Leever, Pittsburgh	26	4	48	2	54	.963
Currie, Cincinnati and St. Louis	23	8	65	3	76	.961
Newton, Brooklyn	30	9	60	3	72	.958
Hughes, Brooklyn	29	17	70	4	91	.956
Phippe, Pittsburgh	20	5	58	3	66	.955
Murphy, St. Louis	18	8	84	3	95	.954
Pittinger, Boston	44	17	84	5	106	.953
Poole, Pittsburgh and Cincinnati	37	5	82	2	89	.950
Williams, W., Chicago	12	5	80	2	87	.948
McGinnity, New York	16	11	42	3	56	.946
Chesbro, Pittsburgh	33	10	59	4	73	.945
Mathewson, New York	24	20	82	6	108	.944
Phillippi, Philadelphia	27	15	52	4	71	.944
Phillips, Cincinnati	32	18	80	6	104	.942
Donovan, W., Brooklyn	33	21	75	6	102	.941
Duggleby, Philadelphia	31	15	77	6	98	.938
Evans, New York and Brooklyn	21	15	61	5	81	.938
Miller, Brooklyn	30	7	62	5	74	.932
White, Philadelphia	34	11	83	7	101	.931
O'Neill, M., St. Louis	33	9	69	6	84	.929
Iberg, Philadelphia	30	7	58	5	70	.929
Hahn, Cincinnati	36	14	79	8	92	.913
Taylor, L., New York	23	5	47	5	57	.912
Doheny, Pittsburgh	21	8	43	5	56	.911
Thielman, New York and Cincinnati	26	8	68	7	74	.905
Yerkes, St. Louis	36	11	61	8	80	.900
Maddox, Boston	19	9	61	10	80	.875
Enson, Chicago and Boston	27	9	57	10	76	.868
Lundgren, Chicago	17	8	27	5	38	.868
Wicker, St. Louis	19	9	47	11	66	.833

SWELL OFFER FOR JEFF AND CORBETT

Ft. Erie Club Will Hang Up a Purse of $25,000 for Big Fellows.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

BUFFALO, N. Y., Jan. 18.—J. H. Herman, manager and matchmaker for the Fort Erie Athletic club, announced tonight that he will offer a purse of $25,000 for a 20-round boxing contest between Jeffries and Corbett.

He has agreed to the champion and ex-champion making the offer, and if satisfactory answers are received he will, he says, at once post a forfeit of $5,000 as a guarantee that the contest will take place without interference.

"Do you anticipate any interference from the Canadian authorities?" he was asked.

"It is not certain that the match will be pulled off in the Fort Erie club house. It will be remembered, however, that three championship contests between lightweights and middleweights have already taken place across the river and there has been no infraction of the Canadian law governing boxing contests." The fight will be pulled off in June if possible.

Manchester vs. Iroquois.

The Manchester and Iroquois teams will come together tonight for the first time this season in an Allegheny County league game, at Manchester Turner hall, corner of Locust and Market streets. These teams are tied for third place in the league race, each having won one game and lost one. Tonight's game will decide which team will occupy that position for the next few games at least, and both teams are sure to play their best game in order to land a victory. The Manchester Juniors will meet the strong Lincoln team in a preliminary to the main event. This meeting has been sought after for a long while by the Lincolns, and they feel quite confident of downing Manchester's little boys. Line-up:

Manchester.		Iroquois.
Hay, Skillinger	R. F.	Sprecher, Rush
Koch	L. F.	Edmundson
Metzkes, Walliser	Center	Wassel
Graham	R. G.	English
Burry	L. G.	Secrist, Rosewell

Referee—Little.

South Sharon Nominations.

SHARON, PA., Jan. 18.—(Special.)—The following ticket was nominated by the Republicans of South Sharon last night: Burgess, George L. L. Davis; council, J. J. Nolan, George Marshall, William J. Thomas; school directors, August Daureille, Richard Brittle, David Watkins; precinct assessors, Philip Williams and George Bird; high constable, Lon Dale.

BASKETBALL GAMES FOR PRESENT WEEK

Jan. 19—Iroquois at Manchester.
Jan. 19—Lyceum at Carnegie
Jan. 22—Iroquois at Lyceum.
Jan. 23—South Side at Bellevue.
Jan. 24—Iroquois at South Side.

THE BREEDING OF FAST TROTTERS

One Lexington Farm Has Produced Some Fast Steppers.

RECORD BREAKERS

BY R. L. M'CLAIN.

LEXINGTON, KY., Jan. 18.—(Special.)—Ten years ago, when L. V. Harkness first opened his great establishment for the breeding of trotting horses in Kentucky, there were less than a score of horses at the farm. Today the trotting stud numbers upward of 200 head. His trainer, Edward Benyon, will train the stable this year at the Kentucky Trotting Horse Breeders' association track for the first time since Walnut Hall has been established that Mr. Harkness has had his horses trained in Kentucky.

During the 10 years Mr. Harkness has been very successful and broke all records in 1899 by winning the 3-year-old division of the Kentucky Futurity with Fereno, that the year before won for him the 2-year-old division of this rich stake, and is the only trotter in America that ever won these two great events, and also captured the 2-year-old division with Walnut Hall. The value of these two events was $11,400 to the winner.

His racing stable this season will be composed of about 15 horses, among them being Ozenaro, the winner of the Transylvania, in 1902; Fereno, the double Futurity winner, and the Futurity winner Walnut Hall, several green 4 and 5-year-old trotters, and the others 2 and 3-year-olds. So far these horses have been trained at the farm, and as the track there is a half mile, Mr. Benyon has been going very slow with all of them, and a mile in 2:25 is the fastest he has driven any of them. He will work until he removes them to the trotting track here before he attempts to give them any fast work.

Mr. Harkness' great 9-year-old stallion Moko, a son of the great Red Wilkes, 2:18, dam Queen Ethel, is the youngest trotting stallion in the field to produce a Futurity winner, and the only horse in the world that ever sired a double Futurity winner, he being the sire of Fereno, that also holds the Futurity record, 2:10¾. Other good sires at the Walnut Hall farm are Aile Wilkes, 2:15, by Red Wilkes; and King Red, also a son of Red Wilkes, which holds the world's record for 4-year-olds. Aile Wilkes is the sire of Arlington, 2:06¾; Jupe, 2:07½; Tom Wilkes, 2:11.

The stud matrons at Walnut Hall farm are headed by the great brood mare Chestnut Belle, who at the age of 17 ranks higher than any other living mare of the same age in America. Other famous mares owned by Mr. Harkness are Queen Ethel, dam of Bunque, 2:03¾; Baron B., and the great young sire, Moko; Berkshire Belle, dam of Berkshire Chimes; Maggie Yeager, dam of Walnut Hall, and Ozama, dam of the Transylvania winner, Ozenaro.

To Fight the Winner.

Billy Corcoran, who is managing the Kennedy and Bowser 10-round contest, January 26, has been receiving letters from nearly all the top-notch welter-weights in the country who want to come here to meet the winner of the contest. Manager John Mack of New York writes Corcoran that he has several good men under his charge, among them Patsy Sweeny of Boston, whom he would like to match against Kennedy or Bowser and Mack states he will put up a reasonable side bet that the Boston boy can beat Matty Matthews, Rube Ferns or any welter-weight in the country. Sweeny is a tough proposition for any one in his class. He has been coming to the front of late and will make it interesting for any one in his class. Manager Corcoran states if Kennedy wins next Monday night he will agree to meet the eastern boxer in 10 days.

O'Brien to Fight Here.

Manager James Mason completed all arrangements with Philadelphia Jack O'Brien yesterday to come here in the next month and meet Jim Jeferds of California. The latter is the big heavyweight who went six rounds with Jim Jeffries about a year ago. This will be the biggest event in the boxing line ever held here.

IN THE OIL FIELDS.

Dullness, such as had not been known for more than a year, prevailed throughout the Lower Southwest the past week. The cold snap caught many operators unprepared and caused many drilling wells and hundreds of pumpers to shut down, making the list of completed wells lighter and the runs smaller than for any previous week in a number of years.

The Pine Grove extension and the Folsom districts, in Wetzel county, W. Va., completed about the only wells of any consequence. Even in these two districts there was no great activity attached to the new strikes aside from the fact that some were good producers.

The Linden Oil Company completed two wells on the J. W. Yeater farm, on the west side of the Pine Grove extension, and secured two good producers. The second test on this farm is rated at 200 barrels a day, and was the largest producer of the week. In the same locality Penn Oil Company also completed a good producer, located on the J. M. Dulaney farm. This is the newest and most promising territory in the Lower Southwest.

But four wells were completed in the Folsom district, and none above the average in production. Interest in this development is beginning to wane since the producing area has been pretty clearly defined. The Delmar Oil Company's test on the Looman farm is good for 25 barrels a day, and shows a little extension that direction. Without an extension this territory will furnish a large amount of work and will continue to hold first place in volume of operations for some months to come. It is deep sand territory. The Salem district, in Harrison county, presented but one producer during the week. It is located on the Heldreth farm and is a fair well.

One-half mile east of the old Whisky Run pool, in Ritchie county, a test was drilled in on the Mahaney farm that is reported to be good for 100 barrels a day in the Keener sand. It is probably nothing more than a new pool spur and will be a fruitful place for dry holes when it comes to the development of the surrounding territory.

Ritchie county has considerable experimental work under way. The most of it is located on the south fork of Hughes river, in Murphy district. There are those who are not entirely convinced that more production cannot be found in the vicinity of the well drilled during the past summer by the United States Oil Company on the Hallens farm. This territory has placed about 15 dry holes to its credit, and they are still coming. The latest is located on the E. D. Miller farm and something more than a mile southwest of the Hallens farm producer. In the vicinity of Ellenboro and Harrisville there is some wildcatting, but as yet nothing has come of it. The Keener sand pools on Big Knot and Wolf Pen runs have proven quite quiet.

Pennsylvania operators in the past have made very determined efforts to advance the producing lines to the southwest through the counties bordering on Kentucky, but they failed in every instance to find oil in paying quantities. Jackson and Braxton counties have recently been invaded by new talent from the east and some new pools is starting. The formation is not there with the regularity that the practical operator expects, and without it he soon grows weary.

Operators in Southeastern Ohio are making no better headway in securing new producing territory than those on the West Virginia side. Some new pools have been discovered, all small in area and for the most part nothing better than small wells. The Big Lime district in Sycamore valley, Monroe county, holds out the greatest promise to those who have secured territory in that locality. In the past the Big Lime formation has not proved very reliable. Some fine producers, of excellent staying qualities, have been found, but the producing formation is irregular.

The shallow sand territory in Washington and Morgan counties shows marked activity and fairly good results. A dry hole in the shallow sand territory cuts but little figure, either to the operator or to the adjoining territory or loss in a financial way. One firm went into this territory less than two years ago, took up a large block of leases and began developing on a model way and has increased its operations in proportion to its success. Since than it has drilled several hundred wells and at one time had a production of more than 3,000 barrels a day. It is at the present a daily output of 700 barrels a day and property valued at from $800,000 to $1,000,000.

Operators from the northern fields are looking over Southeastern Ohio territory with a view to investing. Belmont county is receiving some attention and has more experimental work being maintained at any other time since this part of the state came to the front.

The onslaught on the stocks in the storage tanks during the past year shows that more high grade petroleum is needed to meet the demand. The stocks in storage at the close of the year were close to 6,000,000 barrels. Should the same ratio of production and consumption be maintained for any other time since this part of the state came to the front, the Pennsylvania stocks, high-grade crude produced in this state, New York, West Virginia and Southeastern Ohio—will have been wiped out. It will be possible to substitute the cheaper grade to a degree, but for some purposes no other containing the valuable by-products can be substituted.

News of Nearby Towns and Country

GREATER NEW CASTLE LOOKS LIKE REALITY

Comittee Appointed by Outlying Districts to Petition for Annexation.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW CASTLE, PA., Jan. 18.—The project for the annexation of Oakland, Spring Hill and adjoining outlying districts of this city took definite shape in a mass meeting last night at the Oakland school house of residents of the territory affected.

No definite conclusion was arrived at, but a committee of three was appointed, consisting of Peter S. Travers, W. H. Aubel and J. F. McCormick, to carry about petitions for annexation and secure either the signature or the refusal of all residents and property holders.

When this canvass is completed another mass meeting will be called in order to present the matter in definite shape to the city councils.

The territory under consideration embraces about 400 acres and has a population of about 2,000. The district is now without fire protection and light and water service.

CHAPTER OF ACCIDENTS.

Man's House Burns, Three Members of Family Injured and Physician Dragged by His Horse.

PARKERSBURG, W. VA., Jan. 18.—(Special.)—On Thursday the residence of Frank Taylor, near Ayers, caught fire and was destroyed with everything in it. Mrs. Taylor was burned while rescuing her small children from the flames. Mr. Taylor was at work on a hill near the house and when he saw the fire he started to run home, but slipped and fell, breaking his collar bone. A boy was sent for a physician to set the broken bone and he almost perished with cold on the way. He was in a serious condition when he reached Grantsville.

He sent a physician who set the bone and started back on horseback during the night. His horse missed his footing and rolled into a snowdrift. The physician's foot was caught in the stirrup and he was dragged nearly 300 yards, the horse kicking at every step. He was seriously injured.

DESERT CHURCH TO FIGHT FIRE

LANCASTER, Jan. 18.—Mice gnawing matches today started a fire that partially destroyed the Styer house at New Holland, causing a loss of several thousand dollars. The town volunteer firemen deserted the churches where they were attending service to fight the flames.

Three Prisoners Tunnel Out.

CUMBERLAND, MD., Jan. 18.—(Special.)—The police have been notified to be on the watchout for three men, two white and one colored, who escaped jail at Hagerstown early this morning. The prisoners were charged with larceny. They escaped by tunneling.

J. M. BLOSS.

TITUSVILLE, PA., Jan. 18.—(Special.)—J. M. Bloss, who has just been appointed postmaster of Titusville, has been editor and manager of the Titusville Herald since 1895, and an active worker for the Republican party. He is a graduate of Cornell university, and is recognized as a man of considerable executive ability.

TWO COAL COMPANIES BATTLE FOR PROPERTY

Pittsburgh Concern Hedges in Its Rival, but Railroad Is Being Built.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

WASHINGTON, PA., Jan. 18.—An extensive coal field is to be opened up in the Chartiers valley near Meadow Lands. J. V. H. Cook & Co. of Canonsburg have secured about 1,000 acres and are making active preparations for opening up mines.

The field is composed of the following farms: George Barre, 150 acres; J. H. Forrest, 106; J. R. and George Taylor, 200; Fritz Fisher, 10; Mrs. Joseph Manifold, 100, and a large number of smaller holdings.

The territory surrounding the company's acreage is held by the Pittsburgh Coal Company. The two rival companies have been at work for many months trying to beat the other, and only recently the Pittsburgh Coal Company secured the farm of Alvin Smith and R. D. Wylie, south of the new Cook field, containing about 500 acres. A small strip of 11 acres is still unsold and both companies have been trying to get this, offering fabulous prices.

The Pittsburgh Coal Company, by securing this 500 acres, practically sewed up the territory, as none of the other farms could be reached by a railroad. The Cook company, however, secured a charter for a small railroad, and has begun its construction. This road will connect with the Panhandle at Meadow Lands.

COAL LAND COMBINE HAS ITS DRAWBACKS

Farmers Would Like to Escape Agreement to Hold Out for $100 Per Acre.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

WASHINGTON, PA., J

WEEK OF AGITATION NETS BULLS NOTHING

Notwithstanding Comparatively Large Dealing Prices Showed Few Noteworthy Changes.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Herald Building, Herald Square.
NEW YORK, Jan. 18.

Business was very much curtailed in Wall street last week, the net change in prices in all the leading speculative stocks were fractional and suggested nothing, despite the fact that there was considerable activity worked up in a dozen or more stocks. The transactions in Atchison common, for example, amounted to nearly 200,000 shares for the week, and it shows a net advance of ¼. Erie, the feature of the entire week, was traded in to the extent of more than 500,000 shares and its net change was a loss of ½. Amalgamated Copper, Baltimore & Ohio common, Reading and the Steels either advanced or declined fractionally. Under these conditions, it seemed as if Wall street and the financial community generally simply marked time for the week. To the hopeful bulls the results were very satisfactory, and the same feelings were entertained by the bears.

One of the striking features brought out which appealed to every observing critic of the trend of affairs was the utter absence of public support in the market. It was not a factor at any stage of the trading, and the elimination of the public may explain the sudden curtailment of activity in stocks which began and culminated in the week before last. It will be remembered that there was a great increase in the volume of transactions during the week ending January 12, accompanied in the main by a general advance in security prices. The Reading deal was announced during that week, and stories of further deals and consolidations were persistently rumored.

At the present it appears there will be an irregular market for some time to come. Those stocks which are likely to show increased dividends, or, from careful management and good business treatment are able to show good surpluses, may be taken in hand and advanced. On the other hand, certain specialties which have been selling on a 3 or 4 per cent income basis in a five or six per cent money market will undoubtedly show shrinkages before many months. To the discriminating, profits will be found along these lines.

There has been a substantial relief afforded the money market during the last week. The assistance has come mainly in the return flow of funds from the west and nearby centers. In the near future there does not appear to be any cause for fear over the money market. The increase of $12,000,000 in cash shown in the bank statement on Saturday last fully indicates the extent of the return flow of cash since the inception of the movement. As the money rates have been influenced by its return, there has also been a change in the sterling exchange market. Sterling checks have advanced and the tendency of that market is constantly pressing toward the gold export point.

Foreign houses agree that a gold movement to Europe will undoubtedly begin, but they differ substantially as to the date. A great amount of our foreign indebtedness has been liquidated, but there still remains a big balance against us. The exportation of breadstuffs and domestic staples was begun only as a result of a decline in the prices of these materials, and it is felt that a much better opinion of our financial condition would be attained if the prices of our securities followed the same process.

The tremendous transactions in Erie during the last week have resulted in a great many explanations, the most persistent of which was that either the Rock Island or the Wabash was seeking an outlet to the Atlantic seaboard by way of New York. It seems to be the judgment of all practical railroad men that either company would lose as much in the west as the result of such an acquisition as the accruing benefits from the east.

KAFFIRS ARE FEATURE OF LONDON'S MARKET

Settlement of Transvaal Loan and War Contribution Will Have Steadying Effect.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

LONDON, Jan. 18.—Business during the past week on the stock exchange was without feature, with the exception of Kaffirs, which were generally firm on reports of the settlement of the loans and the war contribution. Colonial Secretary Chamberlain's official announcement, at a banquet last night at Johannesburg, changes the figures of the government loan by £5,000,000 and brings the total up to £65,000,000, but the definite announcement doubtless will have a beneficial effect on tomorrow's opening. Consols have weakened slightly in anticipation of this loan.

The interest in the American department centered on Erie on rumors, denials apparently not deterring speculators. The remainder of the American list was irregular, although Saturday's closing showed strength pointing, it is thought, to the arrival of gold from New York.

The foreign market was dull but with a tendency to improve. Money remains scarce, and is likely to continue so until the end of the financial year.

BERLIN, Jan. 18.—The boerse showed several strong features last week. While the market was disappointed over Minister of Finance Rheinbaben's pessimistic utterances on the business situation, and lower estimates in the Prussian budget for railroad supplies than were expected, values were generally well maintained. The most striking feature of the week was the recovery in the shares of ocean navigation companies, upon the announcement that the dividend of the Hamburg-American Steam Packet Company would reach 4½ per cent, as against 6 per cent last year, whereas operators had expected a dividend of only 3 per cent. The statement issued by the Hamburg company, that the outward freight market had greatly improved through heavy shipments to the United States, also aided the recovery.

The second feature of the market was the strength of coal shares as a result of the coal scarcity in the United States, the abolition of the coal duty in that country and the large shipments of English coal to the United States.

Irons barely held their own last week, notwithstanding the fact that the news from the producing centers was mostly somewhat better.

Money rose moderately the middle of the week, owing to demands for the repayment of loans to the Reichsbank and heavy offerings of American drafts. Rates are now down, money being abundant and the demand light.

GERMANS ADVISED TO TRADE WITH AMERICA

BERLIN, Jan. 18.—The government has published a report from Herr Waetzold, commercial attache of the German consulate in New York, upon the American iron situation. Herr Waetzold advises German manufacturers to make an attempt to obtain a permanent foothold on the American markets and to establish a common selling agency in New York for the purpose of reaching American, Canadian, Mexican and West Indian consumers. He regards Canada and Mexico as especially promising fields for the sale of rails.

Helping St Louis Fair.

BERLIN, Jan. 18.—The German government has opened in Berlin a bureau to facilitate the preparation of German exhibitors at the St. Louis exposition.

SALES FOR THE WEEK.

Transactions on the Pittsburgh stock exchange for the week ended January 17, 1903, were 17,200 shares stock, $82,000 bonds, 173 rights and 3 47-60 rights. The sales were distributed as follows:

Shares.	STOCKS.	High.	Low.	Last Sale.	C'gs.
22	A. V. pfd	30	30	30	0
325	Brewing	31¼	31	31¼	−¼
120	Do pfd	47	*46¾	46¾	−¼
200	Cons. Ice	12	12	12	0
65	Cruc. Steel	37¼	37¼	37¼	0
616	Cruc. Steel	19¾	*19	*19	−¾
987	Do pfd	85½	84½	*85	−¼
1147	Fire Proofing	28¾	28	28¾	0
814	Do pfd	40	39	*37¾	−2
435	Marsden	..	4	3¾	−¼
11	Monon. Wat	38¼	38¼	38¼	−1¼
235	Phila Co	45⅞	45⅝	45⅞	−⅛
90	Do pfd	49	49	49	0
150	P., B. & L. E. com	36	36	36	+1¼
2610	Pgh. Coal	28⅝	27¾	28½	+⅜
854	Do pfd	89	*88	*88¾	+¼
1595	River Coal	12¼	11¾	11⅞	−¼
497	Do pfd	39¼	39¼	39¼	+⅛
100	Southern Pac	66¾	66¾	66⅞	−1¼
200	Do preferred	88½	88½	88½	....
1200	K. O. Stor	36	35⅝	36	....
500	Mexican Central	26⅜	26¼	26⅜	....
400	Stone	62½	62	62½	....
100	U. G. I	14	14	14	....
500	Va. Car. Chem	65½	63½	65¼	....

Shares.	BONDS.	High.	Low.	Last Sale.	C'gs.
$27000	Brewing 6s	111½	111¼	111½	+½
2000	Pitts. Gas 5s	112	112	112	0
20000	Junct. R. R. 1st M. 6s	122½	122½	122½	....
8000	P., McK. & Y. 5s	97	97	97	+1¾
25000	Riv. Coal 6s	113¼	113	113¼	−½

Shares.	RECEIPTS.	High.	Low.	Last Sale.	C'gs.
173	Pitts. T. & T	96	95	95	0

Shares.	RIGHTS.	High.	Low.	Last Sale.	C'gs.
2-13	S. U. Cable	110	110	110	0
1 9-20	Mon. Water	38	38	38	−1
3 47-60					

*Less than 10 shares. †Ex-dividend, 1¾ per cent. ‡Ex-dividend, 1½ per cent. §New high mark.

Supplementary New York Stocks.

(By Private Wire to The Gazette.)

Sales.	STOCKS.	High.	Low.	Close.
100	Allis. Chal. Co	19	19	19
200	Amer. Grass Twine	27½	27	27½
100	Amer. Tel. & Tel	165½	165½	165½
100	Brunswick	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝
500	Denver & Rio Grande	41	40½	41
200	Do preferred	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝
1200	K. C. Sou	36	35⅝	36
500	Mexican Central	26⅜	26¼	26⅜
400	Stone	62½	62	62½
100	U. G. I	14	14	14
500	Va. Car. Chem	65½	63½	65¼

NEW YORK PRICES.

Daily range of prices reported by Messrs. Henry Sproul & Co., Peoples Savings bank building, members of New York, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh and Chicago stock exchanges, and Chicago board of trade.

Sales.	STOCKS.	Open	High	Low	Close
13700	A., T. & S. F	88½	88⅝	88½	88⅝
1600	Do preferred	100	100⅛	99⅝	99¾
	Amer. Cotton Oil				45
	Do preferred				93¾
4800	Amer. Sugar Ref	131⅛	131⅝	131⅛	131⅝
	Do preferred				120
500	Am. Locomotive	29⅞	30	29⅝	29⅞
100	Do preferred	94⅛	94¼	94⅛	94
3900	Amer. Car Fdry	40	40⅞	40	40⅜
100	Do preferred	90⅜	90⅜	90⅜	90⅛
	American Can				9⅝
	Do preferred				49½
9250	Amal. Copper	69⅛	69⅛	67⅝	69
2900	Canadian Pacific	137⅛	137⅝	137⅛	137⅝
6200	Chi. Great West	28⅛	28⅝	28	28
300	Consolidated Gas	218⅝	218¾	218⅝	218
	C., C., C. & S. L				96½
18800	Ches. & Ohio	51½	52	51½	51½
900	Chicago & Alton	35½	35⅝	35½	35⅝
100	Do preferred	72½	72½	72½	70
	Chi., Ind. & Lou	72	72	72	70
360	Chicago & N. W	224	224	223	222
400	Colo. Fuel & Iron	77⅝	77⅝	76½	76⅝
	Corn Products	33½	33½	33¼	33¼
	Do preferred	84½	84½	84¼	84
400	Col. Southern	30	30⅝	30	30
	Do 1st pfd				70½
	Do 2d pfd				45⅝
	Del., Lack. & W				272
100	Del. & Hudson	171½	171¾	171½	171½
16200	Erie	44¾	44¾	44⅛	44⅜
2700	Do 1st pfd	72⅝	72¾	72⅝	72¾
900	Do 2d pfd	57⅝	57⅝	57⅝	57
300	General Electric	186¼	186¼	186¼	186½
400	Hocking Valley	105	105	105	105
100	Do preferred	97⅜	97⅜	97⅜	97½
600	Illinois Central	148½	148⅝	148½	148⅝
200	Iowa Central	45	45	45	45
	Do preferred				75½
	Internat. Paper				18¾
	Do preferred				72½
500	Internat. Power	65	70	65	70
200	L. E. & W	51	51	51	51
	Do preferred				113
2800	Louis. & Nash	129	129⅜	128⅝	128⅝
1100	Manhattan	154⅞	154⅞	153⅞	153⅞
22300	Missouri Pacific	114⅞	115⅛	112⅝	113⅝
100	Nat. R. R. of Mex. pfd	62	62	61⅜	61⅜
400	Metropolitan	141⅜	141¾	140⅝	140⅝
600	Mexican Central	26⅝	26⅝	26½	26⅝
	National Lead				20½
	Do preferred				91½
	National Biscuit				45½
	Do preferred				104½
1500	N. Y. Central	152¾	153	152¾	152¾
1700	N. J. Central	188	188	187	187
1500	N. Y., O. & W	34¾	34⅝	34¾	34¾
1300	Norfolk & West	74½	74⅝	74½	74⅝
	Do preferred				90
	North American				21½
	Ontario				150
200	Peoples Gas	104½	104½	104½	104¾
	Pacific Mail				43
	Pullman				187
800	Pressed Steel Car	64⅝	64⅝	64⅝	64½
100	Do preferred	94	94	94	93½
2100	Penna. R. R	155¼	156½	155¼	155¾
	P., C., C. & S. L				92
100	Reading	115	115	115	115
	Railway Springs				23
	Do preferred				85
24200	Reading	62½	62⅝	62⅛	62¾
	Do 1st pfd				85
	Do 2d pfd	76	76	76	75⅝
8800	Rock Island	50¼	50⅝	50	50¼
100	Do preferred	82½	82¾	82½	82
1900	Republic Iron	21⅞	22	21½	21¾
200	Do preferred	79	79	79	78¾
100	St. L. & S. F	72⅜	72⅜	72⅝	72½
	Do preferred				78
5600	Southern Pacific	66	66⅛	65⅞	66⅛
8000	Southern Ry	36¾	36⅞	36	36
1000	Do preferred	95⅝	95¾	95⅝	95½
6800	St. Paul	170⅞	180⅜	170⅝	171⅝
	Do preferred				193
500	St. L. & S'w	28⅝	28½	28	28
500	Do preferred	63	63¼	62⅜	62⅝
500	Tenn. C. & I	62	62⅜	62	61
200	Texas & Pacific	41⅛	41⅜	41⅛	41½
200	T., S. L. & W	31	31	31	30½
	Do preferred				45½
5600	U. S. Steel	37½	37¾	37¼	37⅜
5500	Do preferred	89	89¼	89	89¼
8800	Union Pacific	103	103¼	102⅝	102⅝
500	Do preferred	94	94	94	93½
	U. S. Rubber				17
	U. S. Leather				12⅝
	Do preferred				85¼
	U. S. R. & Cons	26⅞	27½	26⅜	27⅝
	Do preferred	71	71⅝	71	71⅜
1000	Wabash	30	30¼	30	29⅞
100	Do preferred	45½	45½	45½	45⅜
300	Western Union	91½	91½	91½	91¼
100	W. & L. E	25½	25½	25½	25½
	Do 1st pfd				58½
	Do 2d pfd				35
500	Wisconsin Cent	28⅝	27½	28⅝	27
600	Do preferred	52⅜	53¼	52⅜	53
242500	Total sales				

Electric Stocks.

BOSTON, Jan. 17.—Electric stocks closed: Westing. com.....104 | Mass. Electric.....36
General Electric....188 | Do preferred.....94

WEEKLY REVIEW OF MARKET PRICES

Corn and Oats Are Much Higher in Price — Flour Higher—Sugar Lower.

The tone of the grain market is exceedingly strong, and the week opens with advanced prices in corn and oats. On account of the freight congestion and the embargo placed on certain freights, dealers are unable to get sufficient cars to load hay and grain, and even when cars are loaded it is a difficult matter to have them delivered. The market is, therefore, exceedingly firm and advances were scored on Saturday for oats and corn averaging one and two points. There is a prospect, also that they will work higher. No. 1 timothy hay is in good demand and strong at the prices quoted.

The week started in last Monday with severe cold weather, and produce was hard to get on account of the railroads being slow about accepting this kind of freight. The demand in the early part of the week for vegetables was greater than the supply, but toward the latter part of the week, when the weather moderated, the supply was good and prices became about normal. Potatoes would be lower in price if the railroads could furnish sufficient cars to ship all of the product that is waiting to be dumped on the market. The shipper who is fortunate enough to get a car jumps the price up from the account and when the consignee receives it he also raises the price a few points, because he was favored in delivery. The week opens today with little change in the produce line.

In the grocery line sugar has scored a decline, being off 5 points Saturday on the entire list. This was unexpected. Flour, however, is up 15 cents on the barrel, and there is a possibility of further advances.

There has been a drop of 8 cents a pound in the price of cocoa. It appears that one of the largest dealers in the country, in an effort to thwart some of his lesser competitors, has lowered the price of the staple, and some interesting developments may be looked for in the near future. The grocer probably will do well to take advantage of the decline. The change in the price of cocoa, however, only is in one certain brand.

The largest dealers in the country are charged with being responsible for the advance. As an illustration of the blockade, it was learned that cars that had been shipped from Minneapolis November 29 had just reached their destination.

Buckwheat flour is selling freely, the severe weather of the past week having stimulated the demand. There has been no change in the price of canned goods, and the prices remain firm at the current quotations.

Tropical fruits are lower in price than quoted last week, and as oranges are rather plentiful this year, it is expected that prices will be moderate.

New York cheese is also firmer in price, having moved up a notch since last week. The demand for it is very good; also the Ohio grade.

Eggs are firm at the prices quoted, and no change in the butter market will take place until tomorrow. Poultry shows no change in prices, but the weather remains warm for a few days it will be favorable for laying weather, and good eggs should be more abundant in a few weeks.

HAY, GRAIN AND FEED.

Receipts bulletined: Pennsylvania lines, 13 cars hay, 5 cars oats, 3 cars corn, 3 cars oats, 1 car straw; 1 car bran; Pittsburgh & Lake Erie railroad, 3 cars hay; Pittsburgh & Western railroad, 3 cars hay, 1 car bran. Total receipts, 20 cars.

No. 1 tim. $17.00@17.50; do No. 2 $15.50@16.50; No. 1 clov. $12.50@13.00; do mix. $14.00@15.00.

Loose, from wagon $16.00@17.00.

Straw, oat. $9.00@9.50; do wheat $9.00@9.50; do rye $10.00@10.50.

Corn, No. 2 yellow, shell ...51½@52½c; do high mixed ....50@51c; do No. 2 mix. 49@50c.

Oats, No. 2 white ....42½@43c; do No. 3....41@41½c; do No. 4....40@41c.

White middlings, No. 2 ton...$18.50@20.00

Brown middlings, ton ...$18.50@19.00

Bran, ton...$18.50@19.00

Oatmeal, bbl ....$5.00; do kegs....$2.65

Sugar, sta. gran....5.05c; do fine....5.05c; do 2-lb cartons...5.25c; Do 5-lb cot bags 5.20c; do powdered....5.25c; do pow'd xxxx...5.25c; do cubes....5.35c; do cut loaf....5.35c; do confec. A....4.85c; do coff. A....4.80@4.85c; do No. 1 yellow, 4.05c; do No. 2 yellow, 4.00c; do No. 3 yellow, 4.35c.

(Sugar quotations are for Pittsburgh and Allegheny wagon delivery. Add 5 cents per 100 pounds for rail shipments to points within a radius of 50 miles of Pittsburgh.)

Coffee, roasted, bulk, Rio, 10½@12c; do Santos 25½@25½c; do Maracaibo 17@17½c; do Peaberry....7@8c; do Carnes. 19@19½c; do Gov. Rio, 13½@14c; do Java....26@27c; do Mocha ....25½c; do sid. pkgs....9.55c; do high grade pkgs ..14.30@16.30c.

Molasses, fancy refined ....35@37c; do choice....32@33c; do prime....30@31c; do open ket. 40@43c.

Syrup, fancy sugar....28@30c; do sugar and cane ....26@28c; do 2½-lb cans, doz ....97½c; do 5-lb cans, doz ....$1.95; do 10-lb cans, doz ....$3.60.

Maple syrup, gallon ....60@90c.

Beans, prime navy bu ....$2.75@2.85.

Beans, navy, bu ....$2.50@2.60; do navy, imp ....$2.35@2.40; do red kid $3.35@3.50; do Cal. limas, lb ....5½@5¾c.

Peas, dried, bu ....$1.75@1.80; do Scotch bu ....$1.80@1.85; do split, lb ....4c.

Oil, Carbon, 110 deg ....11½c; do headlight ....12½c; do water white 12½c; do Elaine....16½c; do Ohio W. W. test ....12½c; do miners ....26@32c; do special brands ....26@43c.

Rice, ext. fancy, head, lb ....7½@7¾c; do fancy Japan 5¼@5½c; do choice Carolina ....6@6¼c.

Salt, No. 1, bbl....95c; do No. 2 extra....$1.05; do dairy....$1.25; do gran. rock, sack ....95c; do pocket....$1.55@1.85.

CANNED GOODS.

Peaches, std. pie, $0.80@85c; do pie ....$2.50@$3.00; Do California, L. C....$1.90@2.35; do Maryland ....$1.15@1.65; do California ....$1.80@2.00; Corn, fancy....$1.15@1.30; do std ....95c@$1.10; Cherries, Cal. white ....$2.20@2.25; Lima beans, $1.20@1.40; do soaked....75@95c; String beans, 85c@$1.25; Peas, marrow fat ....95c@$1.25; do early June ....$1.00@1.30; do soaked....55@65c; Apples, N. Y. gal cans....$2.40; Pineapples ....$1.20@2.20; Plums, Damson....$1.00; Raspberries ....85@95c; Gooseberries ..95c@$1.00; Tomatoes, std ....90c@$1.00; do fancy....$1.20@1.30; do gal....$3.05@3.75; Succotash, 1-lb cans ....65c@$1.40; Baked beans, tomato sc. 85c@$1.40; Salmon, doz. $1.00@2.05; Chipped beef, per lb. 22½@23½; Corned and roast beef, 2-lb cans ....$2.45@2.50; do 1-lb cans ....$1.45@1.50; Mackerel, broiled ....$2.00@2.75; Sardines, domestic, ¼s....$2.60@3.65; do mustard, ¼s $2.90; do French $9.00@16.00; Oysters, 1-lb full weight 85c@$1.25; do 2-lb lunch, flat cans ....$1.10.

DRIED FRUITS.

Apricots, evap. bags ....8¼@12c; do 25-lb boxes 8@12c; Apples, sulk....7¼c; do 1-lb cartons ....8½c; Peaches ....7@10c; Raspberries ..26@27½c; Raisins, pressed, 1-lb pkgs...9@9¼c; do Muscatel, 2 and 4-crown 50-lb boxes....7@8c; do Ondara Val. ....9¼@10c; do Val. ....8c; Currants, cleaned, 25 and 50-lb pkgs ....6½@8¼c; Prunes, Cal....3¾@8¼c.

PRODUCE.

Potatoes, choice, carlots, bu. 55@58c; do fancy, lots, bu ....60@62c; do on track....60@75c; do ex-store....70@75c; Sweet potatoes, Jersey fancy $3.50@4.00; do med....$2.00@2.25; do boxes....$1.25@1.40; Onions, bbl. $2.00@2.50; do bu ....75@85c; Shallots ....40@50c; Cucumbers, hothouse, doz....75@2.00; Cabbage, Danish, ton ....$10.00@13.00; Beets, doz....50@60c; do bbl....$2.00@2.50; Parsley, doz....25@35c; Radishes, doz....25@35c; Spinach, bu....50@60c; Celery, doz....30@35c; do Golden Heart, crate ....$4.50@5.00; do White Plume, crate ....$3.50@4.00; Lettuce, home, doz ....50@60c; Artichokes, doz....$1.50@2.00; Asparagus, Cal. doz....$2.00@3.00; Egg plant, Fla., crate ....$2.00@3.00; Turnips, bbl. $1.25@1.75; Garlic, lb....7@10c; Carrots, bbl. $1.50@1.75; do doz bun....30@40c; String beans, green, basket ....$2.50@2.00; do wax....$2.00@2.50; Kohlrobi, dz bch 30@40c; Cauliflower, ...$1.50@2.00; do crate....$2.50@3.00; Squash Hubbard, bbl ....$1.75@2.00; do mar....$1.50@2.00; Parsnips, bbl. $1.75@2.00; R'tab'g's bbl. 90c@$1.00; Watercress, doz. 30@35c; Florida tomatoes, crate ....$4.00@5.00; Brussels sprouts, quart ....12@14c; Mushrooms, lb. 40@50c.

DOMESTIC FRUITS.

Apples, Spy, bbl ....$3.00@3.50; Baldwins ..$2.50@3.50; do green, bags ....$2.00@3.00; Pears, Kiefer, bbl ....$2.00@2.50; Cranberries, Cape Cod, fcy. $7.00@8.50; do choice ..$2.75@3.00; do bbls. $10.00@13.00; do Jersey ..$3.00@3.25; Cal. Strawberries, pint ....25@35c.

SALT FISH.

Mackerel, No. 1 mess, bbl....$35.00; do half bbls....$18.00; do quar. bbls....$9.40; Mackerel, No. 2, bbls ....$27.00; do half bbls....$14.00; Baked beans, 1-lb pails...$1.50; Lake herring, 100 lbs ....$4.10; do 30-lb cans....$1.55; do 10 lbs....55c; Bloaters, 50-box....85c.

POULTRY.

Live hens, lb...14@15c; Roosters ....9@10c; Turkeys, lb....16@17c; Geese ....12@13c; Ducks ....15@16c; Dressed hens ....17c; Spring ....18c; Broilers ....20c; Roosters ....12c; Turkeys ....28@28c; Ducks ....19@20c; do Long Island....22c.

NEW YORK WEEKLY BANK STATEMENT.

Statement of the associated banks of the city of New York, from reports to the New York clearing house, as required under section 16 of the constitution, for week ended Saturday.

BANKS.	Loans.	Specie.	Legals.	*Deposits.	Circ'l'n.
Bank of New York, N. B. A	$ 18,273,000	$ 2,899,000	$ 1,481,000	$ 17,169,000	1,183,000
Bank of the Manhattan Co	29,064,900	5,687,900	2,310,600	24,193,000	.....
Merchants National Bank	12,163,800	1,472,000	1,758,200	13,782,000	.....
Mechanics National Bank	13,471,000	1,885,000	1,914,000	14,221,000	.....
Bank of America	20,920,000	3,213,000	2,645,700	23,463,900	.....
Phoenix National Bank	5,221,900	1,004,000	337,000	5,229,600	43,500
National City Bank	120,014,000	27,347,000	7,471,000	129,466,000	5,475,000
Chemical National Bank	24,387,300	4,138,900	2,966,500	23,836,000	.....
Merchants Exchange Nat. Bank	5,269,700	764,000	563,200	5,510,900	240,500
Gallatin National Bank	7,694,500	817,800	581,000	5,227,700	982,800
Nat. Butchers & Drovers Bank	2,193,400	731,500	50,200	3,109,500	46,900
Mechanics & Traders Bank	3,955,000	458,000	380,000	4,103,000	.....
Greenwich Bank	1,339,700	132,200	172,300	1,164,500	.....
Leather Manufacturers Nat. Bank	4,920,300	916,200	348,000	4,013,000	476,100
Seventh National Bank	6,458,100	1,286,600	251,900	5,583,000	229,000
American Exchange Nat. Bank	23,141,000	3,028,600	2,414,000	22,474,000	4,327,000
National Bank of Commerce	69,885,800	9,099,400	6,787,100	57,950,500	5,262,700
National Broadway Bank	6,783,900	1,350,400	174,400	5,620,300	497,900
Mercantile National Bank	13,263,100	2,748,400	1,208,500	14,489,700	988,200
Pacific Bank	3,301,900	270,100	417,500	4,022,000	.....
Chatham National Bank	6,085,600	719,700	862,400	6,173,500	49,200
Peoples Bank	2,120,500	206,300	320,700	2,737,200	.....
Hanover National Bank	46,475,500	8,728,200	6,140,100	54,357,800	2,588,100
National Bank of North America	10,290,800	1,559,000	1,369,600	13,010,200	1,547,000
Irving National Bank	5,911,000	610,200	1,007,000	7,243,900	243,900
National Citizens Bank	5,838,100	1,165,300	486,100	6,625,800	637,700
Nassau Bank	2,632,400	383,400	308,700	3,245,000	.....
Market & Fulton Nat. Bank	6,187,200	1,184,100	724,800	6,702,200	50,000
National Shoe & Leather Bank	12,165,900	1,298,400	210,700	6,022,500	48,900
Corn Exchange Bank	$ 24,681,000	3,552,000	28,001,000	.....	.....
Oriental Bank	1,932,900	251,700	312,300	1,966,600	.....
Importers and Traders Nat. Bank	22,806,000	3,747,000	1,208,000	20,206,000	48,200
National Park Bank	48,229,000	14,136,000	6,241,000	61,193,000	1,997,600
East River National Bank	1,180,000	240,000	50,000	1,430,200	50,000
Fourth National Bank	19,742,700	3,486,100	2,468,300	22,073,800	50,000
Central National Bank	10,018,000	2,374,000	510,000	12,627,000	405,000
Second National Bank	9,013,000	1,312,000	1,387,000	10,490,000	288,000
First National Bank	74,511,900	15,461,100	6,482,000	67,461,200	7,552,500
New York Nat'l Exchange Bank	5,535,900	975,000	534,500	5,719,700	492,500
Bowery Bank	2,646,000	452,000	286,000	3,005,000	.....
New York County National Bank	3,850,400	846,000	423,200	4,857,200	50,000
German Exchange Bank	2,907,100	584,700	236,400	3,286,200	.....
Chase National Bank	38,966,300	9,550,500	4,150,200	45,033,900	1,000,000
Fifth Avenue Bank	9,266,800	2,365,000	277,100	10,135,800	.....
German Exchange Bank	2,367,100	165,000	990,000	3,542,700	.....
Germania Bank	3,124,000	419,400	638,300	4,060,400	.....
Lincoln National Bank	10,283,200	1,737,100	1,033,200	10,800,600	245,500
Garfield National Bank	6,962,800	1,461,100	351,200	7,109,200	49,700
Fifth National Bank	2,273,500	580,000	140,200	2,597,900	181,700
Bank of the Metropolis	8,303,500	1,454,800	967,400	9,490,600	.....
West Side Bank	3,138,000	1,113,000	402,000	3,823,000	.....
Seaboard National Bank	11,738,000	2,284,000	1,088,000	13,884,000	50,000
Western National Bank	39,162,500	9,568,400	3,010,300	45,775,900	550,000
First National Bank, Brooklyn	4,323,100	503,000	569,000	4,482,000	75,000
Liberty National Bank	8,752,800	1,508,900	325,000	7,242,800	497,500
N. Y. Produce Exchange Bank	4,117,000	1,078,000	300,000	3,708,000	.....
New Amsterdam National Bank	6,549,900	1,356,600	540,300	7,325,800	100,000
Astor National Bank	4,529,000	710,000	295,000	4,421,000	350,000
Nat'l Bank of the United States	4,745,200	1,301,500	72,800	4,430,500	400,000
Totals	$886,054,100	$168,241,400	$ 77,253,700	$ 901,117,900	$45,600,000
Increase.	$ 14,412,000	$ 13,692,400	$ 580,000	$ 27,502,300	$ 138,800

Reserve on total deposits, increase, $5,406,825. Reserve on deposits other than United States, increase, $6,145,350. *United States deposits included, $49,210,300.
Clearings for week, $1,859,121,244 98. Balances, $76,445,419 20.

BUTTER, EGGS AND CHEESE

Butter, prints 32@31½c; do tubs ....30@30½c; do Ohio Pa. creamery 28@28½c; do 20-lb block, Swiss ....14@14½c; do country roll ....20@22c; do limburger ....12½c; Cheese, N. Y. full cream ....15@15½c; do Ohio ....14½@15c; do Pa. ....15½@16c; do Ohio Swiss ....

Eggs, select ....28@30c; do candled ....26@27c; do at mark ....25@26c; do storage ....21@23c.

GAME.

Mallard ducks, pr. $1.75@2.00; Teal ducks, pair $1.00; Redheads, pair....$1.50; Canvas backs, pair...$2.75; Squabs, doz. $3.50@6.75; Ruffs, pair....$1.75; Pigeons, doz....$2.25; Squirrels, pair....$0.50@55c; Grouse, imp. pair $2.50; Blackduck, pair...$2.50; Groundhogs, ea...35@50c; Possums each...35@50c; Coons, each...75c@$1.00; Rabbits, pair....40c; Sucking pigs, each ....$2.50@3.50.

PROVISIONS

Hams, large, 18 lbs and up....12c; do medium, 14 to 18 lbs....12½c; do small, 10 to 14 lbs....12¾c; do E. C. sm....13c; do skinned....12½c; do boneless, boiled ....18½c; do California....10c; Shoulders, N. Y. cut ....10½c; do skinned....11c; Breakfast bacon, rib, 8 to 10 lbs ....12½c; do 10 to 12 lbs. 12¾c; do back strips....12c; Breakfast bacon, clears, 8 to 10 lbs....13¼c; do 10 to 12 lbs....13¾c; do back strips....12¾c; Dry salt sides, extra short clears....10c; Dry salt sides, 20 to 25 lbs ....10½c; do 16 to 20 lbs. 10½c; do under 16 lbs. 10½c; Dry salt smoked sides, extra short clears....11c; Bellies, 20 to 25 lbs ....11¼c; do 16 to 20 lbs. 11¼c; do under 16 lbs. 11¼c; Lard, pure, tierces. 11c; Millet ....$1.65@1.70; Grass, Hungarian ....90c@$1.10

EXPORTS AGAIN AT HIGH-WATER MARK

Record for December, 1902, Exceeds That of Any Previous Twelfth Month.

FIGURES REASSURING

Increase Over Month of November $23,000,000, and Over Previous December, $11,000,000. Increase in Importations.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Room 10, Postal Building.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 18.

The export trade of the United States has resumed its normal and expansive condition. From the low figure due to the failure of the corn crop last year and the unusual demand at home, the export figures have increased from $88,000,000 in June to $148,000,000 in December, and reached the highest mark ever made by exports in the month of December. June, July and August of the year 1902 were the only months since August, 1899, in which the export figures fell below the $100,000,000 line, and this was due to the causes above indicated. With the arrival of the new crops of breadstuffs, cotton and provisions, the exports have rapidly advanced, the increase in December over the preceding month, as shown by the statement of the treasury bureau of statistics, being about $23,000,000, of which the value of $11,000,000 is in cotton, $5,000,000 in provisions, $4,000,000 in breadstuffs, and $1,000,000 in mineral oils. The December exports are $11,000,000 in excess of December, 1901, $3,000,000 over the banner year of 1900, $10,000,000 more than in 1898, $20,000,000 more than in 1896, $56,000,000 more than in 1895, $61,000,000 greater than in 1892, and actually double those of 1887. Only one month in the entire history of our export trade—October, 1900—shows as large a figure of exports, while in no December have the exports reached as high a figure of value as in December, 1902.

The following table shows the December exports as five-year periods from 1867 to 1902, and illustrates the steady upward tendency in the export trade of the United States, though marked by occasional checks, due to unusual conditions of production.

December.	Total Exports.	December.	Total Exports.
1867.....	$ 27,227,123	1887.....	$ 73,220,551
1872.....	49,253,779	1892.....	87,545,818
1877.....	77,285,158	1897.....	127,953,961
1882.....	92,966,026	1902.....	148,004,823

On the import side, the figures are equally suggestive of growth. The December imports are larger than in any preceding December in the history of our import trade, being $84,807,204, against $79,929,271 in December, 1901, and $68,697,207 in December, 1900, and larger than in any preceding month except April, 1897, when the imports were abnormally large by reason of the approaching change in tariff. Importations free of duty are $40,603,113 against $29,145,669 in December, 1900, indicating that the increase is chiefly in manufacturers' material, which form the bulk of the non-dutiable articles. The total imports for the year ending with December are far in excess of any preceding year being $969,270,009, against $880,419,910 in 1901, $829,140,714 in 1900, $823,397,726 in 1899, $696,807,175 in 1898 and $461,182,058 in 1896. The importations of 1902 are $88,850,099 greater than in the preceding year, of which increase over $50,000,000 was in manufacturers' materials.

The following table shows the December imports at five-year periods from 1867 to 1902:

December.	Total Imports.	December.	Total Imports.
1867.....	$20,597,454	1887.....	52,111,228
1872.....	41,667,821	1892.....	65,126,356
1877.....	30,554,076	1897.....	51,505,192
1882.....	59,600,340	1902.....	84,807,204

THE THREE RIVERS.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

CINCINNATI, Jan. 18.—River 16.8 feet and falling. The ice which passed here today was nothing lighter. It is hoped by rivermen that navigation will be opened for all steamers and packets by Tuesday. Several towboats left here today for up-river points with empties. Among those which arrived are the Jos. Cook and the Ed Roberts from Louisville. The Coal City went up.

EVANSVILLE—River 15.5 feet. The J. R. Richardson left for Nashville at 6 p. m. The bonanza's boilers were repaired and she left at 4 p. m. for Cincinnati.

LOUISVILLE—River is falling, with 6 feet on the falls, 8 feet 2 inches in the canal and 18 feet at the foot of the locks. Heavy ice is still running in the river. The Sunshine came down for Memphis today, and the Tell City will leave for Evansville tomorrow. The Sunshine reports meeting the Ed Roberts and tow at Medee bar and the Josh Cook and tow at Lougheet island. They were pulling their tows behind them.

MEMPHIS—River 18.5 feet. The Georgia Lee arrived this morning from Cairo and returns next Saturday. The Peters Lee will receive tomorrow and Tuesday evenings for Cairo. The John A. Wood with a tow of empty coal barges is due up tonight, bound for the Ohio river.

PADUCAH—River 18.2 feet and falling. There is little ice in the river.

CAIRO—River 23 feet. The Gleaner and the G. W. Thomas arrived from the upper Ohio and passed to the lower Mississippi with tow of coal. The S. H. H. Clark arrived at 12:30 p. m. from New Orleans with a tow of five barges. On account of ice in the river the boat laid up here and the crew will leave tonight for St. Louis by rail. The H. G. Wright, government snagboat, arrived at 3 p. m. The Beaver arrived at 7:30 from Louisville with light tow of coal.

OIL CITY—River 2 feet 5 inches and stationary.

GALLIPOLIS—River 10 feet and falling.

WARREN, PA.—River frozen. Fair and cold.

MORGANTOWN—River gorged. Clear and cold.

WHEELING—River 8 feet and stationary. Departed, Queen City, Pittsburgh, 9 a. m.

POINT PLEASANT—River 10 feet and falling. Very little ice. Up, Joseph Walton, E. D. Andrews. Down, Bill Clark.

Packets Leaving Today.

Keystone State, Cincinnati, 4 p. m.

News of the Rivers.

At 9 o'clock last night the stage of water at Davis Island dam was 6.5 feet and stationary.

The two barges which were sunk recently below the foot of Wood street have been bought by Capt. John F. Klein. He will have the coal dredged out and the barges raised.

Only two boats passed Davis Island dam yesterday. The Pacific came into the harbor with a tow of empties, consisting of five coalboats, three barges and one flat. The Cyclone went out with six flats loaded with coal.

The Keystone State will leave here for down river points at 4 o'clock this afternoon, the first boat on the Pittsburgh and Cincinnati lines going south since January 7. The Virginia will go into service next Saturday.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Largest Furniture House in the World
McELVEEN'S
(McElveen Furniture Co.)
525-527-529 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

KORNBLUM, OPTICIAN
440 Wood Street, Near Fifth Avenue.

JOSEPH HORNE CO.

Weather—Fair. Monday, Jan. 19, 1903.

We Begin the Week, This Very Day, With a Sensational Announcement.

Manufacturers, using January as a clean-up month, give us fine opportunities for purchasing fine goods, high class goods, for very remarkable reductions. This was never better demonstrated than in the news of a purchase of handsome dress goods that we herewith give to women.

Handsome All-Wool Fancy Yarn Suitings Today for 65c a yard, never sold this season for less than $1.25 and $1.50 a Yard.

And up to last Saturday we sold thousands and thousands of yards at the regular prices mentioned above. How about this 65c price?

Simply this: We took all the manufacturer's surplus, 5,500 yards, and he made us a price that puts these fine Dress Stuffs into your hands for an average half.

Made of finest wool, full 46 inches wide—can be employed effectively for the natty blouse, the full suit or the separate skirt, just what we had in mind when we made the purchase. The offer is extraordinary when it is known that raw wool is advancing rapidly.

What are the color mixtures? Very engaging—light and dark gray mixed with black, different shades of blue, brown and green, with just enough white and gray introduced here and there to be effective, and other equally agreeable mixtures.

In all the years of placing before women unexampled values for extraordinary small prices we have never made quite so good on offer as this.

New 1903 St. Gall Embroideries.

By sending our representative to St. Gall each year we have choice from the mass of new things evolved by the Swiss manufacturers. Importing Embroideries direct puts us in the favored position of selling new goods for much less than stores that have to pay the importer's profit. The 1903 Embroideries are more beautiful than ever; the designs have been studied out carefully. And we are ready with an exhibit that in point of variety is far ahead of any other season.

Fine Nainsook Embroideries—Inserting, 5c a yard to $1.50; narrow Edges, 5c to 50c a yard; wide Edges, 12½c to $2 a yard; Galloons, 10c to $3.50 a yard.

Cambric Embroidery—narrow Edges, 5c to 25c a yard; wide Edges, 10c to $2 a yard; Inserting, 5c to $1.50 a yard.

Swiss Embroideries—narrow Edges, 5c to 75c a yard; wide Edges, 10c to $2.50 a yard; Insertings, 5c to $1.50 a yard; Galloons, 12½c to $3.50 a yard; Flouncings, 27 inches, 75c to $3.50 a yard; 45 inches, $1 to $5 a yard.

Colored Embroideries—Edges and Flouncings to match, 25c to 60c a yard; in sets, 5c to 25c a yard.

Lace Edge Embroidery, known as Valdenias—Edges and double lace edged Insertion to match, and the All-Overs to go with them, 25c to $2.50 a yard.

All-Overs in double widths, with Edges to match—Batistes in white and ecru—$2 to $5 a yard.

Lace striped All-Overs, with tuckings and embroidery inserting—3 widths of Flounces to match, 9, 27 and 45 inches—$2 to $6 a yard.

Blind Embroidery—revival of an old style, Cambric, Nainsook and Swiss, 5c to $1.50 a yard.

Grass Linen All-Overs—black, white and green, embroidered in such colors as navy and red—$2 to $3.50 a yard.

Batiste All-Overs, Edges to match, $2 to $3.50 a yard.

Waist Patterns, something entirely new, in nainsook and Swiss, with an embroidery design intended for the front, 75c to $5 each.

New and Stylish Black Cloth Suits.

Spring models. Among the many new styles we are now receiving we call special attention to the following three, that are attractive both as regards appearance and lowness of price:

New Black Cheviot Suits, the jacket with shoulder capes and pleats, finished with silk bands, appliqued with white; handsome puff sleeves with cuffs; skirt made with 12 side pleats and a hip yoke; beautiful shape flare bottom. Price $25.

New Black Habit Cloth Suits, the jacket with bolero effect and pleated girdle of peau de soie, finished with fancy braid; skirt pleated and further finished with a Paquin flare—made over silk drop. Price $35.

New Black Broadcloth Suits, jacket with cape effect, finished with satin piping and grape cluster applique trimming; skirt finished with two tailored ruffles from front gore, piped with satin—this made over drop skirt of silk. The extreme of style. Price, $50.

The Dress Cottons for 1903.

That women are pleased with our importations and the styles we selected is evidenced by the very large selling now daily going on in the department of Imported Wash Goods. The exhibit is not only prodigal, but magnificent. Some of the prices:

Ribbon Swisses and Embroidered Muslins, made in Switzerland, 50c to $2 a yard.

French Organdies and French Mousselines, from Alsace, smart botanical printings, 50c and 65c a yard.

Embroidered Dimities—polka dots on white grounds—very smart for young ladies' dresses, 50c a yard.

Scotch Madras and Zephyrs and French Percales, over 50,000 yards from which to choose, 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c, 45c, 50c a yard.

Novelties in French printed Cottons on rich faconne grounds, 50c, 60c, 65c and 75c a yard.

Dress Linens—Twine, Panama and Crash Weaves—plain grounds with mirror finish, 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c and 50c a yard.

Fancy Linens, for summer Skirtings, 50c to $1 a yard.

White Goods.

A rather ordinary name for fine white dress Cottons, and we care not whether they are of the medium grade or the very finest weaves, they are fine for the prices we charge. Think of February, and that will lead to thoughts of Spring sewing.

25c a yard buys those pretty Mercerized Oxfords, Brilliantines and Damasks.

35c a yard buys finer grades of Cottons, such as Mercerized Broche Oxfords, Brilliantines, Piques, Batistes, Mulls.

50c a yard takes one among real fine goods, like satin Damask, high grades of Piques, Oxfords and Brilliantines.

$3.75 for embroidered linen Waist Patterns—3½ yards—Special front designs.

Our January Linen Sale.

Thus far it has exceeded all previous January Linen Sales. This is not a surprise when it is remembered that we never made as large preparations, nor offered as attractive values in high grade Linens. The sale continues during the month, and customers will find it well worth their while to make frequent visits to this department, as it is the opportunity of the whole year to replenish Linen closets.

There is the greatest range of values in this sale we ever invited people to see. There are table Damasks for as little as 35c, 50c, 60c and 75c a yard; there are the finest Damask woven, some of them for as much as $2.25 a yard, and this $2.25 does not represent the real worth of this weave, because of the fact of our importing direct. Really it is a $2.75 grade.

We show Tablecloths and Napkins, either in sets or sold separately. Prices of sets, for excellent medium grades, are $4, $5, $6.25 and from these prices up to the very finest grades selling for $101.50 a set, the latter price for purely plain Damask.

In Ornamental Linens we exceed any former showing. There are Tray Cloths, embroidered and trimmed with lace, and Center Pieces and Doilies to match the Cloths. They can be bought either singly or by the set—the set consisting of Tray Cloth, Center Piece and 12 Doilies. Some of these sets are trimmed with Real Duchess and Point Venise Lace, and sell for as much as $300 the set.

Bed Linens is another of our specialties—Sheets and Pillow Cases, either single or in sets. We have Linen sets, Pillow Cases and Sheet Shams, handsomely embroidered and scalloped, that will cost anyone $26.25. From this price the range descends to little enough for excellent Linen Sheets and Pillow Cases.

Towels and Toweling—Face Towels and Bath Towels, Crashes and Tea Toweling, all here in widest possible range of values and an exceedingly wide range of underprices.

By way of detail, let us show you some of our underpriced goods—running from medium to pretty fine Linens.

TABLECLOTHS.

$6.50 each, retailing regularly for $8.75—bleached Damask Tablecloths, 2½x2½ yards.

$9.75 each, retailing regularly for $13.25—bleached Damask Tablecloths, 2½x3 yards.

$14 each, retailing regularly for $19.50—bleached Damask Tablecloths, range of sizes 2½x2½ to 2½x3½ yards.

NAPKINS.

$7.50 a dozen, retailing regularly for $9.50—bleached Damask Napkins, 27x27 inches.

$14 a dozen, retailing regularly for $19.50—bleached Damask Napkins, 27x27 inches.

TABLE SETS.

$12.50 a set, retailing regularly for $15.50 and $17.50—hemstitched Damask Table Sets, Cloths either 2½ x2½ or 2½x3 yards, and one dozen Napkins to match.

$22.50 a set, retailing regularly for $27.50 and $32.50—hemstitched Damask Table Sets, choice of Cloths, 2½x2½ to 2½x4 yards, and one dozen Napkins to match.

BED LINENS.

$1 a pair, retailing regularly for $1.25—hemstitched Linen Pillow Cases, 20x36 inches.

$3 a pair, retailing regularly for $4.50 a pair—handscalloped Linen Pillow Cases, 20x36 inches.

$4.50 a pair, retailing regularly for $6—hemstitched Linen Sheets, 90x96 inches.

$6 a pair, retailing regularly for $7.50—hemstitched Linen Sheets, 90x96 inches.

Embroidered Robes.

It would take a large number of superlatives to do them justice—perhaps visitors can supply them. We are content to say they are beautiful, new and fashionable.

Robes, quite ready to put together, of linen, voile and cotton. Shown in such feminine colors as beige, which is the color of linen, light blue, Yale blue, pink, gray, green, white and black. Of course, each and all is embroidered in contrasting colors.

We bought these Robes with a view to pleasing tastes that are fastidious.

Embroidered and lace trimmed, $12.50 to $18.

Voile Robes, elaborately trimmed, $30 to $45.

Quite a range of intermediary prices.

Take a Hammock With You

to Palm Beach or wherever you have elected to stop in the South for the Winter.

We have the prettiest of Hammocks, stripes, Scotch plaids, Oriental figures and a great many Spring-like colorings, including red, white and blue canvas weaves.

Complete with valance, pillow and spreader, $1, $1.50 $2, $2.50, $3, $3.75, $5 each.

PENN AND FIFTH.

The first glimpse of Spring is already visible in our millinery department where we are showing some untrimmed hats for Easter wear.

SHOE DEPARTMENT MANAGER WANTED Our Shoe Department is without a head just now. We are seeking as a manager, a man who knows shoes as thoroughly as he knows his A, B, C's—who is well acquainted with Pittsburgh and its footwear wants—who has a wide knowledge of the wholesale market—who is an expert in leathers—who has tact, genius and aggressive force—who can point to a record of success as an evidence of qualification. Can you send us such a man?

Do you know about that Special Fur Sale—$5,000 worth of Fur Jackets, Collarettes, Scarfs, Boas, Etc.—all at Half Prices and Two-Thirds Prices.

FIRST ARRIVAL OF NEW

225 ROLLS GOT HERE ON SATURDAY

SPRING CARPETS

MADE, LINED AND LAID FREE OF CHARGE

READY TO SHOW YOU.

How many is 225 rolls? Enough to make a solid column of carpet five hundred and sixty feet high. Enough carpet unrolled and laid end to end to stretch away in a single strip for more than six miles.

And yet this is only the first shipment of our great Spring line of floor coverings coming.

We never surrender an advantage already gained. And we are going to maintain and retain our prestige as the greatest carpet house in this section. More than this, we are going to add still greater luster to our reputation.

It was our good fortune to place the order for our Spring Carpets with one of the greatest American mills early in November—before the advance in carpet wools sent prices kiting upward. The selections were all made from samples and the carpets themselves were not even woven at this time. Nevertheless, the mill carried out the contract to the letter at the stipulated figures.

We own these new, handsome floor coverings today at a cost so far underneath the prevailing market prices that we could have cleared a handsome profit by letting them go without bringing them to Pittsburgh at all.

But they are here—here to sell at a price below the inevitable Spring figures. Better yet, they are here to be MADE, LAID AND LINED FREE OF CHARGE, if bought this month.

Velvet and Tapestry Carpets in the two-toned effects that lead in popular favor comprise the greater part of this first arrival. Dark colors prevail, particularly the reds and greens. Figures for the most part are small, dainty, neat, geometric and admirable for making up carpet rugs—for libraries—for halls and for parlors, where the effect of subdued elegance is sought.

Some have borders and some have not.

Stair Carpets will be found among them, including some of the yard-wide stair carpets, which are our exclusive specialty.

New Tapestry Brussels Carpets, all-wool face (no jute), we will cut up, make, lay and line for you (using cotton padded lining, taped and stitched), and your entire bill will be..... **58c yd**

When spring comes the same carpets will cost, from the roll, 60c a yard, with 15c extra for the making, laying and lining.

New Tapestry Brussels Carpet of a better grade, we will make, lay and line, putting them down for you whenever you are ready, for..... **68c yd**

These same carpets will be 75c a yard from the roll in the spring.

New Double Extra 10-Wire Tapestries, in about twenty-five patterns—best tapestry carpets made in the United States, and the only carpet guaranteed against "sprouting"—the self-same carpet which a competitor advertises as worth $1.10, we will make, lay and line for you for..... **85c yd**

New Extra Fine Tapestries which will be 85c from the roll in the spring, we will place on your floors, complete, if the order is given us this month, for..... **78c yd**

The New Velvet Carpets in this lot we shall mark to sell for $1.25. Alongside of them, however, will be fifteen patterns of the same quality from the stock that has been in the store since November, which we will make for you this month, line and lay when you are ready, for..... **98c yd**

Bring with you when you come to the store, if you can, a diagram of the room or rooms to be carpeted and the exact measurements in feet and inches. This will enable us to tell you just how much your carpet will cost.

To secure the advantage of these figures it is essential that we have your order now, so that the carpet can be made during the dull months. We will store it for you without charge and lay it when you are ready—even if it is not until April or May.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE **CAMPBELL'S** THE PEOPLE'S STORE

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

IN the court of common pleas No. 3, No. No. 618, November term, 1902.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned viewers, appointed by the court of common pleas No. 3 of Allegheny county, in the foregoing matter, filed their report of the said court on the 17th day of January, A. D. 1903, and unless exceptions thereto are filed within 30 days from said date of filing, their report will be confirmed absolutely.

Following is a schedule of the damages, costs and expenses of the improvement, the damages ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed as shown by the report and schedule filed in the court aforesaid.

J. G. REEL,
E. E. PHILLIPS,
S. T. M'CLELLAND,
Viewers.

ASSESSMENT OF COSTS AND EXPENSES.

Total costs and expenses, $392 90.
Total cost of improvement, $392 90.

SCHEDULE.

Assessment of properties peculiarly benefited to pay total damages, costs and expenses, $392 90.

North Side—	
M. Owens (F. Owens)	$110 00
South Side—	
Second ward school board	$ 80 00
H. J. Graham	60 00
A. H. Wallace	60 00
M. A. Hutchinson	40 00
Total	$350 00
Amount assessed against the city of Allegheny, being the difference between the total amount of damages, costs and expenses of said improvement and the total amount of special or peculiar benefits.	
Brought forward	$350 00
City of Allegheny	42 90
Total	$392 90

All of which is respectfully submitted.
J. G. REEL,
E. E. PHILLIPS,
S. T. M'CLELLAND,
Viewers.

Allegheny, January 17, 1903.

IN the court of common pleas, No. 1, No. 270, December term, 1902.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the construction of a lateral sewer on Broadway, northerly side, from an unnamed street to Perrysville avenue, Fifteenth ward.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned viewers, appointed by the court of common pleas, No. 1, of Allegheny county, in the foregoing matter, filed their report of the said court on the 17th day of January, A. D. 1903, and unless exceptions thereto are filed within thirty days from said date of filing, their report will be confirmed absolutely.

Following is a schedule of the damages, costs and expenses of the improvement, the damages ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed as shown by the report and schedule filed in the court aforesaid.

CHARLES SHIELDS,
A. B. HAY,
SAMUEL M'CULLOUGH,
Viewers.

ASSESSMENT OF COST AND EXPENSES.

Total costs and expenses, $466 71.
Total costs and expenses, $466 71.

SCHEDULE.

Assessment of properties peculiarly benefited to pay total damages, costs and expenses, $466 71.

D. McGarry	$150 00
P. E. Hunter	32 50
S. Moon, heirs	33 80
G. P. Heim	33 80
H. H. Martin	33 80
North End M. E. church	67 60
S. J. Chatham	33 80
S. Moon, heirs	33 80
M. Lyons, et al	67 61
Total	$466 71
Amount assessed against the city of Allegheny, being the difference between the total amount of damages, costs and expenses of said improvement and the total amount of special or peculiar benefits.	
City of Allegheny, nothing.	

All of which is respectfully submitted.
CHARLES SHIELDS,
A. B. HAY,
SAMUEL M'CULLOUGH,
Viewers.

Allegheny, January 17, 1903.

IN the court of common pleas, No. 2, No. 669, October term, 1902.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the construction of a lateral sewer on Shady avenue, from Woods Run avenue to Davis avenue, Eleventh ward.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned viewers, appointed by the court of common pleas, No. 2, of Allegheny county, in the foregoing matter, filed their report in the said court on the 17th day of January, A. D. 1903, and unless exceptions thereto are filed within thirty days from said date of filing, their report will be confirmed absolutely.

Following is a schedule of the damages, costs and expenses of the Improvement, the damages ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed as shown by the report and schedule filed in the court aforesaid.

J. P. BINGAMAN,
S. S. GILSON,
CHAS. E. CAUGHEY,
Viewers.

ASSESSMENT OF COST AND EXPENSES.

Total costs and expenses, $4,066 39.
Total cost of improvement, $4,066 39.

SCHEDULE.

Assessment of properties peculiarly benefited to pay total damages, costs and expenses.

Total damages, costs and expenses, $4,066 39.

West Side—	
C. P. Hipley	$ 184 60
M. Geyer, heirs	61 10
Elizabeth Schwerd	122 20
C. G. Gerber et al	88 40
Louis P. Geyer	88 40
M. Geyer, heirs	71 50
Elizabeth Schwerd (A. F. Schwerd)	75 40
Chas. Geyer (A. F. Schwerd)	37 70
Chas. Geyer	37 70
Chas. Geyer	75 40
C. G. Gerber et al	75 40
M. Geyer heirs	75 40
Samuel Gass	234 00
Chas. F. Gass (John Gass)	65 00
Louisa Hondenschild	144 30
C. F. Marter	61 10
Sophia Metz	91 00
R. Millard	139 10
Christian Gass (Frederick Brown)	135 20
Wm. Brown	130 00
James Blattner	15 60
L. J. Yoder	19 50
Conrad Dietrich	10 39
East Side—	
Chas. Geyer	$ 130 00
Geyer heirs	855 40
Samuel Gass	234 00
Samuel Gass (John Gass)	65 00
Louis Hondenschild	144 30
Sophia Metz	152 10
N. B. Smythe	68 90
R. Millard	68 90
Christian Gass (Frederick Brown)	130 70
C. Gass	130 00
Jos. Gartner	19 50
Conrad Dietrich	26 00
Total	$4,066 39
Amount assessed against the city of Allegheny, being the difference between the total amount of damages, costs and expenses of said improvement and the total amount of special or peculiar benefits.	

All of which is respectfully submitted.
J. P. BINGAMAN,
S. S. GILSON,
CHAS. E. CAUGHEY,
Viewers.

Allegheny, January 17, 1903.

IN the court of common pleas, No. 3, No. 247, November term, 1902.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the construction of a main sewer on an unnamed street, from Davis avenue to Brighton road, Eleventh ward.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned viewers, appointed by the court of common pleas, No. 3, of Allegheny county, in the foregoing matter, filed their report in the said court on the 17th day of January, A. D. 1903, and unless exceptions thereto are filed within thirty days from said date of filing, the report will be confirmed absolutely.

Following is a schedule of the damages, costs and expenses of the improvement, the damages ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed as shown by the report and schedule filed in the court aforesaid.

GEO. F. LARIMER,
THOS. R. HERD,
E. E. PHILLIPS,
Viewers.

ASSESSMENT OF COST AND EXPENSES.

Total costs and expenses, $4,066 39.
Total cost of improvement, $4,066 39.

SCHEDULE.

Assessment of properties peculiarly benefited to pay total damages, costs and expenses.

Total damages, costs and expenses, $4,066 39.

West Side—	
C. P. Hipley	$ 184 60
M. Geyer, heirs	61 10
Elizabeth Schwerd	122 20
C. G. Gerber et al	88 40
Louis P. Geyer	88 40
M. Geyer, heirs	71 50
Elizabeth Schwerd (A. F. Schwerd)	75 40
Chas. Geyer (A. F. Schwerd)	37 70
Chas. Geyer	37 70
Chas. Geyer	75 40
C. G. Gerber et al	75 40
M. Geyer heirs	75 40
Samuel Gass	234 00
Chas. F. Gass (John Gass)	65 00
Louisa Hondenschild	144 30
C. F. Marter	61 10
Sophia Metz	91 00
R. Millard	139 10
Christian Gass (Frederick Brown)	135 20
Wm. Brown	130 00
James Blattner	15 60
L. J. Yoder	19 50
Conrad Dietrich	10 39
East Side—	
Chas. Geyer	$ 130 00
Geyer heirs	855 40
Samuel Gass	234 00
Samuel Gass (John Gass)	65 00
Louis Hondenschild	144 30
Sophia Metz	152 10
N. B. Smythe	68 90
R. Millard	68 90
Christian Gass (Frederick Brown)	130 70
C. Gass	130 00
Jos. Gartner	19 50
Conrad Dietrich	26 00
Total	$4,066 39
Amount assessed against the city of Allegheny, being the difference between the total amount of damages, costs and expenses of said improvement and the total amount of special or peculiar benefits.	
City of Allegheny, nothing.	

All of which is respectfully submitted.
GEO. F. LARIMER,
THOS. R. HERD,
E. E. PHILLIPS,
Viewers.

Allegheny, January 17, 1903.

IN the court of common pleas No. 3, No. 243, November term, 1902.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the construction of a lateral sewer on Davis avenue, from Rose avenue to Brighton road, Eleventh ward.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned viewers, appointed by the court of common pleas, No. 3, of Allegheny county, in the foregoing matter, filed their report in the said court on the 17th day of January, A. D. 1903, and unless exceptions thereto are filed within 30 days from said date of filing, their report will be confirmed absolutely.

Following is a schedule of the damages, costs and expenses of the improvement, the damages ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed as shown by the report and schedule filed in the court aforesaid.

GEO. F. LARIMER,
THOS. R. HERD,
E. E. PHILLIPS,
Viewers.

ASSESSMENT OF COST AND EXPENSES.

Total costs and expenses, $767 80.
Total cost of improvement, $767 80.

SCHEDULE.

Assessment of properties peculiarly benefited to pay total damages, costs and expenses.

Total damages, costs and expenses, $767 80.

None.

Amount assessed against the city of Allegheny, being the difference between the total amount of damages, costs and expenses of said improvement and the total amount of special or peculiar benefits.

City of Allegheny.....$767 80

All of which is respectfully submitted.
GEO. F. LARIMER,
THOS. R. HERD,
E. E. PHILLIPS,
Viewers.

Allegheny, January 17, 1903.

IN the court of common pleas No. 3, No. 626, November term, 1902.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the construction of a main sewer on Wickline lane, from Spring Garden avenue to Cowley street, Thirteenth ward.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned viewers, appointed by the court of common pleas No. 3 of Allegheny county in the foregoing matter, filed their report in the said court on the 17th day of January, A. D. 1903, and unless exceptions thereto are filed within 30 days from said date of filing, their report will be confirmed absolutely.

Following is a schedule of the damages, costs and expenses of the improvement, the damages ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed as shown by the report and schedule filed in the court aforesaid.

J. G. REEL,
E. E. PHILLIPS,
S. T. M'CLELLAND,
Viewers.

ASSESSMENT OF COST AND EXPENSES.

Total costs and expenses, $639 98.
Total cost of improvement, $639 98.

SCHEDULE.

Assessment of properties peculiarly benefited to pay total damages, costs and expenses.

Total damages, costs and expenses, $639 98.

South Side—	
John Walker	$583 00
North Side—	
Negley Land Company	$ 20 75
M. E. Dickson	37 05
H. B. Short	38 90
Mrs. C. E. Hamm	111 28
Total	$639 98
Amount assessed against the city of Allegheny, being the difference between the total amount of damages, costs and expenses of said improvements and the total amount of special or peculiar benefits.	
City of Allegheny, nothing.	

All of which is respectfully submitted.
J. G. REEL,
E. E. PHILLIPS,
S. T. M'CLELLAND,
Viewers.

Allegheny, January 17, 1903.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

costs and expenses of the improvement, the damages ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed, as shown by the report and schedule filed in the court aforesaid.

GEO. F. LARIMER,
THOS. R. HERD,
E. E. PHILLIPS,
Viewers.

ASSESSMENT OF COST AND EXPENSES.

Total costs and expenses, $767 80.
Total cost of improvement, $767 80.

SCHEDULE.

Assessment of properties peculiarly benefited to pay total damages, costs and expenses.

Total damages, costs and expenses, $767 80.

None.

Amount assessed against the city of Allegheny, being the difference between the total amount of damages, costs and expenses of said improvement and the total amount of special or peculiar benefits.

City of Allegheny.....$767 80

All of which is respectfully submitted.
GEO. F. LARIMER,
THOS. R. HERD,
E. E. PHILLIPS,
Viewers.

Allegheny, January 17, 1903.

IN the court of common pleas No. 3, No. 620, November term, 1902.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the construction of a lateral sewer on Termon avenue, from Atlantic avenue to Walker's line, Eleventh ward.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned viewers, appointed by the court of common pleas No. 3 of Allegheny county, in the foregoing matter, filed their report in the said court on the 17th day of January, A. D. 1903, and unless exceptions thereto are filed within 30 days from said date of filing, their report will be confirmed absolutely.

Following is a schedule of the damages, costs and expenses of the improvement, the damages ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed as shown by the report and schedule filed in the court aforesaid.

J. G. REEL,
E. E. PHILLIPS,
S. T. M'CLELLAND,
Viewers.

ASSESSMENT OF COST AND EXPENSES.

Total costs and expenses, $5,781 67.
Total cost of improvement, $5,781 67.

SCHEDULE.

Assessment of properties peculiarly benefited to pay total damages, costs and expenses.

Total damages, costs and expenses, $5,781 67.

South Side—	
Lillie M. Fearnley	$ 35 80
Wm. Waters	85 02
S. P. Harbison (Koch)	293 56
S. P. Harbison	124 28
S. P. Harbison	1,428 42
A. E. Schwerd	175 42
Michael Geyer, heirs	179 00
North Side—	
Anna Wilhelm	$ 89 50
Anna Wilhelm (N. S. Snyder)	196 90
Elizabeth Koch	1,002 40
John Walker	1,704 08
Nannie S. Cooper	456 42
Total	$5,781 67
Amount assessed against the city of Allegheny, being the difference between the total amount of damages, costs and expenses of said improvement and the total amount of special or peculiar benefits.	
City of Allegheny, nothing.	

All of which is respectfully submitted.
GEO. F. LARIMER,
THOS. R. HERD,
E. E. PHILLIPS,
Viewers.

Allegheny, January 17, 1903.

IN the court of common pleas No. 3, No. 626, November term, 1902.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the construction of a main sewer on Wickline lane, from Spring Garden avenue to Cowley street, Thirteenth ward.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned viewers, appointed by the court of common pleas No. 3 of Allegheny county in the foregoing matter, filed their report in the said court on the 17th day of January, A. D. 1903, and unless exceptions thereto are filed within 30 days from said date of filing, their report will be confirmed absolutely.

Following is a schedule of the damages, costs and expenses of the improvement, the damages ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed as shown by the report and schedule filed in the court aforesaid.

J. G. REEL,
E. E. PHILLIPS,
S. T. M'CLELLAND,
Viewers.

ASSESSMENT OF COST AND EXPENSES.

Total costs and expenses, $639 98.
Total cost of improvement, $639 98.

SCHEDULE.

Assessment of properties peculiarly benefited to pay total damages, costs and expenses.

Total damages, costs and expenses, $639 98.

South Side—	
John Walker	$583 00
North Side—	
Negley Land Company	$ 20 75
M. E. Dickson	37 05
H. B. Short	38 90
Mrs. C. E. Hamm	111 28
Total	$639 98
Amount assessed against the city of Allegheny, being the difference between the total amount of damages, costs and expenses of said improvements and the total amount of special or peculiar benefits.	
City of Allegheny, nothing.	

All of which is respectfully submitted.
J. G. REEL,
E. E. PHILLIPS,
S. T. M'CLELLAND,
Viewers.

Allegheny, January 17, 1903.